

Linear Guideway



The Characteristics of *PMI* Linear Guideways

High positioning accuracy, high repeatability

The *PMI* linear guideway is a design of rolling motion with a low friction coefficient, and the difference between dynamic and static friction is very small. Therefore, the stick-slip will not occur when submicron feeding is making.

Low frictional resistance, high precision maintained for long period

The frictional resistance of a linear guideway is only 1/20th to 1/40th of that in a slide guide. With a linear guideway, a well lubrication can be easily achieved by supplying grease through the grease nipple on carriage or utilizing a centralized oil pumping system, thus the frictional resistance is decreased and the accuracy could be maintained for long period.

High rigidity with four-way load design

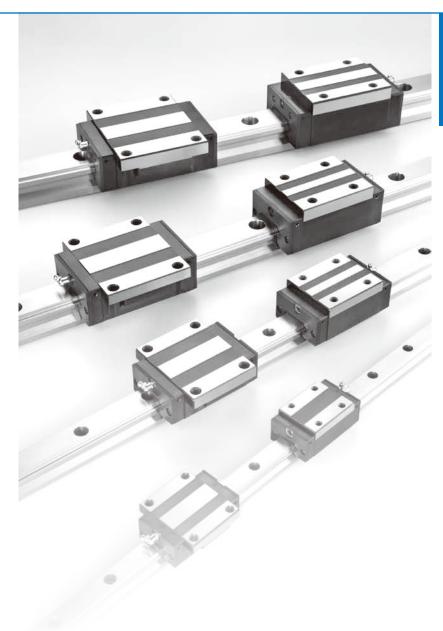
The optimum design of geometric mechanics makes the linear guideway to bear the load in all four directions, radial, reversed radial, and two lateral directions. Furthermore, the rigidity of linear guideway could be easily achieved by preloading carriage and by adding the number of carriages.

Suitable for high speed operation

Due to the characteristic of low frictional resistance, the required driving force is much lower than in other systems, thus the power consumption is small. Moreover, the temperature rising effect is small even under high speed operation.

Easy installation with interchangeability

Compared with the high-skill required scrapping process of conventional slide guide, the linear guideway can offer high precision even if the mounting surface is machined by milling or grinding. Moreover the interchangeability of linear guideway gives a convenience for installation and future maintenance.



The Classification Chart of PMI **Linear Guideways**

Туре		Model	Characteristics	Major Application	
	MSA-A MSA-LA				
Full Ball, Heavy Load Type	MSA-E MSA-LE		 Heavy Load, High Rigidity Self Alignment Capability Smooth Movement Low Noise Interchangeability 	Machine Center NC Lathe XYZ Axes of Heavy Cutting Machine Tools Grinding Head Feeding Axis of Grinding Machines Milling Machine Z Axis of Boring Machine and Machine Tools EDM Z Axis of Industrial Machine Measuring Equipment Precision XY Table Welding Machine Binding Machine Auto Packing Machine	
	MSA-S MSA-LS				
Full Ball,	MSB-TE MSB-E		Compact, High Load Self Alignment Capability Smooth Movement		
Compact Type	MSB-TS MSB-S		Low Noise Interchangeability		
Full Ball, Wide Rail Type	MSG-E		 Heavy Load, High Rigidity Self Alignment Capability Smooth Movement 	Machine Center Auto Packing Machine Binding Machine Laser Cutting Machine	
	MSG-S		Low Noise Interchangeability		

Туре		Model	Characteristics	Major Application
Full Ball,	MSC		Ultra Compact Smooth Movement Low Noise	IC/LSI Manufacturing Machine Hard Disc Drive Slide Unit of OA Equipment
Miniature Type	MSD		Ball Retainer Interchangeability	Wafer Transfer Equipment Printed Circuit Board Assembly Table Medical Equipment Inspection Equipment
Full Ball, Cross Linear Guideway	MSH-LS		Four-way Equal Load High Rigidity	Swiss-type Lathe Biaxial operation of the machine
Full Roller, Heavy Load Type	MSR-E MSR-LE		 Ultra Heavy Load Ultra High Rigidity Smooth Movement 	Machine Center NC Lathe Grinding Machine Five Axes Milling Machine Jig Borer
	MSR-S MSR-LS		Smooth Movement Low Noise Good lubricant Eect	Drilling Machine Horizontal Milling Machine Mold Processing Machine EDM

Туре		Model	Characteristics	Major Application	
Full Roller Chain Type	SMR-E SMR-LE SMR-S		 Ultra Heavy Load Ultra High Rigidity Roller Chain Design Smooth Movement Low Noise 	Machine Center NC Lathe Grinding Machine Five Axes Milling Machine Jig Borer Drilling Machine Horizontal Milling Machine	
	SMR-LS		Good Lubricant Eect	Mold Processing Machine EDM	
Ball Chain Type	SME-E SME-LE		Heavy Load, High RigiditySelf Alignment Capability	Machine Center NC Lathe XYZ Axes of Heavy Cutting Machine Tools Grinding Head Feeding Axis of Grinding Machines Milling Machine	
	SME-S SME-LS		 Ball Chain Design Smooth Movement Low Noise, Good Lubricant Eect Interchangeability 	Z Axis of Boring Machine and Machine Tools EDM Z Axis of Industrial Machine Measuring Equipment Precision XY Table Welding Machine Binding Machine Auto Packing Machine	
Ball Chain Heavy Load Type	SMA-A		 High Rigidity, Four-Way Equal Load Self Alignment Capability Interchangeability MSA And SMA Use One Rail At The 	Machine Center NC Lathe XYZ Axes of Heavy Cutting Machine Tools Grinding Head Feeding Axis of Grinding Machines Milling Machine Z Axis of Boring Machine and Machine Tools	
	SMA-E		Same Time • Smooth Movement, Ball Chain Type Design • Good Lubricant Effect	EDM Z Axis of Industrial Machine Measuring Equipment Precision XY Table Welding Machine Binding Machine Auto Packing Machine	

Туре		Model	Characteristics	Major Application
Ball Chain Heavy Load Type	SMA-S		 High Rigidity, Four-Way Equal Load Self Alignment Capability Interchangeability MSA And SMA Use One Rail At The Same Time Smooth Movement, Ball Chain Type Design Good Lubricant Effect 	Machine Center NC Lathe XYZ Axes of Heavy Cutting Machine Tools Grinding Head Feeding Axis of Grinding Machines Milling Machine
Ball Chain Compact Type	SMB-E		 Compact, Four-Way Equal Load Self Alignment Capability Interchangeability MSB And SMB Use One Rail At The 	Z Axis of Boring Machine and Machine Tools EDM Z Axis of Industrial Machine Measuring Equipment Precision XY Table Welding Machine
	SMB-S		Same Time • Smooth Movement, Ball Chain Type Design • Good Lubricant Effect	Binding Machine Auto Packing Machine
Ball Chain, Cross Linear Guideway	SMH-LS		 Four-way Equal Load Ball Chain Design, Smooth Movement Good Lubricant Eect High Rigidity 	Swiss-type Lathe Biaxial Operation of the Machine

The Procedure of Select Linear Guideway

Load Rating and Service Life of Linear Guideway

Identify the Parameters for calculating load on the linear guideway operating conditions · Space available for installation span, No. of carriages, No. of rails change • Size (span, No. of carriages, No. of rails) • Installation position (horizontal, vertical, tilted, or wall-· Magnitude, direction, and location of imposed long frequency of use (duty cycle) · Stroke length · Moving speed, acceleration · Required service life, and accuracy · Operating environment Select proper type and size Select type Type or size changed (If applied with ballscrew, the size of guideway should be similar to diameter of ballscrew.) Calculate the load applied on each carriage Calculate the applied load Calculate the Convert the load of carriage exerts in each direction equivalent load into equivalent load Calculate the static The safety factor verified by basic static load rating and safety factor max equivalent load NO Verification of safety factor YES Averaging the applied loads that fluctuate during Calculate mean load operation and convert them into mean load Using the service-life equation to calculate the running Calculate nominal life distance or hours NO Does the calculated value satisfy the required service life YES **Identify** stiffness · Select preload · Determine the fastening methods · Determine the rigidity of fastened area Identify accuracy Select accuracy grade • Identify the precision of mounting surface Lubrication and • Types of lubrication (grease, oil, special lubrication) dust protection Method of lubrication (periodic or forced lubrication) · Dust prevention design.

Completion

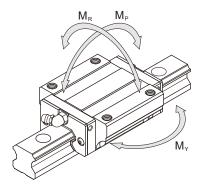
To obtain a model which is most suitable for your service conditions of the linear guideway system, the load capacity and service life of the model must be taken into consideration. To verify the static load capacity, the basic static load rating ($C\theta$) is taken to obtain the static safety factor. The service life can be obtained by calculating the nominal life based on basic dynamic load rating. As the raceways or rolling elements are subjected repeated stresses, the service life of a linear guideway is defined as the total running distance that the linear guideway travel until flaking occurs.

Basic Static Load Rating (C_0)

A localized permanent deformation will develop between raceways and rolling elements when a linear guideway receives an excessive load or a large impact. If the magnitude of the deformation exceeds a certain limit, it could obstruct the smooth motion of the linear guideway. The basic static load rating (C_0) refers to a static load in a given direction with a specific magnitude applied at the contact area under the most stress where the sum of permanent deformation develops between the raceway and rolling elements is 0.0001 times of the diameter of rolling ball. Therefore, the basic static load rating sets a limit on the static permissible load.

Static Permissible Moment (M_0)

When a moment is applied to a linear guideway, the rolling balls on both ends will receive the most stress among the stress distribution over the rolling elements in the system. The static permissible moment (M_0) refers to a static moment in a given direction with specific magnitude applied at the contact area under the most stress where the sum of permanent deformation develops between the raceway and rolling elements is 0.0001 times the diameter of rolling elements. Therefore, the static permissible moment sets a limit on the static moment. In linear guideway system, the static permissible moment is defined as M_P , M_R , three directions. See the figure below.



Static Safety Factor (f_s)

Due to the impact and vibration while the guideway at rest or moving, or the inertia from start and stop, the linear guideway may encounter with an unexpected external force. Therefore, the safety factor should be taken into consideration for effects of such operating loads. The static safety factor (f_s) is a ratio of the basic static load rating (C_0) to the calculated working load. The static safety factor for different kinds of application is shown as Table.

$$f_s = \frac{C_0}{P}$$
 or $f_s = \frac{M_0}{M}$

f_s Static safety factor

 C_0 Basic static load rating (N)

 M_0 Static permissible moment $(N \cdot m)$

Calculated working load (N)

M Calculated moment $(N \cdot m)$

Machine Type	Load Condition	fs (Lower limit)
Regular industrial	Normal loading condition	1.0 ~ 1.3
machine	With impact and vibration	2.0 ~ 3.0
	Normal loading condition	1.0 ~ 1.5
Machine tool	With impact and vibration	2.5 ~ 7.0

Standard value of static safety factor

Basic Dynamic Load Rating (C)

Even when identical linear guideways in a group are manufactured in the same way or applied under the same condition, the service life may be varied. Thus, the service life is used as an indicator for determining the service life of a linear guideway system. The nominal life (L) is defined as the total running distance that 90% of identical linear guideways in a group, when they are applied under the same conditions, can work without developing flaking. The basic dynamic load rating (C) can be used to calculate the service life when linear guideway system response to a load. The basic dynamic load rating (C) is defined as a load in a given direction and with a given magnitude that when a group of linear guideways operate under the same conditions. As the rolling element is ball, the nominal life of the linear guideway is 50 km. Moreover, as the rolling element is roller, the nominal life is 100 km.

Calculation of Nominal Life (L)

The nominal life of a linear guideway can be affected by the actual working load. The nominal life can be calculated base on selected basic dynamic load rating and actual working load. The nominal life of linear guideway system could be influenced widely by environmental factors such like hardness of raceway, environmental temperature, motion conditions, thus these factors should be considered for calculation of nominal life.

Ball
$$L = \left(\frac{f_H \times f_T}{f_W} \times \frac{C}{P}\right)^3 \times 50$$

Ball
$$L = \left(\frac{f_H \times f_T}{f_W} \times \frac{C}{P}\right)^3 \times 50$$

Roller $L = \left(\frac{f_H \times f_T}{f_W} \times \frac{C}{P}\right)^3 \times 100$

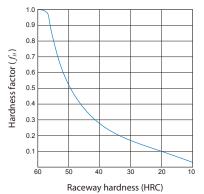
$$f_H$$
 Hardness factor

$$f_T$$
 Temperature factor

$$f_W$$
 Load factor

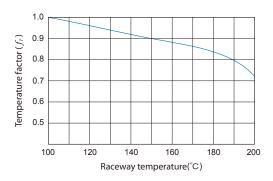
Hardness factor f_H

In order to ensure the optimum load capacity of linear guideway system, the hardness of raceway must be HRC58~64. If the hardness is lower than this range, the permissible load and nominal life will be decreased. For this reason, the basic dynamic load rating and the basic static load rating should be multiplied by hardness factor for rating calculation. See figure below. The hardness requirement of PMI linear guideway(in addition to miniature type) is above HRC58~62, thus the f_H =1.0.



Temperature factor f_T

When operating temperature higher than 100° C, the nominal life will be degraded. Therefore, the basic dynamic and static load rating should be multiplied by temperature factor for rating calculation. See figure below. The assemble parts of *PMI* guideway are made of plastic and rubber, therefore, the operating temperature below 100° C is strongly recommend. For special need, please contact us.



Load factor fw

Although the working load of liner guideway system can be obtained by calculation, the actual load is mostly higher than calculated value. This is because the vibration and impact, caused by mechanical reciprocal motion, are difficult to be estimated. This is especially true when the vibration from high speed operation and the impact from repeated start and stop. Therefore, for consideration of speed and vibration, the basic dynamic load rating should be divided by the empirical load factor. See the table below.

Motion Condition	Operating Speed	f_W
No impact & vibration	V≦15 <i>m/min</i>	1.0~1.2
Slight impact & vibration	15 < V ≦ 60 <i>m/min</i>	1.2~1.5
Moderate impact & vibration	60 < V ≦ 120 <i>m/min</i>	1.5~2.0
Strong impact & vibration	V≧ 120 <i>m/min</i>	2.0~3.5

Calculation of Service Life in Time (L_h)

When the nominal life (L) is obtained, the service life in hours can be calculated by using the following equation when stroke length and reciprocating cycles are constant.

$$L_h = \frac{L \times 10^3}{2 \times l_S \times n_1 \times 60}$$

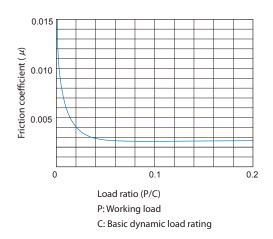
- C_h Service life in hours (hr)
- L Nominal life (km)
- l_s Stroke length (m)
- n_1 No. of reciprocating cycles per minute (min^{-1})

Friction Coefficient

A linear guideway manipulates linear motion by rolling elements between the rail and the carriage. In which type of motion, the frictional resistance of linear guideway can be reduced to 1/20th to 1/40th of that in a slide guide. This is especially true in static friction which is much smaller than that in other systems. Moreover, the difference between static and dynamic friction is very little, so that the stick-slip situation does not occur. As such low friction, the submicron feeding can be carried out. The frictional resistance of a linear guideway system can be varied with the magnitude of load and preload, the viscosity resistance of lubricant, and other factors. The frictional resistance can be calculated by the following equation base on working load and seals resistance. Generally, the friction coefficient will be different from series to series, the friction coefficient of ball type is 0.002~0.003 (without considering the seal resistance) and the roller type is 0.001~0.002(without considering the seal resistance)

 $F = \mu \times P + f$

- F Frictional resistance (kgf)
- μ Dynamic friction coefficient
- P Working load (kgf)
- f Seal resistance (kgf)



Relationship between working load and friction coefficient

Calculation of Working Load

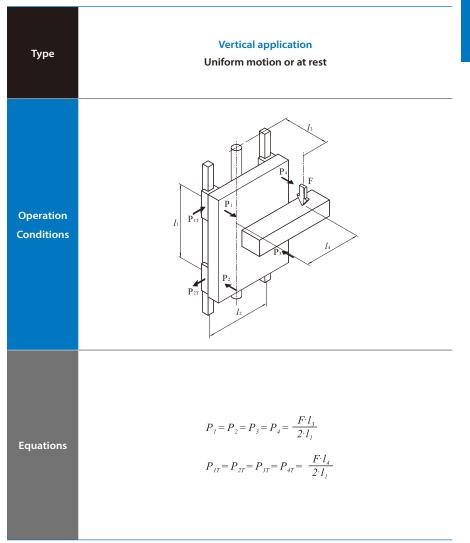
The load applied to a linear guideway system could be varied with several factors such as the location of the center gravity of an object, the location of the thrust, and the inertial forces due to acceleration and deceleration during starting and stopping.

To select a correct linear guideway system, the above conditions must be considered for determining the magnitude of applied load.

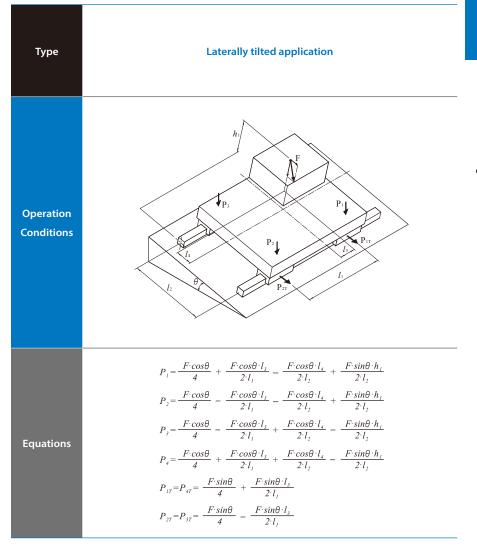
Examples for calculating working load

Type	Horizontal application Uniform motion or at rest
Operation Conditions	P_1 P_2 P_3 P_4 P_4 P_4 P_4 P_4
Equations	$P_{I} = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{F \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}} - \frac{F \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{2}}$ $P_{2} = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{F \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}} - \frac{F \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{2}}$ $P_{3} = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{F \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}} + \frac{F \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{2}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{F \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}} + \frac{F \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{2}}$

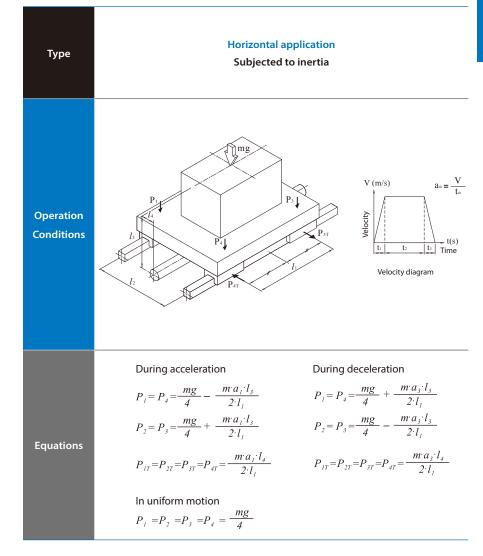
Туре	Overhung horizontal application Uniform motion or at rest
Operation Conditions	P ₁ P ₂ P ₃ P ₄ P ₄ P ₅ P ₄ P ₅ P ₇
Equations	$P_{I} = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{F \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}} + \frac{F \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{2}}$ $P_{2} = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{F \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}} + \frac{F \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{2}}$ $P_{3} = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{F \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}} - \frac{F \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{2}}$ $P_{4} = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{F \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}} - \frac{F \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{2}}$



Туре	Wall installation application Uniform motion or at rest
Operation Conditions	P_{17} P_{27} P_{2} P_{3} P_{3}
Equations	$P_{I} = P_{2} = P_{3} = P_{4} = \frac{F \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{2}}$ $P_{IT} = P_{4T} = \frac{F}{4} + \frac{F \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}}$ $P_{2T} = P_{3T} = \frac{F}{4} - \frac{F \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}}$



Туре	Longitudinally tilted application
Operation Conditions	P_1 P_2 P_3 P_4
Equations	$\begin{split} P_{I} &= \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta}{4} + \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}} - \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{2}} + \frac{F \cdot \sin\theta \cdot h_{I}}{2 \cdot l_{I}} \\ P_{2} &= \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta}{4} - \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}} - \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{2}} - \frac{F \cdot \sin\theta \cdot h_{I}}{2 \cdot l_{I}} \\ P_{3} &= \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta}{4} - \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}} + \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{2}} - \frac{F \cdot \sin\theta \cdot h_{I}}{2 \cdot l_{I}} \\ P_{4} &= \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta}{4} + \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}} + \frac{F \cdot \cos\theta \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{2}} + \frac{F \cdot \sin\theta \cdot h_{I}}{2 \cdot l_{I}} \\ P_{IT} &= P_{4T} = + \frac{F \cdot \sin\theta \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{I}} \\ P_{2T} &= P_{3T} = -\frac{F \cdot \sin\theta \cdot l_{4}}{2 \cdot l_{I}} \end{split}$



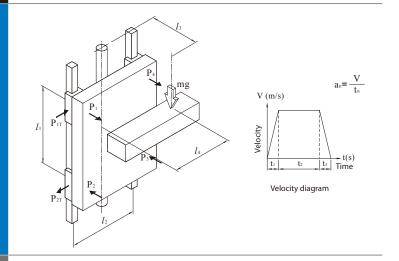
Calculation of the Equivalent Load

Type

Vertical application

Subjected to inertia

Operation Conditions



During deceleration

Equations

During acceleration

$$P_{1} = P_{2} = P_{3} = P_{4} = \frac{m \cdot (g + a_{1}) \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}}$$

$$P_{1} = P_{2} = P_{3} = P_{4} = \frac{m \cdot (g - a_{3}) \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}}$$

$$P_{1T} = P_{2T} = P_{3T} = P_{4T} = \frac{m \cdot (g + a_1) \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_1} \qquad P_{1T} = P_{2T} = P_{3T} = P_{4T} = \frac{m \cdot (g - a_3) \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_1}$$

$$m \cdot (g+a_1) \cdot l_4$$

$$P_{1T} = P_{2T} = P_{3T} = P_{4T} = \frac{m \cdot (g + a_1) \cdot a_2}{2 \cdot l_1}$$

In uniform motion

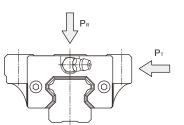
$$P_{1} = P_{2} = P_{3} = P_{4} = \frac{m \cdot g \cdot l_{3}}{2 \cdot l_{1}}$$

$$P_{IT} = P_{2T} = P_{3T} = P_{4T} = \frac{m \cdot g \cdot l_4}{2 \cdot l_1}$$

The linear guideway system can take up loads and moments in all four directions those are radial load, reverse-radial load, and lateral load simultaneously. When more than one load is exerted on linear guideway system simultaneously, all loads could be converted into radial or lateral equivalent load for calculating service life and static safety factor. PMI linear guideway has four-way equal load design. The calculation of equivalent load for the use of two or more linear guideways is shown as below.

$$P_{E} = \left| P_{R} \right| + \left| P_{T} \right|$$

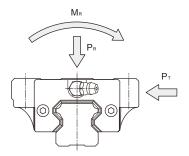
- P_E Equivalent load (N)
- P_R Radial or reverse-radial load (N)
- P_T Lateral load (N)



For the case of mono rail, the moment effect should be considered. The equation is:

$$P_{E} = \left| P_{R} \right| + \left| P_{T} \right| + C_{0} \cdot \frac{\left| M \right|}{M_{R}}$$

- P_{E} Equivalent load (N)
- Radial or reverse-radial load (N)
- Lateral load (N)
- C_0 Basic static load rating (N)
- Calculated moment $(N \cdot m)$
- M_R Permissible static moment $(N \cdot m)$



The Calculation of the Mean Load

When a linear guideway system receives varying loads, the service life could be calculated in consideration of varying loads of the host-system operation conditions. The mean load (Pm) is the load that the service life is equivalent to the system which under the varying load conditions. The equation of mean load is:

$$P_m = \sqrt[e]{\frac{1}{L} \cdot \sum_{n=1}^{n} (P_n^e \cdot L_n)}$$

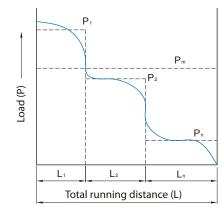
- P_m Mean load (N)
- Varying load (N)
- Total running distance (mm)
- Running distance under load P_n (mm)
- Exponent (Ball type:3, Roller type:10/3)

Examples for calculating mean load

Types of Varying Load

Calculation of Mean Load

Loads that change stepwise



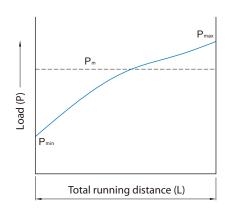
$$P_{m} = e \sqrt{\frac{1}{L} \left(P_{1}^{e} \cdot L_{1} + P_{2}^{e} \cdot L_{2} \cdot \dots + P_{n}^{e} \cdot L_{n} \right)}$$

- P_m Mean load (N)
- P_n Varying load (N)
- Total running distance (mm)
- L_n Running distance under load P_n (mm)



Calculation of Mean Load

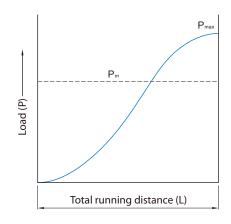
Loads that change monotonously

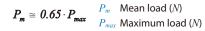


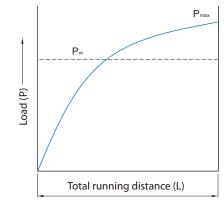
$$P_{m} \cong rac{1}{3}ig(P_{min} + 2 \cdot P_{max}ig)$$

- P_m Mean load (N)
- P_{min} Minimum load (N)
- P_{max} Maximum load (N)

Loads that change sinusoidally







$$P_m \cong 0.75 \cdot P_{max}$$
 P_m Mean load (N) P_{max} Maximum load (N)

Calculation Example

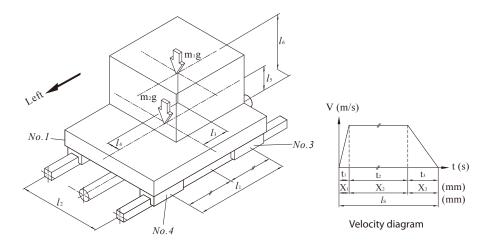
Operation conditions

Modle MSA35LA2SSFC + R2520-20/20 P II

Basic dynamic load rating : C = 63.6 kN

Basic static load rating : $C_0 = 100.6 \text{ kN}$

Mass	$m_1 = 700 \text{ kg}$ $m_2 = 450 \text{ kg}$	Stroke	$I_s = 1500 \text{ mm}$
Velocity	V = 0.75 m/s	Distance	$I_1 = 650 \text{ mm}$ $I_2 = 450 \text{ mm}$ $I_3 = 135 \text{ mm}$
Time	$t_1 = 0.05 \text{ s}$ $t_2 = 1.9 \text{ s}$ $t_3 = 0.15 \text{ s}$		$I_4 = 60 \text{ mm}$ $I_5 = 175 \text{ mm}$ $I_6 = 400 \text{ mm}$
Acceleration	$a_1 = 15 \text{ m/s}^2$ $a_3 = 5 \text{ m/s}^2$		



Calculate the load that each carriage exerts

Uniform motion, Radial load P_n

$$P_{l} = \frac{m_{l}g}{4} - \frac{m_{l}g \cdot l_{3}}{2l_{l}} + \frac{m_{l}g \cdot l_{4}}{2l_{2}} + \frac{m_{2}g}{4}$$

$$= 2562.4 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{2} = \frac{m_{l}g}{4} + \frac{m_{l}g \cdot l_{3}}{2l_{l}} - \frac{m_{l}g \cdot l_{4}}{2l_{2}} + \frac{m_{2}g}{4}$$

$$= 3987.2 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{3} = \frac{m_{l}g}{4} + \frac{m_{l}g \cdot l_{3}}{2l_{l}} - \frac{m_{l}g \cdot l_{4}}{2l_{2}} + \frac{m_{2}g}{4}$$

$$= 3072.6 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{4} = \frac{m_{l}g}{4} - \frac{m_{l}g \cdot l_{3}}{2l_{l}} - \frac{m_{l}g \cdot l_{4}}{2l_{2}} + \frac{m_{2}g}{4}$$

$$= 1647.8 \text{ N}$$

During acceleration to the left, Radial load $P_n la_n$

$$P_{1}la_{1} = P_{1} - \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} - \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= -1577 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{2}la_{1} = P_{2} + \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} + \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= 8126.6 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{3}la_{1} = P_{3} + \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} + \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= 7212 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{4}la_{1} = P_{4} - \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} - \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= -2491.6 \text{ N}$$

Lateral load $Pt_n la_1$

$$Pt_1 la_1 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -484.6 \text{ N}$$
 $Pt_3 la_1 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 484.6 \text{ N}$ $Pt_2 la_1 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 484.6 \text{ N}$ $Pt_4 la_1 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -484.6 \text{ N}$

During deceleration to the left, Radial load $P_n la$,

$$P_{1}la_{3} = P_{1} + \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} + \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= 3942.2 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{2}la_{3} = P_{2} - \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} - \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= 2607.4 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{3}la_{3} = P_{3} - \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} - \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= 1692.8 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{4}la_{3} = P_{4} + \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} + \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= 3027.6 \text{ N}$$

Lateral load Pt,la3

$$Pt_1 la_3 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 161.5 \text{ N}$$
 $Pt_3 la_3 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -161.5 \text{ N}$ $Pt_2 la_3 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -161.5 \text{ N}$ $Pt_4 la_3 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 161.5 \text{ N}$

During acceleration to the right, Radial load $P_n ra_n$

$$P_{1}ra_{1} = P_{1} + \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} + \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= 6701.8 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{2}ra_{1} = P_{2} - \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} - \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= -152.2 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{3}ra_{1} = P_{3} - \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} - \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= -1066.8 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{4}ra_{1} = P_{4} + \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} + \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{1} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= 5787.2 \text{ N}$$

Lateral load Pt,la

$$Pt_1 ra_1 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 484.6 \text{ N}$$
 $Pt_3 ra_1 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -484.6 \text{ N}$ $Pt_2 ra_1 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -484.6 \text{ N}$ $Pt_4 ra_1 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_1 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 484.6 \text{ N}$

During deceleration to the right, Radial load $P_n ra$,

$$P_{1}ra_{3} = P_{1} - \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} - \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= 1182.6 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{2}ra_{3} = P_{2} + \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} + \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= 4452.4 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{2}ra_{3} = P_{2} + \frac{m_{1} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{6}}{2l_{1}} + \frac{m_{2} \cdot a_{3} \cdot l_{5}}{2l_{1}}$$

$$= 5367 \text{ N}$$

$$= 268 \text{ N}$$

Lateral load Pt,ra

$$Pt_1 ra_3 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -161.5 \text{ N}$$
 $Pt_3 ra_3 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 161.5 \text{ N}$ $Pt_2 ra_3 = \frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = 161.5 \text{ N}$ $Pt_4 ra_3 = -\frac{m_1 \cdot a_3 \cdot l_4}{2l_1} = -161.5 \text{ N}$

Calculate equivalent load

In uniform motion

$$P_{E1} = P_1 = 2562.4 \text{ N}$$
 $P_{E3} = P_3 = 3072.6 \text{ N}$ $P_{E7} = P_2 = 3987.2 \text{ N}$ $P_{E4} = P_4 = 1647.8 \text{ N}$

During acceleration to the left

$$P_{E_1}la_1 = |P_1la_1| + |Pt_1la_1| = 2061.6 \text{ N}$$
 $P_{E_3}la_1 = |P_3la_1| + |Pt_3la_1| = 7696.6 \text{ N}$ $P_{E_3}la_1 = |P_2la_1| + |Pt_2la_1| = 8611.2 \text{ N}$ $P_{E_4}la_1 = |P_4la_1| + |Pt_4la_1| = 2976.2 \text{ N}$

During deceleration to the left

$$P_{E_1}la_3 = |P_1la_3| + |Pt_1la_3| = 4103.7 \text{ N}$$
 $P_{E_3}la_3 = |P_3la_3| + |Pt_3la_3| = 1854.3 \text{ N}$
 $P_{E_3}la_3 = |P_2la_3| + |Pt_3la_3| = 2768.9 \text{ N}$ $P_{E_4}la_3 = |P_4la_3| + |Pt_4la_3| = 3189.1 \text{ N}$

During acceleration to the right

$$P_{E1}ra_1 = |P_1ra_1| + |Pt_1ra_1| = 7186.4 \text{ N}$$
 $P_{E3}ra_1 = |P_3ra_1| + |Pt_3ra_1| = 1551.4 \text{ N}$ $P_{E2}ra_1 = |P_2ra_1| + |Pt_2ra_1| = 636.8 \text{ N}$ $P_{E4}ra_1 = |P_4ra_1| + |Pt_4ra_1| = 6271.8 \text{ N}$

During deceleration to the right

$$P_{E_1}ra_3 = |P_1ra_3| + |Pt_1ra_3| = 1344.1 \text{ N}$$
 $P_{E_3}ra_3 = |P_3ra_3| + |Pt_3ra_3| = 4613.9 \text{ N}$ $P_{E_7}ra_3 = |P_2ra_3| + |Pt_2ra_3| = 5528.5 \text{ N}$ $P_{E_4}ra_3 = |P_4ra_3| + |Pt_4ra_3| = 429.5 \text{ N}$

Calculation of static factor

From above, the maximum load is exerted on carriage No.2 when during acceleration of the 2nd linear guideway to the left.

$$fs = \frac{C_O}{P_{E2}la_1} = \frac{100.6 \times 10^3}{8611.2} = 11.7$$

Calculate the mean load on each carriage P_{mn}

$$P_{m1} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{\left(P_{E1}la_{1}^{3} \cdot X_{1} + P_{E1}^{3} \cdot X_{2} + P_{E1}la_{3}^{3} \cdot X_{3} + P_{E1}ra_{1}^{3} \cdot X_{1} + P_{E1}^{3} \cdot X_{2} + P_{E1}ra_{3}^{3} \cdot X_{3}\right)}{2l_{S}}} = 2700.7 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{m2} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{\left(P_{E2}la_1^3 \cdot X_1 + P_{E2}^3 \cdot X_2 + P_{E2}la_3^3 \cdot X_3 + P_{E2}ra_1^3 \cdot X_1 + P_{E2}^3 \cdot X_2 + P_{E2}ra_3^3 \cdot X_3\right)}{2l_S}} = 4077.2 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{m3} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{\left(P_{E3}la_1^3 \cdot X_1 + P_{E3}^3 \cdot X_2 + P_{E3}la_3^3 \cdot X_3 + P_{E3}ra_1^3 \cdot X_1 + P_{E3}^3 \cdot X_2 + P_{E3}ra_3^3 \cdot X_3\right)}{2l_S}} = 3187.7 \text{ N}$$

$$P_{m4} = \sqrt[3]{\frac{\left(P_{E4}la_1^3 \cdot X_1 + P_{E4}^3 \cdot X_2 + P_{E4}la_3^3 \cdot X_3 + P_{E4}ra_1^3 \cdot X_1 + P_{E4}^3 \cdot X_2 + P_{E4}ra_3^3 \cdot X_3\right)}{2l_S}} = 1872.6 \text{ N}$$

Calculation of nominal life L_n

Base on the equation of the nominal life, we assume the f_W = 1.5 and the result is as below:

$$L_1 = \left(\frac{C}{f_W \cdot P_{m1}}\right)^3 \times 50 = 193500 \text{ km}$$
 $L_3 = \left(\frac{C}{f_W \cdot P_{m3}}\right)^3 \times 50 = 117700 \text{ km}$

$$L_2 = \left(\frac{C}{f_W \cdot P_{m2}}\right)^3 \times 50 = 56231 \text{ km}$$
 $L_4 = \left(\frac{C}{f_W \cdot P_{m4}}\right)^3 \times 50 = 580400 \text{ km}$

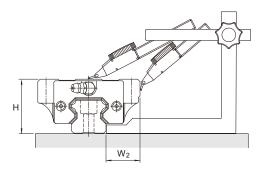
From these calculations and under the operating conditions specified as above, the 56231 km running distance as service life of carriage No.2 is obtained.

Accuracy Standard

The accuracy of linear guideway includes the dimensional tolerance of height, width, and the running accuracy of the carriage on the rail. The standard of the dimension difference is built for two or more carriages on a rail or a number of rails are used on the same plane. The accuracy of linear guideway is divided into 5 classes, normal grade (N), high precision (H), precision (P), super precision (SP), and ultra precision (UP).

Running parallelism

The running accuracy is the deviation of parallelism between the reference surface of carriage and reference surface of rail when carriage moving over the entire length of rail.



Height difference (ΔH)

The height difference (ΔH) means the height difference among carriages installed on the same plane.

Width difference (ΔW2)

The width difference (Δ W2) means the width difference among carriages installed on a rail.

Note: When two or more linear guideways are used on the same plane, the tolerance of W2 and difference of Δ W2 is applicable to master rail only.

Note: The accuracy is measured at the center or central area of carriage.

Note: The rail is smoothly curved so that the required accuracy is easily achieved by pressing the rail to the reference surface of the machine. If it is mounted on a less rigid base such as an aluminum base, the curve of the rail will affect the accuracy of the machine. Therefore, it is necessary to define straightness of the rail in advance.

The Selection of Accuracy Grade

The accuracy grade for different applications shown as table below.

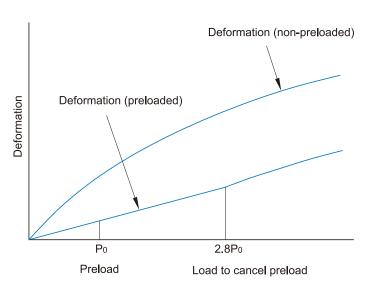
		Accuracy Grade				
Sort	Application	N	н	Р	SP	UP
	Machining center			•	•	
	Lathe			•	•	
	Milling machine			•	•	
	Boring machine			•	•	
	Jig borer				•	•
	Grinding machine				•	•
Machine Tool	Electric discharge machine			•	•	•
lachir	Punching press		•	•		
2	Laser-beam machine		•	•	•	
	Woodworking machine	•	•	•		
	NC drilling machine		•	•		
	Tapping center		•	•		
	Pallet changer	•				
	ATC	•				
	Wire cutter			•	•	
	Dresser				•	•

LINEAR GUIDEWAY

Calculation of the Equivalent Load

Accuracy Grade Sort **Application** Ν SP UP Cartesian coordinate robot Cylindrical coordinate robot Wire bonder Prober Semiconductor Manufacturing Electroniccomponent inserter Printed-circuitboard drilling machine Injection-molding machine 3D measuring instrument Office equipment Transfer equipment XY table Painting machine • Welding machine Medical equipment Digitizer Inspection equipment

The rigidity of a linear guideway could be enhanced by increasing the preload. As shown as below figure, the load could be raised up to 2.8 times the preload applied. The preload is represented by negative clearance resulting from the increase of rolling element diameter. Therefore, the preload should be considered in calculation service life.



The Selection of Preload

Selecting proper preload from table below to adapt the specific application and condition.

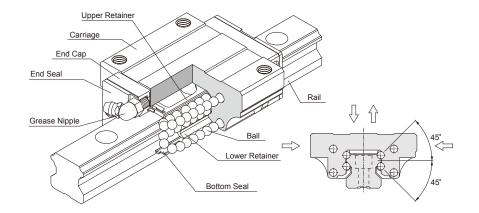
Preload grade	Fitted condition	Application examples
Clearance (FZ)	 The loading direction is fixed, vibration and impact are light, and two axes are applied in parallel. High precision is not required, and the low frictional resistance is need. 	Semiconductor facilities, medical equipment, stage systems, press machine, welding machine, industrial robot, and other small sliding systems.
Light preload (FC)	 The loading direction is fixed, vibration and impact are light, and two axes are applied in parallel. High precision is not required, and the low frictional resistance is needed. 	Welding machine, binding machine, auto packing machine, XY axis of ordinary industrial machine, material handling equipments.
Medium preload (F0)	 Overhang application with a moment load. Applied in one-axis configuration The need of light preload and high precision. 	Z axis of industrial machines, EDM, precision XY table, PC board drilling machine, industrial robot, NC lathe, measuring equipment, grinding machine, auto painting machine.
Heavy preload (F1)	 Machine is subjected to vibration and impact, and high rigidity required. Application of heavy load or heavy cutting. 	Machine center, NC lathe, grinding machine, milling machine, Z axis of boring machine and machine tools.
Ultra heavy preload (F2)	 Machine is subjected to vibration and impact, and high rigidity required. Application of heavy load or heavy cutting. 	Machine center, NC lathe, grinding machine, milling machine, Z axis of boring machine and machine tools.

Linear Guideway Introduction of Each Series

※*PMI* B1-4

Heavy Load Type, MSA Series

Construction



Characteristics

The trains of balls are designed to a contact angle of 45° which enables it to bear an equal load in radial, reversed radial and lateral directions. Therefore, it can be applied in any installation direction. Furthermore, MSA series can achieve a well balanced preload for increasing rigidity in four directions while keeping a low frictional resistance. This is especially suit to high precision and high rigidity required motion.

The design of lubrication route makes the lubricant evenly distribute in each circulation loop. Therefore, the optimum lubrication can be achieved in any installation direction, and this promotes the performance in running accuracy, service life, and reliability.

High Rigidity, Four-way Equal Load

The four trains of balls are allocated to a circular contact angle at 45°, thus each train of balls can take up an equal rated load in all four directions. Moreover, a sufficient preload can be achieved to increase rigidity, and this makes it suitable for any kind of installation.

Smooth Movement with Low Noise

The simplified design of circulating system with strengthened synthetic resin accessories makes the movement smooth and quiet.

Self Alignment Capability

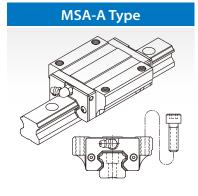
The self adjustment is performed spontaneously as the design of face-to-face (DF) circular arc groove. Therefore, the installation error could be compensated even under a preload, and which results in precise and smooth linear motion.

Interchangeability

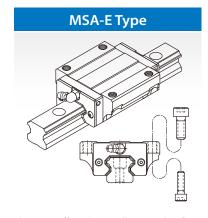
For interchangeable type of linear guideway, the dimensional tolerances are strictly maintained within a reasonable range, and this has made the random matching of the same size of rails and carriages possible. Therefore, the similar preload and accuracy can be obtained even under the random matching condition. As a result of this advantage, the linear guideway can be stocked as standard parts, the installation and maintenance become more convenient. Moreover, this is also beneficial for shortening the delivery time.

Carriage Type

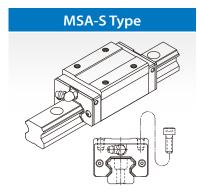
Heavy Load



Installed from top side of carriage with the thread length longer than MSA-E type.

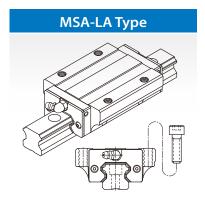


This type offers the installation either from top or bottom side of carriage.

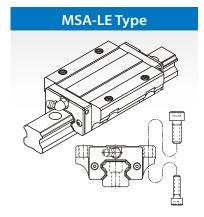


Square type with smaller width and can be installed from top side of carriage.

Ultra Heavy Load



All dimensions are same as MSA-A except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

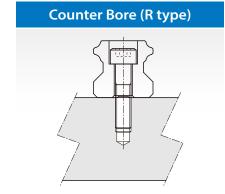


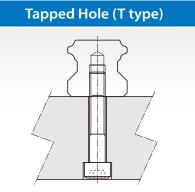
All dimensions are same as MSA-E except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

MSA-LS Type

All dimensions are same as MSA-S except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

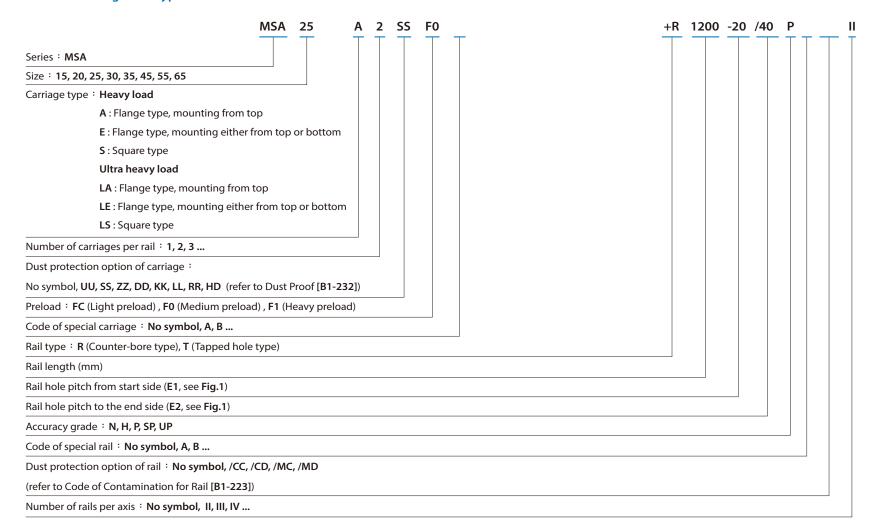
Rail Type

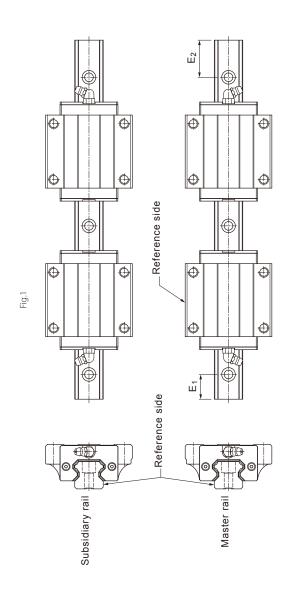




Description of Specification

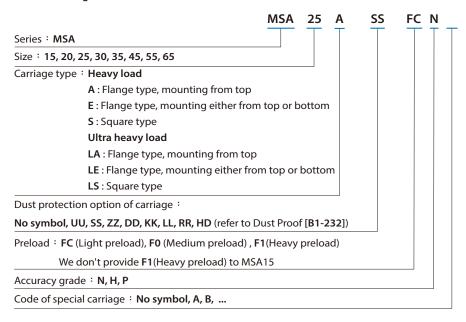
Non-Interchangeable Type



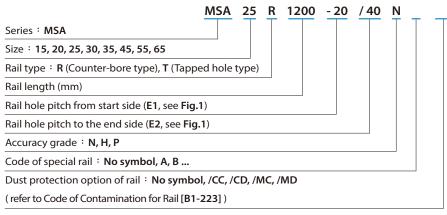


Interchangeable Type

Code of Carriage



Code of Rail



Accuracy Grade

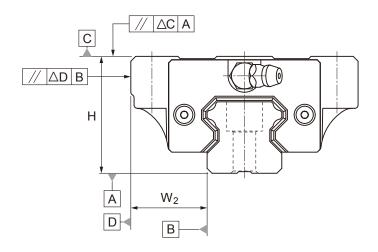


Table 1 Running Parallelism

Rail le	ength (mm)					
Above	Or less (incl.)	N	Н	Р	SP	UP
0	315	9	6	3	2	1.5
315	400	11	8	4	2	1.5
400	500	13	9	5	2	1.5
500	630	16	11	11 6		1.5
630	800	18	12	7	3	2
800	1000	20	14	8	4	2
1000	1250	22	16	10	5	2.5
1250	1600	25	18	11	6	3
1600	2000	28	20	13	7	3.5
2000	2500	30	22	15	8	4
2500	3000	32	24	16	9	4.5
3000	3500	33	25	17	11	5
3500	4000	34	26	18	12	6

Non-Interchangeable Type

		Accuracy Grade						
Model No.	ltem	Normal N	High H	Precision P	Super Precision SP	Ulitra Precision UP		
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03	0 -0.015	0 -0.008		
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.006	0.004	0.003		
15	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03	0 -0.015	0 -0.008		
20	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01	0.006	0.004	0.003		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		ΔC	(see the Tab	le 1)			
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD	(see the Tab	le 1)			
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.02	0 -0.01		
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
25	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.02	0 -0.01		
30	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
35	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 1)						
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD	Precision Precision Super Precision SP				
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.05	_	_	0 -0.02		
	Height difference ΔH	0.03	0.015			0.003		
45	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.05	_	_	0 -0.02		
55	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.007	0.005		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 1)						
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD	(see the Tab	le 1)			
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.07	-	_	0 -0.03		
	Height difference ΔH	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.007	0.005		
65	Tolerance for distance W₂	±0.1	±0.07		-	0 -0.03		
65	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.025	0.015	0.01	0.007		
65	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 1)						
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 1)						

Interchangeable Type

Model		Accuracy Grade					
No.	ltem	Normal N	High H	Precision P			
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03			
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.006			
15	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03			
20	Difference in distance W ₂ (ΔW ₂)	0.02	0.01	0.006			
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		ΔC (see the Table 1)				
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD (see the Table 1)				
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04			
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.015	0.007			
25	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04			
30	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.015	0.007			
35	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 1)					
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 1)					
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.05	0 -0.05			
	Height difference ΔH	0.03	0.015	0.007			
45	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.05	0 -0.05			
55	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.02	0.01			
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		ΔC (see the Table 1)				
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD (see the Table 1)				
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.07	0 -0.07			
	Height difference ΔH	0.03	0.02	0.01			
6 5	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.07	0 -0.07			
65	Difference in distance W ₂ (ΔW ₂)	0.03	0.025	0.015			
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		ΔC (see the Table 1)				
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 1)					

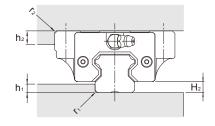
Preload Grade

Series	Preload grade								
Series	Light preload (FC)	Heavy preload (F1)							
MSA15			-						
MSA20									
MSA25									
MSA30	0~0.02C	0.03~0.05C							
MSA35	0~0.02C	0.03~0.03C	0.05~0.08C						
MSA45									
MSA55									
MSA65									
MSA20L									
MSA25L									
MSA30L									
MSA35L	0~0.02C	0.03~0.05C	0.05~0.08C						
MSA45L									
MSA55L									
MSA65L									

Note: C is basic dynamic load rating in above table. Refer to the specification of products, please.

The Shoulder Height and Corner Radius for Installation

MSA series



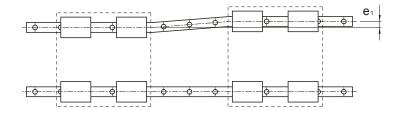
				U	nit:mm
Model No.	r ₁ (max.)	r ₂ (max.)	h ₁	h ₂	H ₂
15	0.5	0.5	3	4	4.2
20	0.5	0.5	3.5	5	5
25	1	1	5	5	6.5
30	1	1	5	5	8
35	1	1	6	6	9.5
45	1	1	8	8	10
55	1.5	1.5	10	10	13
65	1.5	1.5	10	10	15

Note: Definition of interchangeable: It is confined to the carriage on the single rail, not including the exchange of multiple rails and carriages.

Dimensional Tolerance of Mounting Surface

With the self alignment capability, the minor dimensional error in mounting surface could be compensated and achieves smooth linear motion. The tolerances of parallelism between two axes are shown as below.

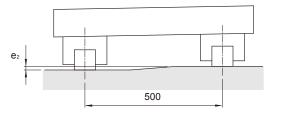
The parallel deviation between two axes (e₁)



Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade								
Model No.	FC	FO	F1						
15	25	18	-						
20	25	20	18						
25	30	22	20						
30	40	30							
35	50	35	30						
45	60	40	35						
55	70	50	45						
65	80	60	55						

Level difference between two axes (e₂)

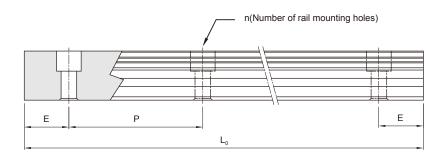


Unit: μm

MadalNa		Preload Grade								
Model No.	FC	FO	F1							
15	130	85	-							
20	130	85	50							
25	130	85	70							
30	170	110	90							
35	210	150	120							
45	250	170	140							
55	300	210	170							
65	350	250	200							

Note: The permissible values in table are applicable when the span is 500mm wide.

Rail Maximum Length and Standard



 $L_0=(n-1)\times P+2\times E$

 L_0 : Total Length of rail (mm)

n: Number of mounting holes

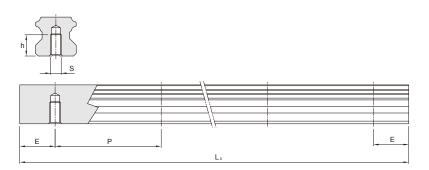
P: Distance between any two holes (mm)

E: Distance from the center of the last hole to the edge (mm)

	m	

Model No.	Standard Pitch (P)	Standard (E _{std.})	Minimum (E _{min.})	Max (L₀ max.)
MSA 15	60	20	5	4000
MSA 20	60	20	6	4000
MSA 25	60	20	7	4000
MSA 30	80	20	8	4000
MSA 35	80	20	8	4000
MSA 45	105	22.5	11	4000
MSA 55	120	30	13	4000
MSA 65	150	35	14	4000

Tapped Hole Rail Dimensions



Rail Model	S	h(mm)
MSA 15 T	M5	8
MSA 20 T	M6	10
MSA 25 T	M6	12
MSA 30 T	M8	15
MSA 35 T	M8	17
MSA 45 T	M12	24
MSA 55 T	M14	24
MSA 65 T	M20	30

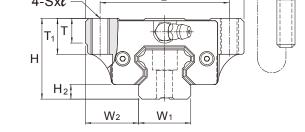
LINEAR GUIDEWAY

Specifications | Dimensions of MSA

(G) С 4-ød1 ØD N ød

Dimensions of MSA-A / MSA-LA





Unit: mm

External dimension			Carriage dimension													
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	C	S×ℓ	Lı	Т	T ₁	N	G	К	d₁	Grease Nipple
MSA 15 A	24	47	56.3	16	4.2	38	30	M5×11	39.3	7	11	4.3	7	3.2	3.3	G-M4
MSA 20 A MSA 20 LA	30	63	72.9 88.8	21.5	5	53	40	M6×10	51.3 67.2	7	10	5	12	5.8	3.3	G-M6
MSA 25 A MSA 25 LA	36	70	81.6 100.6	23.5	6.5	57	45	M8×16	59 78	11	16	6	12	5.8	3.3	G-M6
MSA 30 A MSA 30 LA	42	90	97 119.2	31	8	72	52	M10×18	71.4 93.6	11	18	7	12	6.8	3.3	G-M6
MSA 35 A MSA 35 LA	48	100	111.2 136.6	33	9.5	82	62	M10×21	81 106.4	13	21	8	11.5	8.6	3.3	G-M6
MSA 45 A MSA 45 LA	60	120	137.7 169.5	37.5	10	100	80	M12×25	102.5 134.3	13	25	10	13.5	10.6	3.3	G-PT1/8

Note: Request for size 55 and 65 MSA-A / MSA-LA carriage, please refer to MSA-E / MSA-LE carriage type.

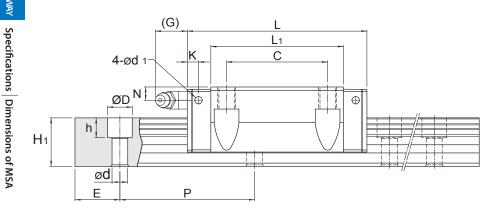
 ${\color{red}Note:} The \ basic \ dynamic \ load \ rating \ C \ of \ ball \ type \ is \ based \ on \ the \ 50 \ km \ for \ normonal \ life. The \ conversion \ between \ C \ for \ normonal \ life.$ 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is $C=1.26 \times C_{100}$.

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.

		Ra	ail dim	ensio	n	Basic load	d rating		Static n	noment	rating		Weig	ht
Model No.	Width	Height		Е	D×h×d	Dynamic C	Static C _o		Λ _P I-m		Λ _γ I-m	M _R	Carriage	Rail
	W ₁	H,	Р	std.		kN	kN	Single*	Double*	Single*	Double*	kN-m	kg	kg/m
MSA 15 A	15	15	60	20	7.5×5.3×4.5	11.8	18.9	0.12	0.68	0.12	0.68	0.14	0.18	1.5
MSA 20 A MSA 20 LA	20	18	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	19.2 23.3	29.5 39.3	0.23 0.39	1.42 2.23	0.23	1.42 2.23	0.29 0.38	0.4 0.52	2.4
MSA 25 A MSA 25 LA	23	22	60	20	11×9×7	28.1 34.4	42.4 56.6	0.39	2.20 3.52	0.39	2.20	0.48	0.62 0.82	3.4
MSA 30 A MSA 30 LA	28	26	80	20	14×12×9	39.2 47.9	57.8 77.0	0.62 1.07	3.67 5.81	0.62 1.07	3.67 5.81	0.79 1.05	1.09 1.43	4.8
MSA 35 A MSA 35 LA	34	29	80	20	14×12×9	52.0 63.6	75.5 100.6	0.93 1.60	5.47 8.67	0.93 1.60	5.47 8.67	1.25 1.67	1.61 2.11	6.6
MSA 45 A MSA 45 LA	45	38	105	22.5	20×17×14	83.8 102.4	117.9 157.3	1.81 3.13	10.67 16.95	1.81 3.13	10.67 16.95		2.98 3.9	11.5

LINEAR GUIDEWAY

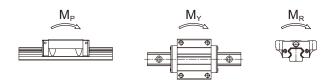
Dimensions of MSA-E / MSA-LE

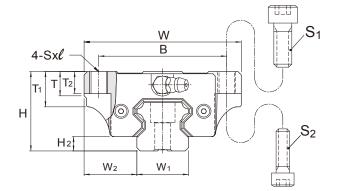


																	Unit: mm
		Extern	al dimer	sion						Carri	age di	men	sion				
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	С	S×l	L,	Т	T ₁	T ₂	N	G	К	d ₁	Grease Nipple
MSA 15 E	24	47	56.3	16	4.2	38	30	M5×7	39.3	7	11	7	4.3	7	3.2	3.3	G-M4
MSA 20 E MSA 20 LE MSA 20 TE	30	63	72.9 88.8 51.1	21.5	5	53	40 40 -	M6×10	51.3 67.2 29.5	7	10	10	5	12	5.8	3.3	G-M6
MSA 25 E MSA 25 LE	36	70	81.6 100.6	23.5	6.5	57	45	M8×10	59 78	11	16	10	6	12	5.8	3.3	G-M6
MSA 30 E MSA 30 LE	42	90	97 119.2	31	8	72	52	M10×10	71.4 93.6	11	18	10	7	12	6.8	3.3	G-M6
MSA 35 E MSA 35 LE	48	100	111.2 136.6	33	9.5	82	62	M10×13	81 106.4	13	21	13	8	11.5	8.6	3.3	G-M6
MSA 45 E MSA 45 LE	60	120	137.7 169.5	37.5	10	100	80	M12×15	102.5 134.3	13	25	15	10	13.5	10.6	3.3	G-PT 1/8
MSA 55 E MSA 55 LE	70	140	162.1 200.1	43.5	13	116	95	M14×17	119.5 157.5	19	32	17	11	13.5	8.9	3.3	G-PT 1/8
MSA 65 E	90	170	199	53.5	15	142	110	M16×23	149	21 5	37 5	23	19	13 5	8 9	3 3	G-PT 1/8

Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is $C=1.26 \times C_{100}$.

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.



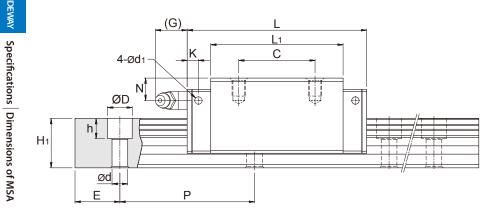


Model No.	Bolt Size							
wiodei No.	S ₁	S ₂						
MSA 15	M5	M4						
MSA 20	M6	M5						
MSA 25	M8	M6						
MSA 30	M10	M8						
MSA 35	M10	M8						
MSA 45	M12	M10						
MSA 55	M14	M12						
MSA 65	M16	M14						

Unit: mm

		F	Rail din	nensio	n	Basic loa	d rating		Static ı	nomen	t rating		Weig	ght
Model No.	Width W.	Height	Pitch P	E std.	D×h×d	Dynamic C	Static C _o	M _P kN-m		M _Y kN-m		M _R	Carriage kg	Rail kg/m
	**1	,	· ·	stu.		kN	kN	Single*	Double*	Single*	Double*	KIN-III	ĸg	kg/III
MSA 15 E	15	15	60	20	7.5×5.3×4.5	11.8	18.9	0.12	0.68	0.12	0.68	0.14	0.18	1.5
MSA 20 E MSA 20 LE MSA 20 TE	20	18	60	20	9.5×8.5×6 9.5×8.5×6 11×9×7	19.2 23.3 13.1	29.5 39.3 17.2	0.23 0.39 0.16	1.42 2.23 0.54	0.23 0.39 0.16	1.42 2.23 0.54	0.29 0.38 0.16	0.4 0.52 0.23	2.4
MSA 25 E MSA 25 LE	23	22	60	20	11×9×7	28.1 34.4	42.4 56.6	0.39 0.67	2.20 3.52	0.39 0.67	2.20 3.52	0.48 0.63	0.62 0.82	3.4
MSA 30 E MSA 30 LE	28	26	80	20	14×12×9	39.2 47.9	57.8 77.0	0.62 1.07	3.67 5.81	0.62 1.07	3.67 5.81	0.79 1.05	1.09 1.43	4.8
MSA 35 E MSA 35 LE	34	29	80	20	14×12×9	52.0 63.6	75.5 100.6	0.93 1.60	5.47 8.67	0.93 1.60	5.47 8.67	1.25 1.67	1.61 2.11	6.6
MSA 45 E MSA 45 LE	45	38	105	22.5	20×17×14	83.8 102.4	117.9 157.3	1.81 3.13	10.67 16.95	1.81 3.13	10.67 16.95	2.57 3.43	2.98 3.9	11.5
MSA 55 E MSA 55 LE	53	44	120	30	23×20×16	123.6 151.1	169.8 226.4	3.13 5.40	17.57 28.11	3.13 5.40	17.57 28.11	4.50 6.00	4.17 5.49	15.5
MSA 65 E MSA 65 LE	63	53	150	35	26×22×18	198.8 253.5	265.3 375.9	6.11 11.84	33.71 57.32	6.11 11.84	33.71 57.32	8.36 11.84	8.73 11.89	21.9

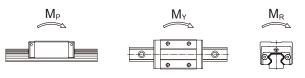
Dimensions of MSA-S / MSA-LS

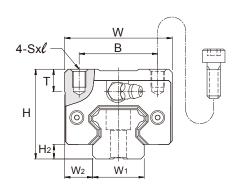


		Extern	al dimer	nsion			Carriage dimension									
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	С	$S \times \ell$	L ₁	Т	N	G	К	d ₁	Grease Nipple	
MSA 15 S	28	34	56.3	9.5	4.2	26	26	M4×5	39.3	7.2	8.3	7	3.2	3.3	G-M4	
MSA 20 S MSA 20 LS	30	44	72.9 88.8	12	5	32	36 50	M5×6	51.3 67.2	8	5	12	5.8	3.3	G-M6	
MSA 25 S MSA 25 LS	40	48	81.6 100.6	12.5	6.5	35	35 50	M6×8	59 78	10	10	12	5.8	3.3	G-M6	
MSA 30 S MSA 30 LS	45	60	97 119.2	16	8	40	40 60	M8×10	71.4 93.6	11.7	10	12	6.8	3.3	G-M6	
MSA 35 S MSA 35 LS	55	70	111.2 136.6	18	9.5	50	50 72	M8×12	81 106.4	12.7	15	11.5	8.6	3.3	G-M6	
MSA 45 S MSA 45 LS	70	86	137.7 169.5	20.5	10	60	60 80	M10×17	102.5 134.3	16	20	13.5	10.6	3.3	G-PT 1/8	
MSA 55 S MSA 55 LS	80	100	162.1 200.1	23.5	13	75	75 95	M12×18	119.5 157.5	18	21	13.5	8.9	3.3	G-PT 1/8	
MSA 65 S MSA 65 LS	90	126	199 253	31.5	15	76	70 120	M16×20	149 203	23	19	13.5	8.9	3.3	G-PT 1/8	

Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is $C=1.26 \times C_{100}$.

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.



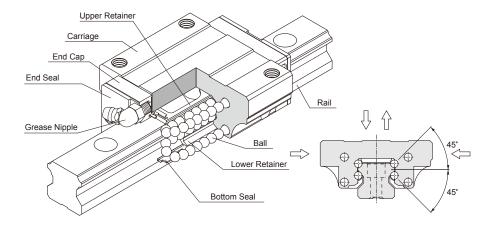


Unit: mm

		R	ail din	nensic	n	Basic load	d rating		Static	mome	nt rating		Weig	ht
Model No.	Width W ₁	Height H ₁	Pitch P	E std.	D×h×d	Dynamic C kN	Static C _o kN	k۱	И _Р I-m Double [*]	k۱	VI _Y I-m Double [*]	M _R kN-m	Carriage kg	Rail kg/m
MSA 15 S	15	15	60	20	7.5×5.3×4.5	11.8	18.9	0.12	0.68	0.12	0.68	0.14	0.18	1.5
MSA 20 S MSA 20 LS	20	18	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	19.2 23.3	29.5 39.3	0.23 0.39	1.42 2.23	0.23 0.39	1.42 2.23	0.29 0.38	0.3 0.39	2.4
MSA 25 S MSA 25 LS	23	22	60	20	11×9×7	28.1 34.4	42.4 56.6	0.39 0.67	2.20 3.52	0.39 0.67	2.20 3.52	0.48 0.63	0.52 0.68	3.4
MSA 30 S MSA 30 LS	28	26	80	20	14×12×9	39.2 47.9	57.8 77.0	0.62 1.07	3.67 5.81	0.62 1.07	3.67 5.81	0.79 1.05	0.86 1.12	4.8
MSA 35 S MSA 35 LS	34	29	80	20	14×12×9	52.0 63.6	75.5 100.6	0.93 1.60	5.47 8.67	0.93 1.60	5.47 8.67	1.25 1.67	1.45 1.9	6.6
MSA 45 S MSA 45 LS	45	38	105	22.5	20×17×14	83.8 102.4	117.9 157.3	1.81 3.13	10.67 16.95	1.81 3.13	10.67 16.95	2.57 3.43	2.83 3.7	11.5
MSA 55 S MSA 55 LS	53	44	120	30	23×20×16	123.6 151.1	169.8 226.4	3.13 5.40	17.57 28.11	3.13 5.40	17.57 28.11	4.50 6.00	4.12 4.91	15.5
MSA 65 S MSA 65 LS	63	53	150	35	26×22×18	198.8 253.5	265.3 375.9	6.11 11.84	33.71 57.32	6.11 11.84	33.71 57.32	8.36 11.84	6.43 8.76	21.9

Compact Type, MSB Series

Construction



Characteristics

The trains of balls are designed to a contact angle of 45° which enables it to bear an equal load in radial, reversed radial and lateral directions. Therefore, it can be applied in any installation direction. Furthermore, MSB series can achieve a well balanced preload for increasing rigidity in four directions while keeping a low frictional resistance. This is especially suit to high precision and high rigidity required motion.

The design of lubrication route makes the lubricant evenly distribute in each circulation loop. Therefore, the optimum lubrication can be achieved in any installation direction, and this promotes the performance in running accuracy, service life, and reliability.

Compact, Four-way Equal Load

Compact design of the carriage with the four trains of balls are allocated to a circular contact angle at 45°, thus each train of balls can take up an equal rated load in all four directions. Moreover, a sufficient preload can be achieved to increase rigidity, and this makes it suitable for any kind of installation.

Smooth Movement with Low Noise

The simplified design of circulating system with strengthened synthetic resin accessories makes the movement smooth and quiet.

Self Alignment Capability

The self adjustment is performed spontaneously as the design of face-to-face (DF) circular arc groove. Therefore, the installation error could be compensated even under a preload, and which results in precise and smooth linear motion.

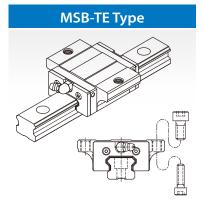
Interchangeability

For interchangeable type of linear guideway, the dimensional tolerances are strictly maintained within a reasonable range, and this has made the random matching of the same size of rails and carriages possible. Therefore, the similar preload and accuracy can be obtained even under the random matching condition. As a result of this advantage, the linear guideway can be stocked as standard parts, the installation and maintenance become more convenient. Moreover, this is also beneficial for shortening the delivery time.



Carriage Type

Medium Load

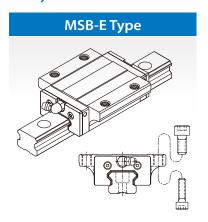


This type offers the installation either from top or bottom side of carriage.

MSB-TS Type

Square type with smaller width and can be installed from top side of carriage.

Heavy Load

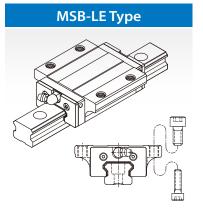


All dimensions are same as MSB-TE except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

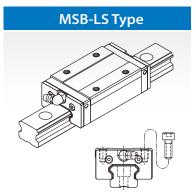
MSB-S Type

All dimensions are same as MSB-TS except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

Ultra Heavy Load

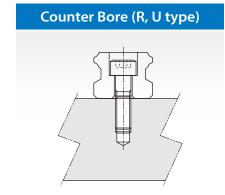


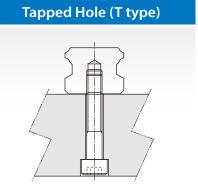
All dimensions are same as MSB-E except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.



All dimensions are same as MSB-S except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

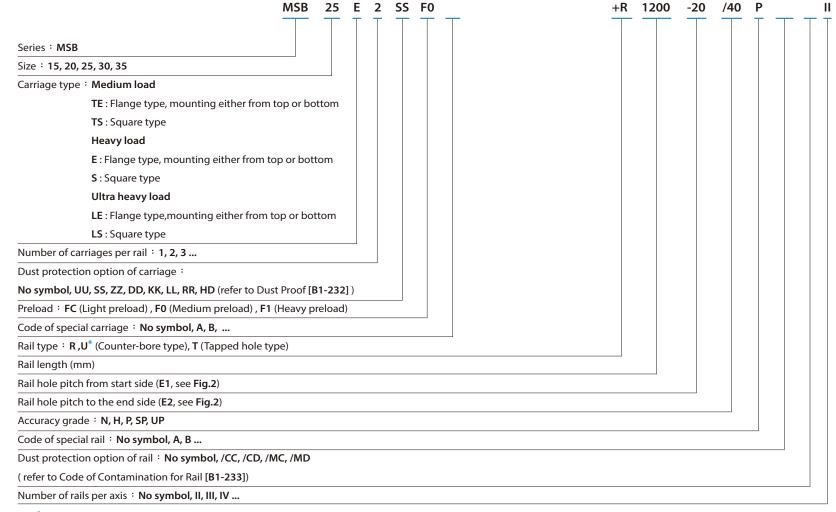
Rail Type



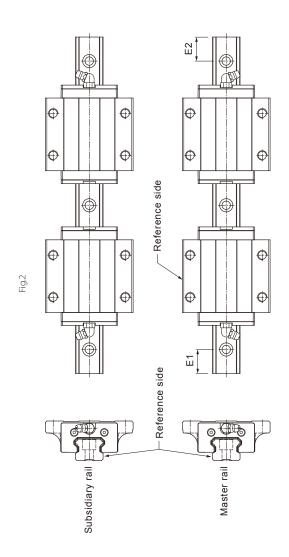


Description of Specification

Non-Interchangeable Type

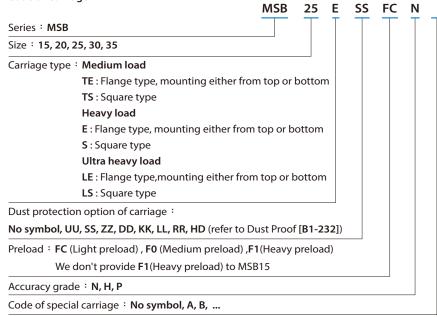


Note*: U type rail is only applicable for MSB15 with M4 mounting hole.

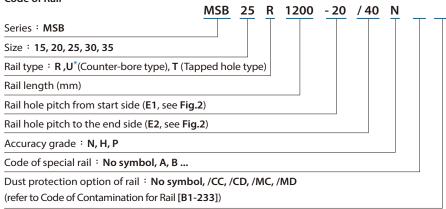


Interchangeable Type

Code of Carriage



Code of Rail



Note*: U type rail is only applicable for MSB15 with M4 mounting hole.



Accuracy Grade

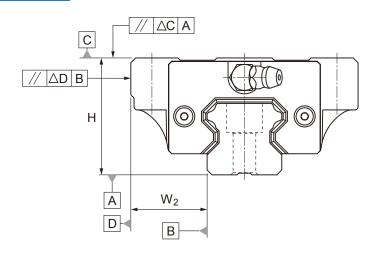


Table 2 Running Parallelism

Rail le	ength (mm)	Running Parallelism Values(μm)					
Above	Or less (incl.)	N	Н	Р	SP	UP	
0	315	9	6	3	2	1.5	
315	400	11	8	4	2	1.5	
400	500	13	9	5	2	1.5	
500	630	16	11	6	2.5	1.5	
630	800	18	12	12 7		2	
800	1000	20	14	8	4	2	
1000	1250	22	16	10	5	2.5	
1250	1600	25	18	11	6	3	
1600	2000	28	20	13	7	3.5	
2000	2500	30	22	15	8	4	
2500	3000	32	24	16	9	4.5	
3000	3500	33	25	17	11	5	
3500	4000	34	26	18	12	6	

Non-Interchangeable Type

			Ac	curacy Grad	de			
Model No.	ltem	Normal N	High H	Precision P	Super Precision SP	Ulitra Precision UP		
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03	0 -0.015	0 -0.008		
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.006	0.004	0.003		
15	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03	0 -0.015	0 -0.008		
20	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01	0.006	0.004	0.003		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 2)						
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 2)						
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.02	0 -0.01		
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
25	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.02	0 -0.01		
30 35	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 2)						
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 2)						

PMI B1-73

Interchangeable Type

Model		Accuracy Grade						
No.	ltem	Normal N	High H	Precision P				
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03				
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.006				
15	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03				
20	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01	0.006				
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		1					
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 2)						
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04				
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.015	0.007				
25	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04				
30 35	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.015	0.007				
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 2)						
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD (see the Table 2)					

Note: Definition of interchangeable: It is confined to the carriage on the single rail, not including the exchange of multiple rails and carriages.

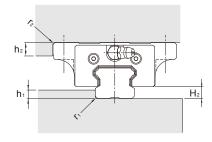
Preload Grade

Series	Preload grade							
Series	Light preload (FC)	Heavy preload (F1)						
MSB15T			-					
MSB20T	0.0006	0.03. 0.056						
MSB25T	0~0.02C	0.03~0.05C	0.05~0.08C					
MSB30T								
MSB15								
MSB20								
MSB25	0~0.02C	0.03~0.05C	0.05.0.006					
MSB30	0~0.02C	0.03~0.05C	0.05~0.08C					
MSB35								
MSB35L								

Note: C is basic dynamic load rating in above table. Refer to the specification of products, please.

The Shoulder Height and Corner Radius for Installation

MSB series

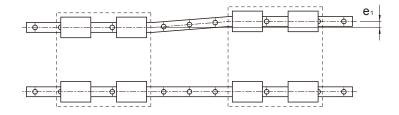


					Unit: mm
Model No.	r ₁ (max.)	r ₂ (max.) h ₁		h ₂	H ₂
15	0.5	0.5	3	4	4.5
20	0.5	0.5	4	5	6
25	1	1	5	5	7
30	1	1	7	5	9.5
35	1	1	8	6	9.5

Dimensional Tolerance of Mounting Surface

With the self alignment capability, the minor dimensional error in mounting surface could be compensated and achieves smooth linear motion. The tolerances of parallelism between two axes are shown as below.

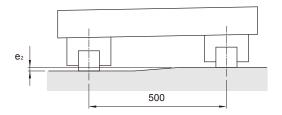
The parallel deviation between two axes (e₁)



Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade						
Model No.	FC	F0	F1				
15	25	18	-				
20	25	20	18				
25	30	22	20				
30	40	30	27				
35	50	35	30				

Level difference between two axes (e₂)

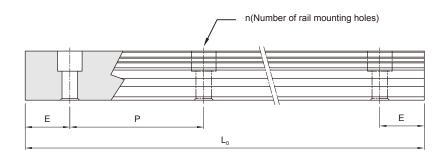


Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade						
Model No.	FC	F0	F1				
15	130	85	-				
20	130	85	50				
25	130	85	70				
30	170	110	90				
35	210	150	120				

Note: The permissible values in table are applicable when the span is 500mm wide.

Rail Maximum Length and Standard



 $L_0=(n-1)\times P+2\times E$

 L_0 : Total Length of rail (mm)

n: Number of mounting holes

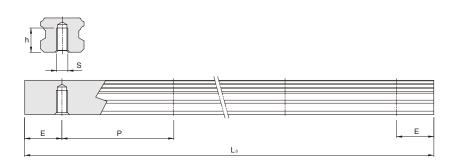
P: Distance between any two holes (mm)

E: Distance from the center of the last hole to the edge (mm)

Unit: mm

Model No.	Standard Pitch (P)	Standard (E _{std.})	Minimum (E _{min.})	Max (L₀ max.)
MSB 15	60	20	5	4000
MSB 20	60	20	6	4000
MSB 25	60	20	7	4000
MSB 30	80	20	7	4000
MSB 35	80	20	8	4000

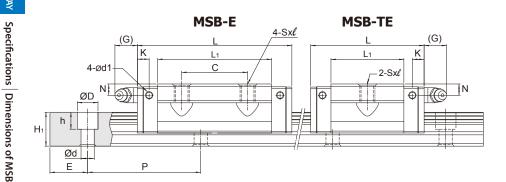
Tapped Hole Rail Dimensions



Rail Model	S	h(mm)
MSB 15 T	M5	7
MSB 20 T	M6	9
MSB 25 T	M6	10
MSB 30 T	M8	14
MSB 35 T	M8	16

LINEAR GUIDEWAY

Dimensions of MSB-TE / MSB-E



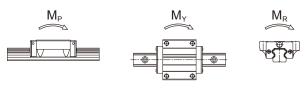
	mm

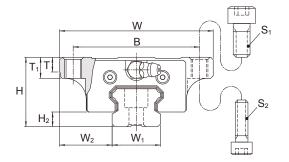
		Extern	al dimens	sion					Carri	age d	imens	ion				
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	T ₁	N	G	К	d₁	Grease Nipple
MSB 15 TE MSB 15 E	24	52	40.2 57.2	18.5	4.5	41	- 26	M5×7	23.5 40.5	5	7	5.5	5.5	5.1	3.3	G-M4
MSB 20 TE MSB 20 E	28	59	48 67	19.5	6	49	- 32	M6×9	29 48	5	9	5.5	12	5.9	3.3	G-M6
MSB 25 TE MSB 25 E	33	73	60.2 82	25	7	60	- 35	M8×10	38.7 60.5	7	10	6	12	6.2	3.3	G-M6
MSB 30 TE MSB 30 E	42	90	68 96.7	31	9.5	72	- 40	M10×10	43.3 72	7	10	8	12	6.3	3.3	G-M6
MSB 35 TE MSB 35 E MSB 35 LE	48	100	78 112 137.5	33	9.5	82	- 50 62	M10×13	46 80 105.5	9	13	8.5	12	9.8	3.3	G-M6

Note: Rail mounting holes for M3 (6x4.5x3.5) and M4 (7.5x5.3x4.5) are available for MSB15 rail. The codes of rail type are MSB15R for M3 mounting holes, and MSB15U for M4 mounting holes.

 ${\color{red}Note:} The \ basic \ dynamic \ load \ rating \ C \ of \ ball \ type \ is \ based \ on \ the \ 50 \ km \ for \ nomonal \ life. The \ conversion \ between \ C \ for \ load \ rating \ C \ of \ ball \ type \ is \ based \ on \ the \ 50 \ km \ for \ nomonal \ life.$ 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is $C=1.26 \times C_{100}$.

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.

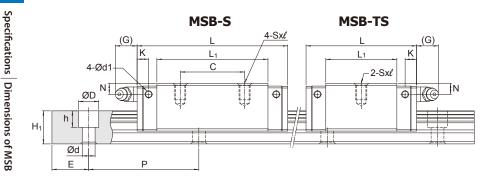




Model No.	Bolt Size				
wiodei No.	S ₁	S ₂			
MSB 15	M5	M4			
MSB 20	M6	M5			
MSB 25	M8	M6			
MSB 30	M10	M8			
MSB 35	M10	M8			

			Rail di	mens	ion	Basic load	l rating		Static	mome	nt rating	J	Weight	
Model No.	Width W ₁	Height H ₁	Pitch P	E std.	D×h×d	Dynamic C kN	Static C _o kN	k۱	M _P V-m Double [*]	M _Y kN-m Single* Double*		M _R kN-m	Carriage kg	Rail kg/m
MSB 15 TE MSB 15 E	15	12.5	60	20	6×4.5×3.5 (7.5×5.3×4.5)	6.7 10.0	9.6 16.9	0.04 0.10	0.26 0.61	0.04 0.10	0.26 0.61	0.07 0.13	0.12 0.21	1.2
MSB 20 TE MSB 20 E	20	15	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	9.7 13.9	14.2 23.6	0.07 0.18	0.44 0.97	0.07 0.18	0.44 0.97	0.14 0.24	0.20 0.34	2
MSB 25 TE MSB 25 E	23	18	60	20	11×9×7	15.6 22.3	22.1 36.9	0.13 0.35	0.91 1.87	0.13 0.35	0.91 1.87	0.26 0.43	0.39 0.60	3
MSB 30 TE MSB 30 E	28	23	80	20	11×9×7	23.1 32.9	31.8 53.1	0.23 0.60	1.39 3.15	0.23 0.60	1.39 3.15	0.45 0.74	0.65 1.08	4.4
MSB 35 TE MSB 35 E MSB 35 LE	34	27.5	80	20	14×12×9	35.7 52.0 63.6	44.0 75.5 100.6	0.34 0.93 1.60	2.81 5.47 8.67	0.34 0.93 1.60	2.81 5.47 8.67	0.75 1.28 1.67	0.91 1.61 1.80	6.2

Dimensions of MSB-TS/MSB-S



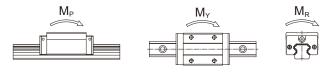
Unit: mm

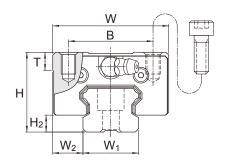
		Externa	al dimens	ion		Carriage dimension									
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	С	$S \times \ell$	L ₁	Т	N	G	К	d ₁	Grease Nipple
MSB 15 TS MSB 15 S	24	34	40.2 57.2	9.5	4.5	26	- 26	M4×6	23.5 40.5	6	5.5	5.5	5.1	3.3	G-M4
MSB 20 TS MSB 20 S	28	42	48 67	11	6	32	- 32	M5×7	29 48	6	5.5	12	5.9	3.3	G-M6
MSB 25 TS MSB 25 S	33	48	60.2 82	12.5	7	35	- 35	M6×9	38.7 60.5	8	6	12	6.2	3.3	G-M6
MSB 30 TS MSB 30 S	42	60	68 96.7	16	9.5	40	- 40	M8×12	43.3 72	8	8	12	6.3	3.3	G-M6
MSB 35 TS MSB 35 S MSB 35 LS	48	70	78 112 137.5	18	9.5	50	- 50 72	M8×12	46 80 105.5	12.5	8.5	11.5	9.8	3.3	G-M6

Note: Rail mounting holes for M3 (6x4.5x3.5) and M4 (7.5x5.3x4.5) are available for MSB15 rail. The codes of rail type are MSB15R for M3 mounting holes, and MSB15U for M4 mounting holes.

Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is C=1.26 x C_{100} .

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.

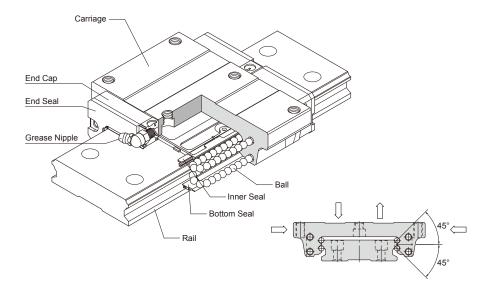




			Rail dir	mensi	ion	Basic load	d rating		Static r	nomer	nt rating		Weight	
Model No.	Width	Height	Pitch	Е	D×h×d	Dynamic C	Static C _o		M _P N-m		√l _γ √l-m	M _R	Carriage	Rail
	W ₁ H ₁		Р	std.	DAIIAG	kN	kN				Double*	kN-m	kg	kg/m
MSB 15 TS	15	12.5	60	20	6×4.5×3.5	6.7	9.6	0.04	0.26	0.04	0.26	0.07	0.09	1.2
MSB 15 S	.5	12.5	00	20	$(7.5 \times 5.3 \times 4.5)$	10.0	16.9	0.10	0.61	0.10	0.61	0.13	0.16	1.2
MSB 20 TS MSB 20 S	20	15	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	9.7 13.9	14.2 23.6	0.07 0.18	0.44 0.97	0.07 0.18	0.44 0.97	0.14 0.24	0.16 0.26	2
MSB 25 TS MSB 25 S	23	18	60	20	11×9×7	15.6 22.3	22.1 36.9	0.13 0.35	0.91 1.87	0.13 0.35	0.91 1.87	0.26 0.43	0.29 0.45	3
MSB 30 TS MSB 30 S	28	23	80	20	11×9×7	23.1 32.9	31.8 53.1	0.23 0.60	1.39 3.15	0.23 0.60	1.39 3.15	0.45 0.74	0.52 0.82	4.4
MSB 35 TS MSB 35 S MSB 35 LS	34	27.5	80	20	14×12×9	35.7 52.0 63.6	44.0 75.5 100.6	0.34 0.93 1.60	2.81 5.47 8.67	0.34 0.93 1.60	2.81 5.47 8.67	0.75 1.28 1.67	0.81 1.13 1.49	6.2

Wide Rail Type, MSG Series

Construction



Characteristics

The trains of balls are designed to a contact angle of 45° which enables it to bear an equal load in radial, reversed radial and lateral directions. Therefore, it can be applied in any installation direction. Furthermore, MSG series can achieve a well balanced preload for increasing rigidity in four directions while keeping a low frictional resistance. This is especially suit to high precision and high rigidity required motion. By design, the ability to use a single rail and to have the low profile with a low center of gravity is ideal where space is limited and high moments are required.

The design of lubrication route makes the lubricant evenly distribute in each circulation loop. Therefore, the optimum lubrication can be achieved in any installation direction, and this promotes the performance in running accuracy, service life, and reliability.

High Rigidity, Four-way Equal Load

The four trains of balls are allocated to a circular contact angle at 45°, thus each train of balls can take up an equal rated load in all four directions. Moreover, a sufficient preload can be achieved to increase rigidity, and this makes it suitable for any kind of installation

Smooth Movement with Low Noise

The simplified design of circulating system with strengthened synthetic resin accessories makes the movement smooth and quiet.

Self Alignment Capability

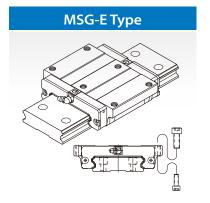
The self adjustment is performed spontaneously as the design of face-to-face (DF) circular arc groove. Therefore, the installation error could be compensated even under a preload, and which results in precise and smooth linear motion.

Interchangeability

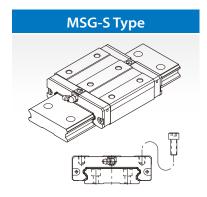
For interchangeable type of linear guideway, the dimensional tolerances are strictly maintained within a reasonable range, and this has made the random matching of the same size of rails and carriages possible. Therefore, the similar preload and accuracy can be obtained even under the random matching condition. As a result of this advantage, the linear guideway can be stocked as standard parts, the installation and maintenance become more convenient. Moreover, this is also beneficial for shortening the delivery time.

Carriage Type

Wide Rail Type

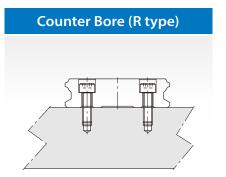


This type offers the installation either from top or bottom side of carriage.



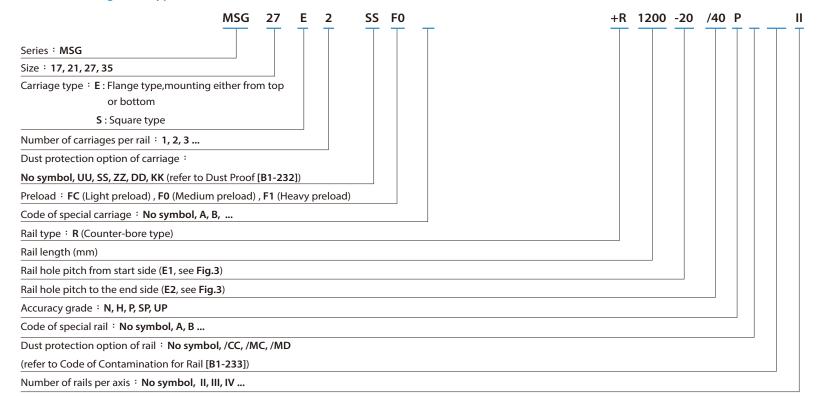
Square type with smaller width and can be installed from top side of carriage.

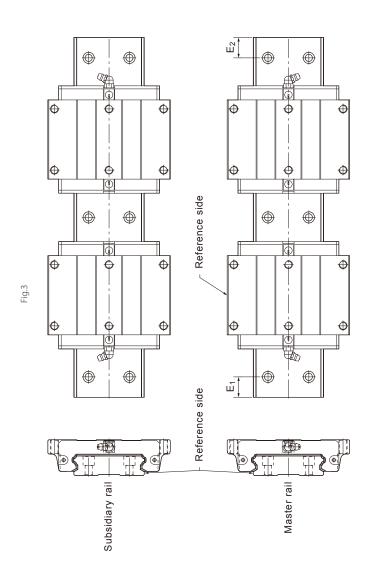
Rail Type



Description of Specification

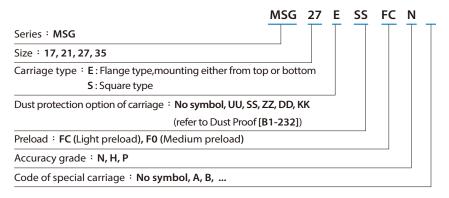
Non-Interchangeable Type



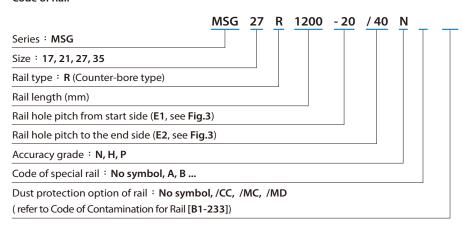


Interchangeable Type

Code of Carriage



Code of Rail



Accuracy Grade

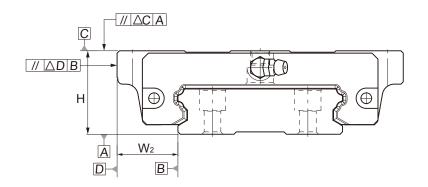


Table 3 Running Parallelism

Rail le	ength (mm)		Running	Parallelism Va	lues(μm)	
Above	Or less (incl.)	N	Н	Р	SP	UP
0	315	9	6	3	2	1.5
315	400	11	8	4	2	1.5
400	500	13	9	5	2	1.5
500	630	16	11	6	2.5	1.5
630	800	18	12	7	3	2
800	1000	20	14	8	4	2
1000	1250	22	16	10	5	2.5
1250	1600	25	18	11	6	3
1600	2000	28	20	13	7	3.5
2000	2500	30	22	15	8	4
2500	3000	32	24	16	9	4.5
3000	3500	33	25	17	11	5
3500	4000	34	26	18	12	6

Non-Interchangeable Type

				Accuracy G	rade					
Model No.	ltem	Normal N	High H	Precision P	Super Precision SP	Ulitra Precision UP				
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03	0 -0.015	0 -0.008				
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.006	0.004	0.003				
17	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03	0 -0.015	0 -0.008				
21	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01	0.006	0.004	0.003				
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A			ΔC (see the Ta	ble 3)					
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 3)								
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.02	0 -0.01				
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003				
27	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.02	0 -0.01				
35	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003				
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A			ΔC (see the Ta	ble 3)					
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B			ΔD (see the Ta	ble 3)					

Interchangeable Type

Madal			Accuracy Grade					
Model No.	ltem	Normal N	High H	Precision P				
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03				
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.006				
	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03				
17	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01	0.006				
21	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 3)						
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 3)						
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04				
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.015	0.007				
27	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04				
35	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.015	0.007				
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		ΔC (see the Table 3)					
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD (see the Table 3)					

Note: Definition of interchangeable: It is confined to the carriage on the single rail, not including the exchange of multiple rails and carriages.

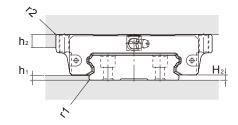
Preload Grade

Series		Preload grade	
Series	Light preload (FC)	Medium preload (F0)	Heavy preload (F1)
MSG17			
MSG21	0~0.02C	0.03~0.05C	0.05~0.08C
MSG27	0~0.02C	0.03~0.05C	0.05~0.08C
MSG35			

Note: C is basic dynamic load rating in above table. Refer to the specification of products, please.

The Shoulder Height and Corner Radius for Installation

MSG series

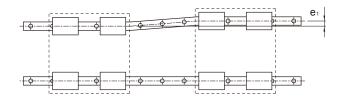


				- 0.	
Model No.	r ₁ (max.)	r ₂ (max.)	hi	h ₂	H ₂
17	0.4	0.4	2	5	2.5
21	0.4	0.4	2.5	5	3
27	0.4	0.4	2.5	7	3
35	0.8	0.8	3.5	10	4
33	0.0	0.0	3.5	10	4

Dimensional Tolerance of Mounting Surface

With the self alignment capability, the minor dimensional error in mounting surface could be compensated and achieves smooth linear motion. The tolerances of parallelism between two axes are shown as below.

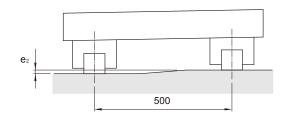
The parallel deviation between two axes (e₁)



Unit: μm

Model No.		Preload Grade								
Model No.	FC	F0	F1							
17	_	25	18							
21	-	23	10							
27	-	25	20							
35	30	22	20							

Level difference between two axes (e₂)

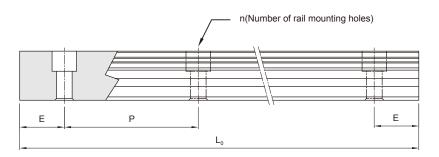


Unit: μm

Model No.		Preload Grade									
Model No.	FC	F0	F1								
17			-								
21	120	0.5									
27	130	85	-								
35			70								

Note: The permissible values in table are applicable when the span is 500mm wide.

Rail Maximum Length and Standard



 $L_0=(n-1)\times P+2\times E$

 L_{θ} : Total Length of rail (mm)

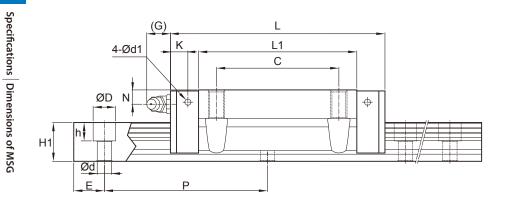
n: Number of mounting holes

P: Distance between any two holes (mm)

E: Distance from the center of the last hole to the edge (mm)

Model No.	Standard Pitch (P)	Standard (E _{std.})	Minimum (E _{min.})	Max (L₀ max.)
MSG 17	40	15	5	3000
MSG 21	50	15	5	3000
MSG 27	60	20	5	3000
MSG 35	80	20	7	3000

Dimensions of MSG-E

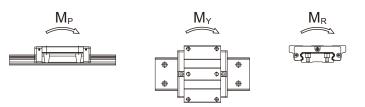


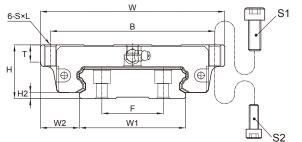
Unit: mm

		Extern	al dimer	nsion			Carriage dimension									
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	C	F	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	N	G	К	d ₁	Grease Nipple
MSG17 E	17	60	50.2	13.5	2.5	53	26	18	М4х6	33.6	4.7	4.15	4	2.5	2.4	G-M3
MSG21 E	21	68	59	15.5	3	60	29	22	M5x8	40	6	5	12	5.5	2.5	G-M6
MSG27 E	27	80	72.2	19	3	70	40	24	M6x10	51.8	8	6	12	6.2	3.3	G-M6
MSG35 E	35	120	105.2	25.5	4	107	60	40	M8x14	77.6	11.42	7	12	8.55	3.3	G-M6

Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is $C=1.26 \times C_{100}$.

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.

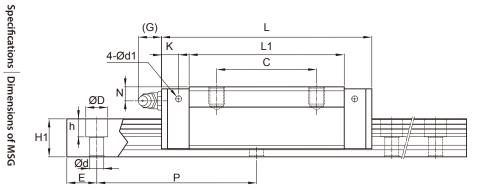




Model No.	Bolt Size				
wodei No.	S ₁	S ₂			
MSG 17	M4	M3			
MSG 21	M5	M4			
MSG 27	M6	M5			
MSG 35	M8	M6			

	Rail dimension			Basic loa		Static r	nomen	t rating		Weight				
Model No.	Width			E	D×h×d	Dynamic C	Static C _o		И _Р √		Λ _γ l-m	M _R kN-m	Carriage	Rail
	W ₁	H ₁ P std. KN	kN	kN	Single*	Double*	Single*	Double*	KIN-III	kg	kg/m			
MSG17 E	33	9	40	15	7.5×5.3×4.5	4.8	8.6	0.05	0.24	0.05	0.24	0.14	0.14	2.02
MSG21 E	37	11	50	15	7.5×5.3×4.5	7	12.1	0.08	0.46	0.08	0.46	0.22	0.25	2.86
MSG27 E	42	15	60	20	7.5×5.3×4.5	12.4	20.2	0.15	0.87	0.15	0.87	0.42	0.31	4.49
MSG35 E	69	19	80	20	11×9×7	30.7	48.6	0.65	3.6	0.65	3.6	1.67	0.99	9.4

Dimensions of MSG-S

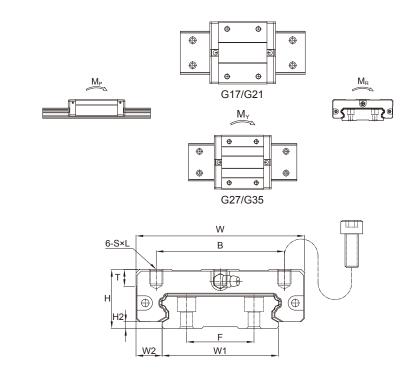


Unit: mm

		External dimension					Carriage dimension									
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	C	F	S×ℓ	L,	Т	N	G	К	d ₁	Grease Nipple
MSG17 S	17	50	50.2	8.5	2.5	29	15	18	M4×4	33.6	6	4.15	4	2.5	2.4	G-M3
MSG21 S	21	54	59	8.5	3	31	19	22	M5×6	40	8	5	12	5.5	2.5	G-M6
MSG27 S	27	62	72.2	10	3	46	32	24	M6×6	51.8	10	6	12	6.2	3.3	G-M6
MSG35 S	35	100	105.2	15.5	4	76	50	40	M8×8	77.6	10	7	12	8.55	3.3	G-M6

 ${\color{red}Note:} The \ basic \ dynamic \ load \ rating \ C \ of \ ball \ type \ is \ based \ on \ the \ 50 \ km \ for \ nomonal \ life. The \ conversion \ between \ C \ for \ load \ rating \ C \ of \ ball \ type \ is \ based \ on \ the \ 50 \ km \ for \ nomonal \ life.$ 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is $C=1.26 \times C_{100}$.

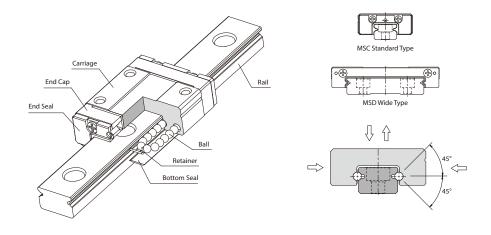
Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.



	Rail dimension			Basic load rating			Static r	nomer	nt rating		Weight			
Model No.	Width W.	Height	Pitch P	E std.	D×h×d	Dynamic C	Static C _o		M _P N-m		M _y N-m	M _R kN-m	Carriage	Rail
	VV 1	п	P	sta.		kN kN Sin	Single*	Double*	Single*	Double*	KIN-III	kg	kg/m	
MSG17 S	33	9	40	15	7.5×5.3×4.5	4.8	8.6	0.05	0.24	0.05	0.24	0.14	0.12	2.02
MSG21 S	37	11	50	15	7.5×5.3×4.5	7	12.1	0.08	0.46	0.08	0.46	0.22	0.25	2.86
MSG27 S	42	15	60	20	7.5×5.3×4.5	12.4	20.2	0.15	0.87	0.15	0.87	0.42	0.31	4.49
MSG35 S	69	19	80	20	11×9×7	30.7	48.6	0.65	3.6	0.65	3.6	1.67	0.99	9.4

Miniature Type, MSC, MSD Stainless Steel Series

Construction



Characteristics

MSC standard type and MSD wide type stainless steel series are applied two rows with Gothicarch groove and designed to contact angle of 45° which enables it to bear an equal load in radial, reversed radial and lateral directions. Furthermore, ultra compact and low friction resistance design is suit to compact equipment. The lubrication route makes the lubricant evenly distribute in each circulation loop. Therefore, the optimum lubrication can be achieved in any installation direction, and this promotes the performance in running accuracy, service life, and reliability.

Four-way Equal Load

The two trains of balls are allocated to a Gothic-arch groove contact angle at 45°, thus each train of balls can takeup an equal rated load in all four directions.

Ultra Compact

The ultra compact design is suit to the compact application with limited in space.

Ball Retainer

Design with ball retainer can prevent ball form dropping.

Smooth Movement with Low Noise

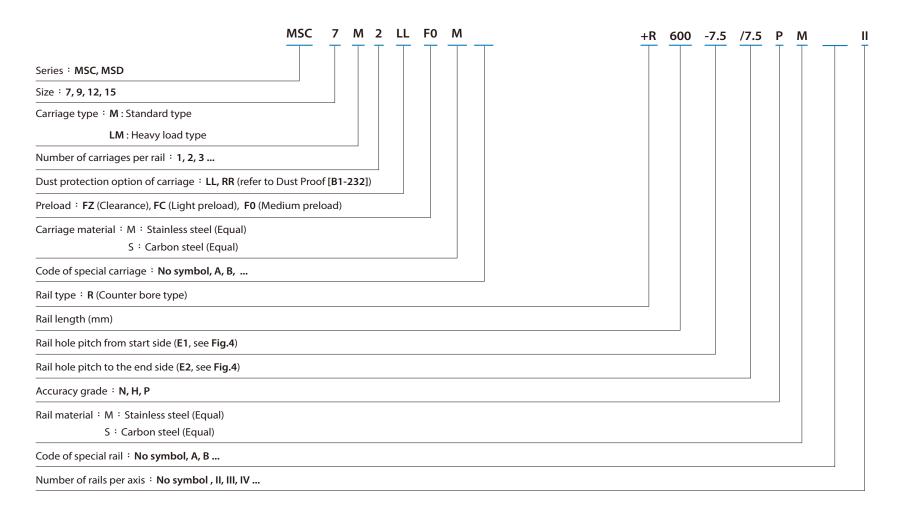
The simplified design of circulating system with strengthened synthetic resin accessories makes the movement smooth and quiet.

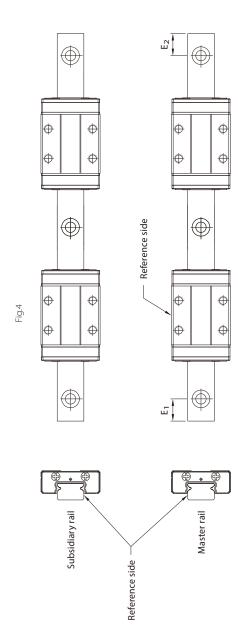
Interchangeability

For interchangeable type of linear guideway, the dimensional tolerances are strictly maintained within a reasonable range, and this has made the random matching of the same size of rails and carriages possible. Therefore, the similar preload and accuracy can be obtained even under the random matching condition. As a result of this advantage, the linear guideway can be stocked as standard parts, the installation and maintenance become more convenient. Moreover, this is also beneficial for shortening the delivery time.

Description of Specification

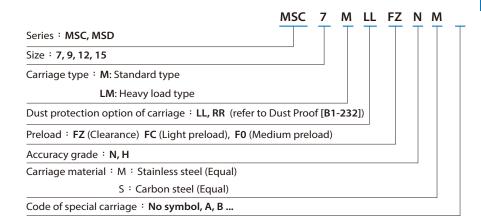
Non-interchangeable Type



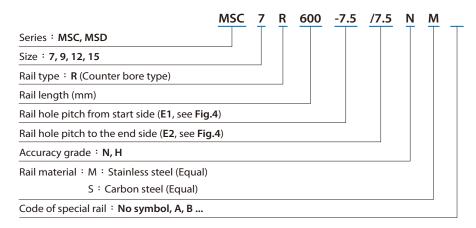


Interchangeable Type

Code of Carriage



Code of Rail



Accuracy Grade

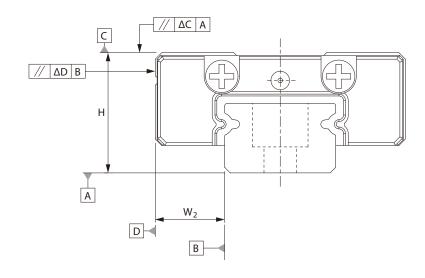


Table 4 Running Parallelism

Rail le	ength (mm)	Run	ning Parallelism Values(μ m)
Above	Or less (incl.)	N	Н	Р
-	40	8	4	1
40	70	10	4	1
70	100	11	4	2
100	130	12	5	2
130	160	13	6	2
160	190	14	7	2
190	220	15	7	3
220	250	16	8	3
250	280	17	8	3

Rail le	ength (mm)	Run	ning Parallelism Values(μm)
Above	Or less (incl.)	N	Н	Р
280	310	17	9	3
310	340	18	9	3
340	370	18	10	3
370	400	19	10	3
400	430	20	11	4
430	460	20	12	4
460	490	21	12	4
490	520	21	12	4
520	550	22	12	4
550	580	22	13	4
580	610	22	13	4
610	640	22	13	4
640	670	23	13	4
670	700	23	13	5
700	730	23	14	5
730	760	23	14	5
760	790	23	14	5
790	820	23	14	5
820	850	24	14	5
850	880	24	15	5
880	910	24	15	5
910	940	24	15	5
940	970	24	15	5
970	1000	25	16	5

Rail le	ength (mm)	Run	ning Parallelism Values	(μm)
Above	Or less (incl.)	N	Н	Р
1000	1030	25	16	5
1030	1060	25	16	6
1060	1090	25	16	6
1090	1120	25	16	6
1120	1150	25	16	6
1150	1180	26	17	6
1180	1210	26	17	6
1210	1240	26	17	6
1240	1270	26	17	6
1270	1300	26	17	6
1300	1330	26	17	6
1330	1360	27	18	6
1360	1390	27	18	6
1390	1420	27	18	6
1420	1450	27	18	7
1450	1480	27	18	7
1480	1510	27	18	7
1510	1540	28	19	7
1540	1570	28	19	7
1570	1800	28	19	7

Non-Interchangeable Type

Model			Accuracy Grade			
No.	Item	Normal N	High H	Precision P		
	Tolerance for height H	±0.04	±0.02	±0.01		
_	Height difference ΔH	0.03	0.015	0.007		
7 9	Tolerance for distance W_2 Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	±0.04	±0.025	±0.015		
12		0.03	0.02	0.01		
15	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 4)				
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	Δ	AD (see the Table 4	1)		

Interchangeable Type

Model			Accurac	y Grade	
No.		ltem	Normal N	High H	
	Tole	rance for height H	±0.04	±0.02	
	Tolerance for distance W ₂		±0.04	±0.025	
7	7 Paired	Height difference (ΔH)	0.03	0.015	
9 12	single- rail	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.02	
15		multiple-rail height difference (ΔH)	0.07	0.04	
		parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 4)		
	٥.	parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 4)		

Note: Definition of interchangeable: It is confined to the carriage on the single rail, not including the exchange of multiple rails and carriages.



MSD series

Unit: mm Model (max.) 3 0.2 3 0.2 12 0.3 0.4 3.5 4 15 0.5 0.5 3.5 5

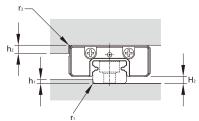
Preload Grade

Series		Preload grade			
Series	Clearance (FZ)	Light preload (FC)	Medium preload (F0)		
MSC7					
MSC9	Clearance 4~10μm	Clearance 2μm~0.01C	0.01~0.02C		
MSC12	Clearance 4.4 τομπι		0.01~0.02C		
MSC15					
MSC7L					
MSC9L	Classes as 4, 10,	Clearance 2µm~0.01C	0.01~0.02C		
MSC12L	Clearance 4~10µm	Clearance 2µm~0.01C	0.01~0.02C		
MSC15L					
MSD7					
MSD9	Clearance 4~10μm	Clearance 2µm~0.01C	0.01~0.02C		
MSD12	Clearance 4~ 10μm	Clearance 2µm~0.01C	0.01~0.02C		
MSD15					
MSD7L					
MSD9L	Classance 4 1000	Clearance 2µm~0.01C	0.01~0.02C		
MSD12L	Clearance 4~10μm	Clearance 2µm~0.01C	0.01~0.02C		
MSD15L					

Note: C is basic dynamic load rating in above table. Refer to the specification of products, please.

The Shoulder Height and Corner Radius for Installation

MSC series



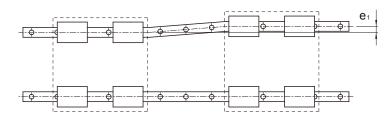
Model No.	r ₁ (max.)	r ₂ (max.)	h _i	h ₂	H ₂
7	0.2	0.2	1.0	3	1.5
9	0.2	0.3	1.7	3	2.2
12	0.3	0.4	2.5	4	3
15	0.5	0.5	3.5	5	4

Unit: mm

Dimensional Tolerance of Mounting Surface

The tolerances of parallelism between two axes are shown as below.

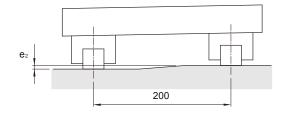
The parallel deviation between two axes (e₁)



Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade						
Model No.	FZ	FC	F0				
MSC 7 MSD7	12	3	3				
MSC 9 MSD9	15	4	3				
MSC 12 MSD12	20	9	5				
MSC 15 MSD15	25	10	6				

Level difference between two axes (e₂)

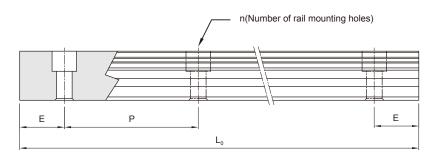


Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade							
	FZ	FC	F0					
MSC 7 MSD7	25	25	6					
MSC 9 MSD9	35	35	6					
MSC 12 MSD12	50	50	12					
MSC 15 MSD15	60	60	20					

Note: The permissible values in table are applicable when the span is 200mm wide.

Rail Maximum Length and Standard



 $L_0=(n-1)\times P+2\times E$

 L_{θ} : Total Length of rail (mm)

n: Number of mounting holes

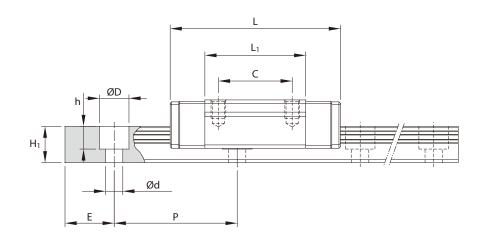
P: Distance between any two holes (mm)

E: Distance from the center of the last hole to the edge (mm)

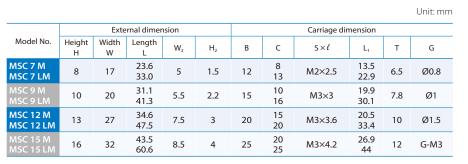
Unit: μm

Mode	Model No.		Standard (E _{std.})	Standard (maximum) (L ₀ max.)
	7	15	5	1000
MCC	9	20	7.5	1000
MSC	MSC 12	25	10	1000 (2000)
	15	40	15	1000 (2000)
	7	30	10	1000 (2000)
MCD	9	30	10	1000 (2000)
MSD	12	40	15	1000 (2000)
	15	40	15	1000 (2000)

Dimensions of MSC-M / MSC-LM

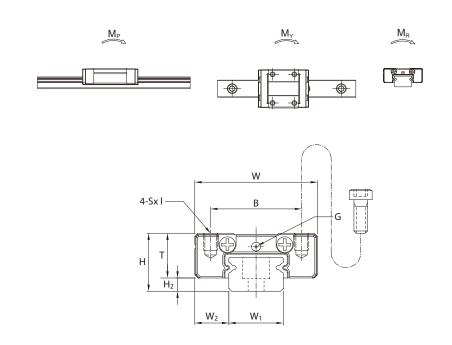






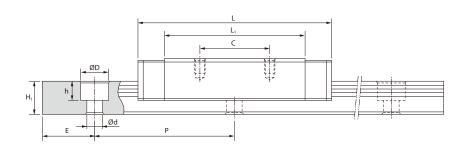
Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is C=1.26 x C_{100} .

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.

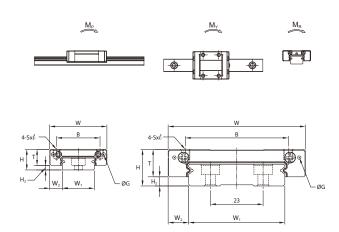


			Rail	dimer	nsion	1	Basic load	l rating		Static n	nomen	t rating		Weight	
Model N	o. Widt	h Hei	ight	Pitch	Е	D×h×d	Dynamic	Static		M _P I-m		M _Y I-m	M _R	Carriage	Rail
	W ₁	Н	1,	Р	std.	DAIIAU	kN	C _o kN		Double*			N-m	g	kg/m
MSC 7 M		- 4	.7	15	5	4.2×2.3×2.4	0.94 1.36	1.28	2.6 7.4	15.33 37.92	2.6 7.4	15.33 37.92	4.7 8.3	7 13	0.22
MSC 9 M MSC 9 LI	0) 5	.5	20	7.5	6×3.3×3.5	1.71 2.52	2.24 3.92	6.1	33.46	6.1	33.46 84.63	10.8	15 24	0.33
MSC 12 I MSC 12 I	M M 12 -0.		.5	25	10	6×4.5×3.5	2.62 3.77	3.52 5.72				63.96 141.52		40 60	0.63
MSC 15 I MSC 15 I	15) 05 9.	.5	40	15	6×4.5×3.5	4.52 6.47					132.17 295.87		71 100	1.02

Specifications | Dimensions of MSD



Dimensions of MSD-M / MSD-LM



U	r	١i	t:	r	Υ	ır	Υ

		Exte	rnal dimer	nsion		Carriage dimension					
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	С	S×ℓ	L,	Т	G
MSD 7 M MSD 7 LM	9	25	30.8 40.5	5.5	2	19	10 19	M3×3	20.6 30.3	3.9	Ø1.5
MSD 9 M MSD 9 LM	12	30	38.7 50.7	6	3.7	21 23	12 24	M3×3	27.1 39.1	5	Ø1.5
MSD 12 M MSD 12 LM	14	40	44.5 60	8	4	28	15 28	M3×4	31.0 46.5	10	Ø1.5
MSD 15 M MSD 15 LM	16	60	55.5 74.5	9	4	45	20 35	M4×4.5	40.3 59.3	12	Ø1.5

Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is C=1.26 x C_{100} .

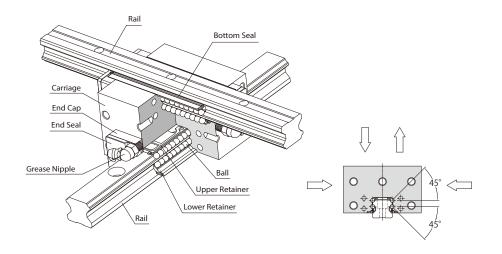
 ${\color{blue}\textbf{Note}}^* : \textbf{Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.}$

Ur	ΠI	:: r	m	n

	Rail dimension				Basic load rating			Static ı	momer	nt rating		Weight		
Model No.	Width	Height	Pitch	Е		Dynamic			Λ _P		M _Y	M _R	Carriage	Rail
	W,	H ₁	P	std.	D×h×d	C	C _o		-m	-	-m	N-m	g	kg/m
		'				kN	kN	Single	Double*	Single	Double		9	
MSD 7 M	14 0	5.2	30	10	6×3.2×3.5	1.51	2.46	6.6	39.0	6.6	39.0	17.7	23	0.55
MSD 7 LM	-0.05	3.2	30	10	0.83.283.3	2.04	3.79	17.5	84.0	17.5	84.0	27.3	31	0.55
MSD 9 M	18 0	7	20	10	6×4.5×3.5	2.79	4.37	15.6	90.3	15.6	90.3	40.7	41	0.96
MSD 9 LM	-0.05	,	30	10	0X4.3X3.3	3.64	6.39	33.8	175.2	33.8	175.2	59.5	57	0.96
MSD 12 M	24 0	0.5	40	1 -	8×4.5×4.5	4.05	6.20	26.3	151.5	26.3	151.5	76.3	70	1.55
MSD 12 LM	²⁴ -0.05	8.5	40	15	8×4.5×4.5	5.28	9.06	57.0	294.4	57.0	294.4	116.6	101	1.55
MSD 15 M	42 0	0.5	40	1 5	8×4.5×4.5	7.08	10.18	62.5	301.4	62.5	301.4	216.9	130	2.99
MSD 15 LM	⁴² -0.05	9.5	40	15	0.4.3.4.3	9.40	15.26	135.2	616.1	135.2	616.1	325.3	150	2.99

Cross Linear Guideway MSH Series

Construction



Characteristics

Balls roll four rows of raceways precision-ground on a rail and a carriage, and end cap incorporated in the carriage allow the balls to circulate. Since retainer plates hold the balls, they do not fall off even if the rail is pulled out. This model is an integral type of linear guideway that squares an internal structure similar to other model, which has a proven track record and is highly reliable, with another and uses two rails in combination.

The two rails are also machined with high precision in relative straightness. As a result, extremely high accuracy in orthogonality is achieved. Since an orthogonal linear guideway system can be achieved with model MSH alone, a conventionally required saddle is no longer necessary, the structure for X-Y motion can be simplified and the whole system can be downsized.

Four-way Equal Load

The four trains of balls are allocated to a circular contact angle at 45°, thus each train of balls can take up an equal rated load in all four directions. Moreover, a sufficient preload can be achieved to increase rigidity, and this makes it suitable for any kind of installation.

High Rigidity

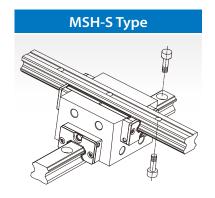
Since balls are arranged in four rows in a well-balanced manner, this model is stiff against a moment, and smooth straight motion is ensured even a preload is applied to increase the rigidity. The rigidity of the carriages is 50% higher than that of a combination of two carriages secured together back-to-back with bolts. Thus, MSH is an optimal linear guideway for building an X-Y table that requires high rigidity.



Carriage Type

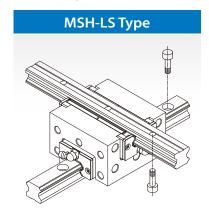
Rail Type

Heavy Load

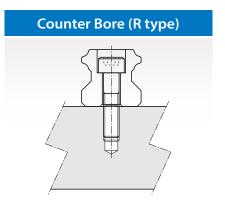


This model is a standard type.

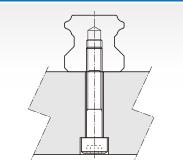
Ultra Heavy Load



All dimensions are same as MSH-S except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

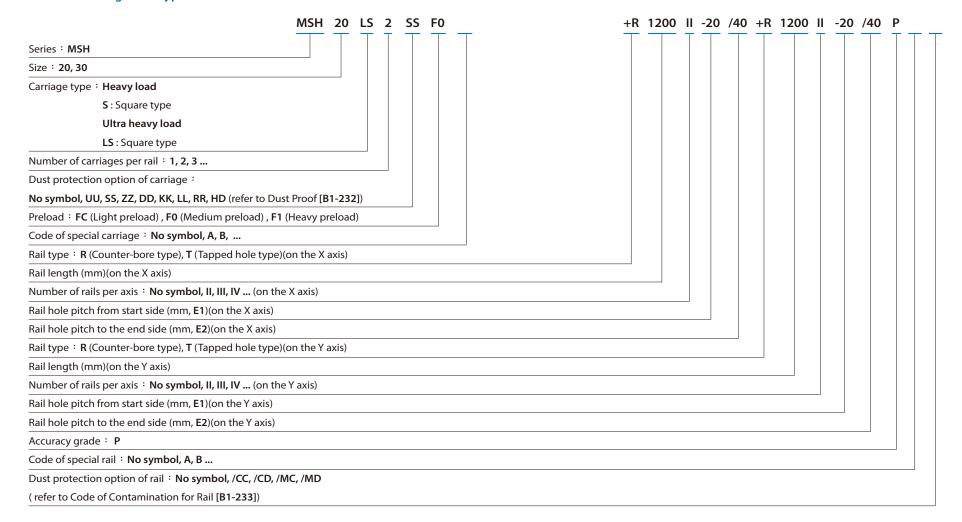


Tapped Hole (T type)



Description of Specification

Non-Interchangeable Type



Accuracy Grade

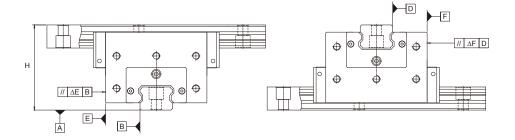


Table 5 Running Parallelism

Rail leng	gth (mm)	Running Parallelism Values(μ m)
Above	Or less (incl.)	Р
0	315	3
315	400	4
400	500	5
500	630	6
630	800	7
800	1000	8
1000	1250	10
1250	1600	11
1600	2000	13
2000	2500	15
2500	3000	16

Non-Interchangeable Type

Unit: mm

Model		Accuracy Grade		
No.	ltem	Precision P		
	Difference in height H	0.01		
20	Perpendicularity of surface D against surface B	0.005		
20	Running parallelism of surface E against surface B	ΔE (see the Table 5)		
	Running parallelism of surface F against surface D	ΔF (see the Table 5)		
	Difference in height H	0.01		
20	Perpendicularity of surface D against surface B	0.01		
30	Running parallelism of surface E against surface B	ΔE (see the Table 5)		
	Running parallelism of surface F against surface D	ΔF (see the Table 5)		

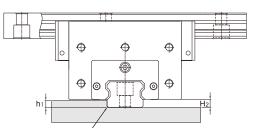
Preload Grade

Series		Preload Grade	
Series	Light preload (FC)	Medium preload(F0)	Heavy preload(F1)
MSH20L	0~0.02C	0.03~0.05C	0.05~0.08C
MSH30L	0~0.02C	0.03~0.05C	0.05~0.08C

Note: C is basic dynamic load rating in above table. Refer to the specification of products, please.

The Shoulder Height and Corner Radius for Installation

MSH series



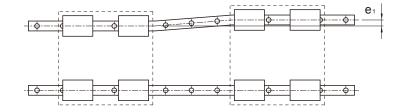
			Unit: mm
Model No.	r ₁ (max.)	h ₁ (max.)	H ₂
20	0.5	3.5	5
30	1	5	8

XPMI

Dimensional Tolerance of Mounting Surface

With the self alignment capability, the minor dimensional error in mounting surface could be compensated and achieves smooth linear motion. The tolerances of parallelism between two axes are shown as below.

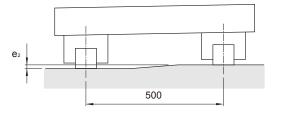
The parallel deviation between two axes (e₁)



Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade							
	FC	F0	F1					
20	25	20	18					
30	40	30	27					

Level difference between two axes (e₂)

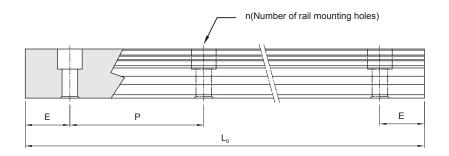


Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade							
Model No.	FC	F0	F1					
20	130	85	50					
30	170	110	90					

Note: The permissible values in table are applicable when the span is 500mm wide.

Rail Maximum Length and Standard



 $L_0=(n-1)\times P+2\times E$

 L_{θ} : Total Length of rail (mm)

n: Number of mounting holes

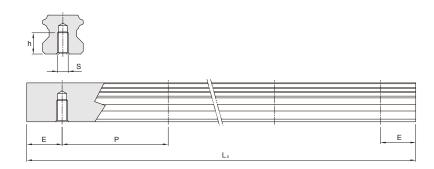
P: Distance between any two holes (mm)

E: Distance from the center of the last hole to the edge (mm)

Unit: mm

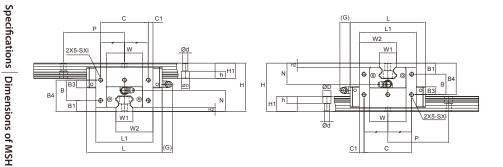
Model No.	Standard Pitch (P)	Standard (E _{std.})	Minimum (E _{min.})	Max (L₀ max.)
MSH20	60	20	6	3000
MSH30	80	20	8	3000

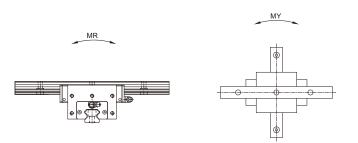
Tapped Hole Rail Dimensions



Rail Model	S	h(mm)
MSH20T	M6	10
MSH30T	M8	15

Dimensions of MSH-LS





Unit: mm

	External dimension				Carriage dimension										
Model No.	Height H	Width L1	Length L	В1	Вз	В4	В	C	C1	S×ℓ	w	H₂	N	G	Grease Nipple
MSH20LS	57	78	88.8	13	9.1	37	24	56	11	M5×8	42.7	5	25	12	G-M6
MSH30LS	82	93.6	119.2	21	11	53	32	76	8.8	M6×10	57	8	35	12	G-M6

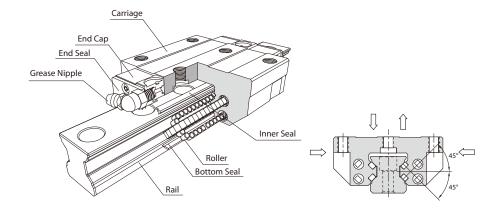
Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is C=1.26 x C_{100} .

Unit:	mm	

			R	ail dim	ension	I		Basic load rating		Static moment rating		Weight	
Model No.	Width W ₁	Width W₂	Height H ₁	Pitch P	E std.	D×h×d	Max Length	Dynamic C kN	Static C _o kN	M _P kN-m	M _Y kN-m	Carriage kg	Rail kg/m
MSH20LS	20	49	18	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	3000	23.3	39.3	0.38	0.39	1.55	2.4
MSH30LS	28	60.8	26	80	20	14×12×9	3000	47.9	77	1.05	1.07	5.6	4.8

Full Roller Type, MSR Series

Construction



Characteristics

The full roller type linear guideway, MSR series, equip with rollers instead of the ball, and therefore the MSR series can provide higher rigidity and loading than the normal type with the same size. Especially suit for the requests of high accuracy, heavy load and high rigidity.

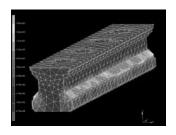
Ultra Heavy Load

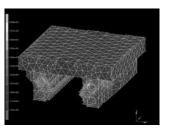
MSR linear guideway through rollers have a line contact with carriage and rail. Relative to the general type linear guideway through balls have a point contact; the MSR type linear guideway can offer lower elastic deformation while bearing the same load. Base on the rollers have the same outer diameter with balls, the roller can bear the heavier load. The excellent characteristics of high rigidity and ultra heavy load can suitable for the high accuracy application that heavy load is processed even more.



The Optimization Design of Four Directional Load

Through the structure stress analysis of finite element method, MSR series have four trains of rollers are designed to a contact angle of 45° and the section design for high rigidity. Except for bearing heavier loads in radial, reversed radial and lateral directions, a sufficient preload can be achieved to increase rigidity, and this makes it suitable for any kind of installation.

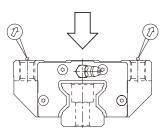


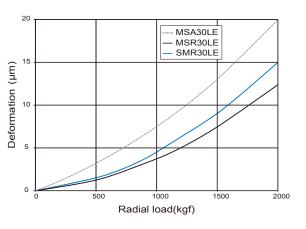


Ultra High Rigidity

Test data of rigidity

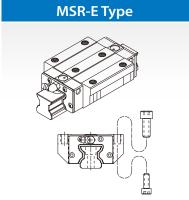
Test samples: Ball type MSA30LE with preload F1
Full roller type MSR30LE with preload F1
Roller chain type SMR30LE with preload F1





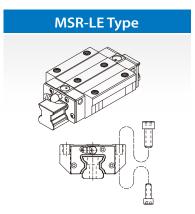
Carriage Type

Heavy Load



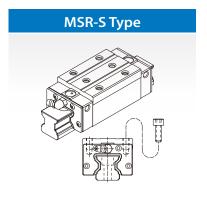
This type offers the installation either from top or bottom side of carriage.

Ultra Heavy Load

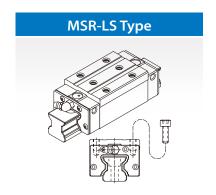


All dimensions are same as MSR-E except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

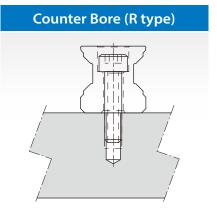
Rail Type

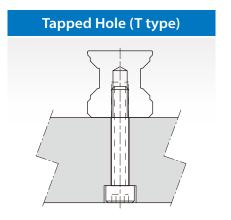


Square type with smaller width and can be installed from top side of carriage.



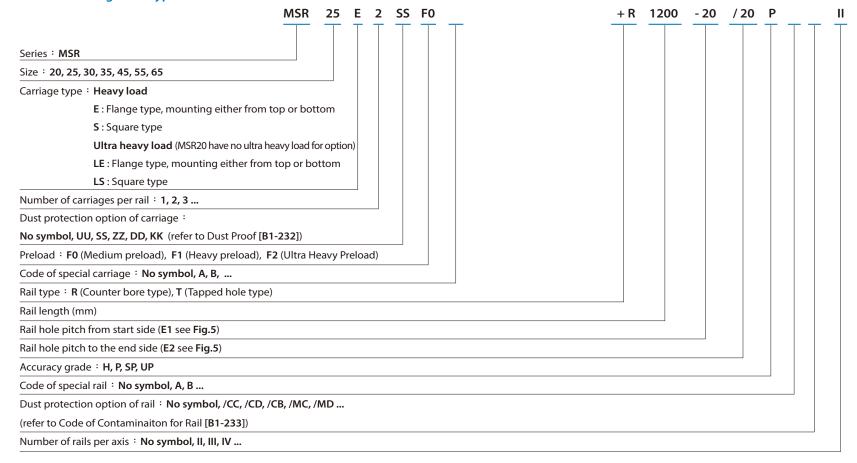
All dimensions are same as MSR-S except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

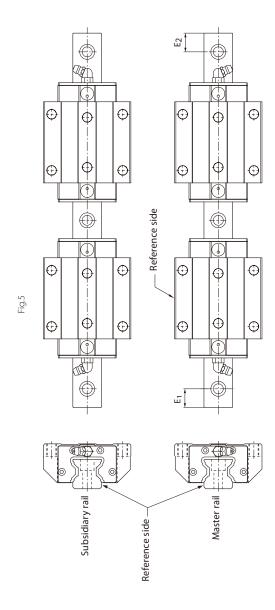




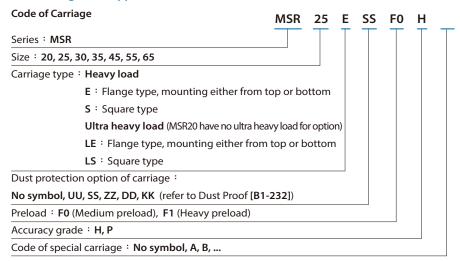
Description of Specification

Non-interchangeable Type

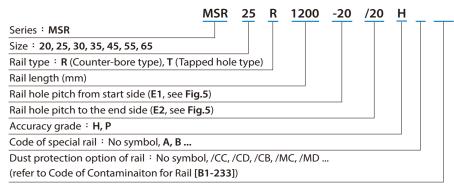




Interchangeable Type



Code of Rail



Accuracy Grade

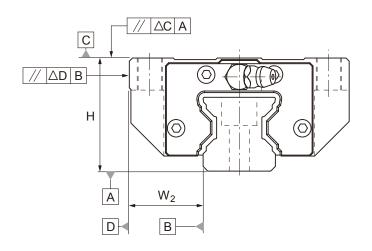


Table 6 Running Parallelism

Rail le	ength (mm)	Running Parallelism Values(μm)					
Above	Or less (incl.)	Н	Р	SP	UP		
0	315	6	3	2	1.5		
315	400	8	4	2	1.5		
400	500	9	5	2	1.5		
500	630	11	6	2.5	1.5		
630	800	12	7	3	2		
800	1000	14	8	4	2		
1000	1250	16	10	5	2.5		
1250	1600	18	11	6	3		
1600	2000	20	13	7	3.5		
2000	2500	22	15	8	4		
2500	3000	24	16	9	4.5		
3000	3500	25	17	11	5		
3500	4000	26	18	12	6		

Non-Interchangeable Type

			Accurac	y Grade			
Model No.	ltem.	High H	Precision P	Super Precision SP	Ulitra Precision UP		
	Tolerance for height H	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.02	0 -0.01		
20	Height difference ΔH	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
25 30	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.02	0 -0.01		
	Difference in distance W ₂ (ΔW ₂)	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
35	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 6)					
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 6)					
	Tolerance for height H	±0.05	0 -0.05	0 -0.03	0 -0.02		
	Height difference ΔH	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
45	Tolerance for distance W₂	±0.05	0 -0.05	0 -0.03	0 -0.02		
55	Difference in distance W ₂ (ΔW ₂)	0.02	0.01	0.007	0.005		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		ΔC (see th	ee the Table 6)			
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD (see th	ne Table 6)			
	Tolerance for height H	±0.07	0 -0.07	0 -0.05	0 -0.03		
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.007	0.005		
65	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.07	0 -0.07	0 -0.05	0 -0.03		
	Difference in distance W ₂ (ΔW ₂)	0.025	0.015	0.01	0.007		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		ΔC (see th	ie Table 6)			
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 6)					

Interchangeable Type

Model		Accurac	y Grade		
No.	ltem.	High H	Precision P		
	Tolerance for height H	±0.04	0 -0.04		
20	Height difference ΔH	0.015	0.007		
25	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.04	0 -0.04		
30	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.015	0.007		
35	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see th	e Table 6)		
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see th	ie Table 6)		
	Tolerance for height H	±0.05	0 -0.05		
	Height difference ΔH	0.015	0.007		
45	Tolerance for distance W₂	±0.05	0 -0.05		
55	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 6)			
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see th	e Table 6)		
	Tolerance for height H	±0.07	0 -0.07		
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01		
65	Tolerance for distance W₂	±0.07	0 -0.07		
	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.025	0.015		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see th	e Table 6)		
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see th	ne Table 6)		

Note: Definition of interchangeable: It is confined to the carriage on the single rail, not including the exchange of multiple rails and carriages.

Preload Grade

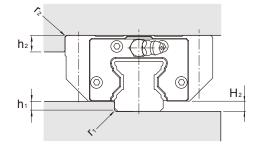
	Preload grade							
Series	Medium preload (F0)	Heavy preload(F1)	Ultra heavy preload(F2)					
MSR20								
MSR25								
MSR30		0.07~0.09C						
MSR35	0.04~0.06C		0.12~0.14C					
MSR45								
MSR55								
MSR65								

Note: C is basic dynamic load rating in above table. Refer to the specification of products, please.

The Shoulder Height and Corner Radius for Installation

MSR series



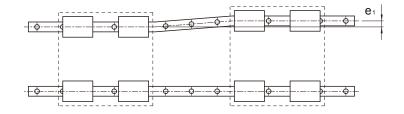


Model No.	r ₁ (max.)	r ₂ (max.)	h ₁	h ₂	H ₂
20	0.5	0.5	3.5	5	4.6
25	0.5	0.5	4	8	4.8
30	0.5	0.5	5	8	6
35	1	1	5.5	10	6.5
45	1	1	6	12	8.1
55	1	1	8	15	10
65	1	1	10	15	12

Dimensional Tolerance of Mounting Surface

With the high rigidity, the minor dimensional error in mounting surface could be compensated and achieves smooth linear motion. The tolerances of parallelism between two axes are shown as below.

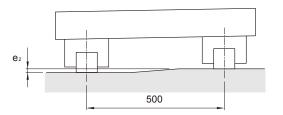
The parallel deviation between two axes (e₁)



Unit: μm

Mardal Na	Preload Grade									
Model No.	F0	F1	F2							
20	7	5	3							
25	9	7	5							
30	11	8	6							
35	14	10	7							
45	17	13	9							
55	21	14	11							
65	27	18	14							

Level difference between two axes (e₂)

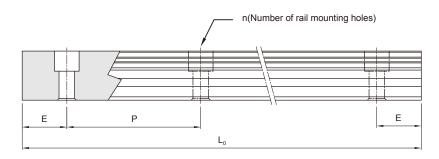


Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade								
Model No.	FO	F1	F2						
20									
25									
30									
35	150	105	55						
45									
55									
65									

Note: The permissible values in table are applicable when the span is 500mm wide.

Rail Maximum Length and Standard



 $L_0=(n-1)\times P+2\times E$

 L_0 : Total Length of rail (mm)

n: Number of mounting holes

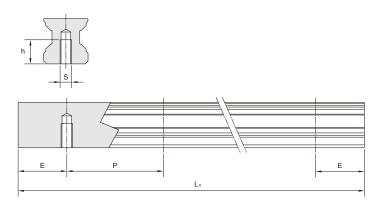
P: Distance between any two holes (mm)

E: Distance from the center of the last hole to the edge (mm)

Unit: mm

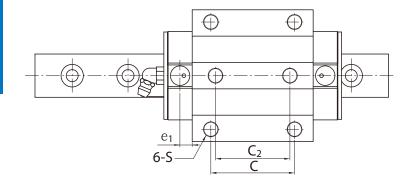
Model No.	Standard Pitch (P)	Standard (E _{std.})	Minimum (E _{min.})	Max (L₀ max.)	
MSR 20	30	20	6	4000	
MSR 25	30	20	7	4000	
MSR 30	40	20	8	4000	
MSR 35	40	20	8	4000	
MSR 45	52.5	22.5	11	4000	
MSR 55	60	30	13	4000	
MSR 65	75	35	14	4000	

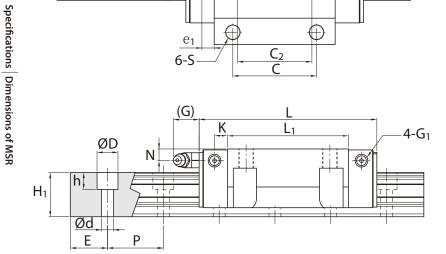
Tapped Hole Rail Dimensions



Rail Model	S	h(mm)
MSR 20T	M6	11
MSR 25 T	M6	12
MSR 30 T	M8	15
MSR 35 T	M8	17
MSR 45 T	M12	24
MSR 55 T	M14	24
MSR 65 T	M20	30

Dimensions of MSR-E / MSR-LE

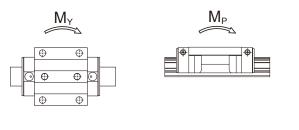




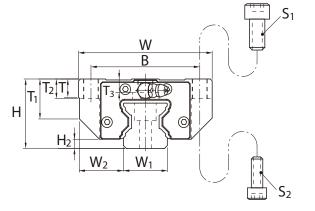
		t:		

	E	xterna	dimen	sion							C	arriag	je d	imens	ion					
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	С	C ₂	S	L,	Т	T,	T ₂	T ₃	N	G	K	e ₁	G ₁	Grease Nipple
MSR 20 E MSR 20 LE	30	63	89.8 109.8	21.5	4.6	53	40	35	M6	57.8 77.8	10	25.4	10	7.95	5	5.15	4	6.5	M4	G-M4
MSR 25 E MSR 25 LE	36	70	97.5 115.5	23.5	4.8	57	45	40	M8	65.5 83.5	9.5	20.2	10	5.8	6	12	6.6	6.5	M6	G-M6
MSR 30 E MSR 30 LE	42	90	112.4 135.2	31	6	72	52	44	M10	75.9 98.7	10	21.6	13	6.7	7	12	8	7	M6	G-M6
MSR 35 E MSR 35 LE		100	125.3 153.5	33	6.5	82	62	52	M10	82.3 110.5	12	27.5	15	9.5	8	12	8	7	M6	G-M6
MSR 45 E MSR 45 LE	60	120	154.2 189.4	37.5	8	100	80	60	M12	106.5 141.7	14.5	35.5	15	12.5	10	13.5	10	8	M6	G-PT 1/8
MSR 55 E MSR 55 LE	70	140	185.4 235.4	43.5	10	116	95	70	M14	129.5 179.5	17.5	41	18	15.5	11	13.5	12	7.95	Мб	G-PT 1/8
MSR 65 E MSR 65 LE	90	170	238.4 300.4	53.5	12	142	110	82	M16	168 230	19.5	56	20	26	16.5	13.5	12	8	Мб	G-PT 1/8

Note: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.



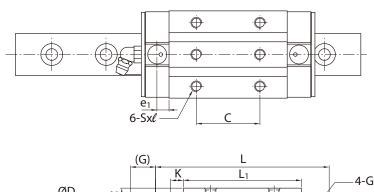


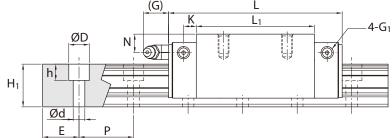


Model No.	Bolt Size					
Model No.	S ₁	S ₂				
MSR 20	M6	-				
MSR 25	M8	M6				
MSR 30	M10	M8				
MSR 35	M10	M8				
MSR 45	M12	M10				
MSR 55	M14	M12				
MSR 65	M16	M14				

	Ra	ail dim	ensio	n	Basic load	d rating		Static	momen	t rating		Weight		
Model No.	Width W ₁	Height H ₁	Pitch P	E std.	D×h×d	Dynamic C kN	Static C _o kN		M _P N-m Double [*]		M _Y N-m Double [*]	M _R kN-m	Carriage kg	Rail kg/m
MSR 20 E MSR 20 LE	20	20	30	20	9.5×8.5×6	22.8 26.6	60.8 74.0	0.51 0.84	2.85 4.24	0.51 0.84	2.85 4.24	0.62 0.69	0.54 0.71	2.6
MSR 25 E MSR 25 LE	23	23.5	30	20	11×9×7	29.6 36.3	63.8 82.9	0.65 1.08	3.82 5.94	0.65 1.08	3.82 5.94	0.73 0.95	0.75 0.95	3.5
MSR 30 E MSR 30 LE	28	27.5	40	20	14×12×9	42.8 54.0	91.9 124.0	1.09 1.96	6.38 10.60	1.09 1.96	6.38 10.60	1.27 1.75	1.4 1.72	5
MSR 35 E MSR 35 LE	34	30.5	40	20	14×12×9	57.9 73.9	123.5 169.0	1.59 2.94	9.56 16.18	1.59 2.94	9.56 16.18	2.09 2.85	1.95 2.45	7
MSR 45 E MSR 45 LE	45	37	52.5	22.5	20×17×14	92.8 117.2	193.8 261.6	3.28 5.90	18.76 31.32	3.28 5.90	18.76 31.32	4.40 5.94	3.9 4.5	11.2
MSR 55 E MSR 55 LE	53	43	60	30	23×20×16	132.8 172.5	270.0 378.0	5.49 10.60	31.18 55.58	5.49 10.60	31.18 55.58	7.33 10.28	6 7.9	15.6
MSR 65 E MSR 65 LE	63	52	75	35	26×22×18	205.1 277.0	422.7 624.0	11.81 22.50	37.23	11.81 22.50	59.25 117.87	13.71 20.02	13 17.6	22.4

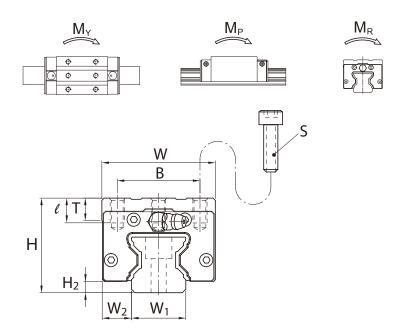
Dimensions of MSR-S / MSR-LS





		Extern	al dimer	nsion						C	arriag	e dim	ension	ı			
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	С	S	l	L ₁	Т	N	G	K	e ₁	G ₁	Grease Nipple
MSR 20 S MSR 20 LS	30	44	89.8 109.8	12	4.6	32	36 50	M5	7	57.8 77.8	8	5	5.15	4	6.5	M4	G-M4
MSR 25 S MSR 25 LS	40	48	97.5 115.5	12.5	4.8	35	35 50	M6	9	65.5 83.5	9.5	10	12	6.6	6.5	M6	G-M6
MSR 30 S MSR 30 LS	45	60	112.4 135.2	16	6	40	40 60	M8	12	75.9 98.7	10	10	12	8	7	M6	G-M6
MSR 35 S MSR 35 LS	55	70	125.3 153.5	18	6.5	50	50 72	M8	14	82.3 110.5	12	15	12	8	7	M6	G-M6
MSR 45 S MSR 45 LS	70	86	154.2 189.4	20.5	8	60	60 80	M10	19	106.5 141.7	17	20	13.5	10	8	M6	G-PT 1/8
MSR 55 S MSR 55 LS	80	100	185.4 235.4	23.5	10	75	75 95	M12	19	129.5 179.5	18	21	13.5	12	7.95	M6	G-PT 1/8
MSR 65 S MSR 65 LS	90	126	238.4 300.4	31.5	12	76	70 120	M16	20	168 230	19.5	16.5	13.5	12	8	M6	G-PT 1/8

Note: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.

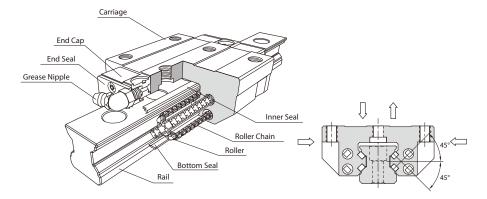


	m	

		Ra	ail dime	ension	1	Basic loa	d rating		Static n	noment	rating		Weig	ht
Model No.	Width W ₁	Height H ₁	Pitch P	E std.	D×h×d	Dynamic C	Static C _o		I-m Double*		/I _Y I-m Double*	M _R kN-m	Carriage kg	Rail kg/m
MSR 20 S MSR 20 LS	20	20	30	20	9.5×8.5×6	22.8 26.6	60.8 74.0	0.51 0.84	2.85 4.24	0.51 0.84	2.85 4.24	0.62 0.69	0.34 0.45	2.6
MSR 25 S MSR 25 LS	23	23.5	30	20	11×9×7	29.6 36.3	63.8 82.9	0.65 1.08	3.82 5.94	0.65 1.08	3.82 5.94	0.73 0.95	0.65 0.85	3.5
MSR 30 S MSR 30 LS	28	27.5	40	20	14×12×9	42.8 54.0	91.9 124.0	1.09 1.96	6.38 10.60	1.09 1.96	6.38 10.60	1.27 1.72	1 1.22	5
MSR 35 S MSR 35 LS	34	30.5	40	20	14×12×9	57.9 73.9	123.5 169.0	1.59 2.94	9.56 16.18	1.59 2.94	9.56 16.18	2.09 2.85	1.65 2.15	7
MSR 45 S MSR 45 LS	45	37	52.5	22.5	20×17×14	92.8 117.2	193.8 261.6	3.28 5.90	18.76 31.32	3.28 5.90	18.76 31.32	4.40 5.94	3.2 4.1	11.2
MSR 55 S MSR 55 LS	53	43	60	30	23×20×16	132.8 172.5	270.0 378.0	5.49 10.60	31.18 55.58	5.49 10.60	31.18 55.58	7.33 10.26	5.1 7	15.6
MSR 65 S MSR 65 LS	63	52	75	35	26×22×18	205.1 277.0	422.7 624.0	11.81 22.50	59.25 117.87	11.81 22.50	59.25 117.87		10.1 13.3	22.4

Full Roller Chain Type SMR Series

Construction



Characteristics

The roller chain type linear guideway, SMR series, equip with rollers instead of the ball, and therefore the SMR series can provide higher rigidity and loading than the normal type with the same size. Besides, the roller chain design can make the movement smooth and stability, especially suit for the requests of high accuracy, heavy load and high rigidity.

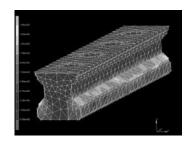
Ultra Heavy Load

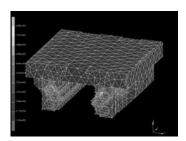
SMR linear guideway through rollers have a line contact with carriage and rail. Relative to the general type linear guideway through balls have a point contact; the SMR type linear guideway can offer lower elastic deformation while bearing the same load. Base on the rollers have the same outer diameter with balls, the roller can bear the heavier load. The excellent characteristics of high rigidity and ultra heavy load can suitable for the high accuracy application that heavy load is processed even more.



The Optimization Design of Four Directional Load

Through the structure stress analysis of finite element method, SMR series have four trains of rollers are designed to a contact angle of 45° and the section design for high rigidity. Except for bearing heavier loads in radial, reversed radial and lateral directions, a sufficient preload can be achieved to increase rigidity, and this makes it suitable for any kind of installation.

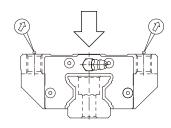


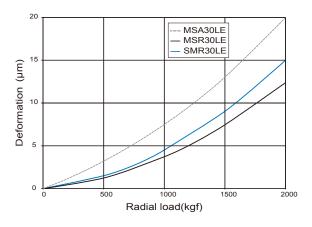


Ultra High Rigidity

Test data of rigidity

Test samples: Ball type MSA30LE with preload F1
Full roller type MSR30LE with preload F1
Roller chain type SMR30LE with preload F1





Roller Chain Design, Smooth Movement

The concise and smooth design of circulating system with strengthened synthetic resin accessories and cooperating with the roller chain, these can avoid interference between rollers and make the rollers more stability during passing in and out the load district. Besides, the roller chain can keep the roller move in a line and improve the movement most smooth substantially.

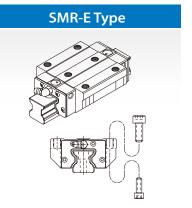


Low Noise, Good Lubricant Effect

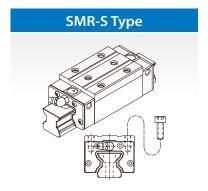
The roller chain design avoids interference between rollers, lowers the operating noise, and can keep the lubricant between the rollers and roller chain effectively. Moreover, improve the movement smooth and service life of the whole, can meet high accuracy, high reliability and smooth and stability.

Carriage Type

Heavy Load

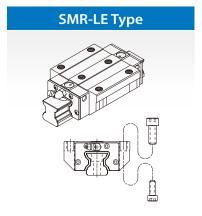


This type offers the installation either from top or bottom side of carriage.



Square type with smaller width and can be installed from top side of carriage.

Ultra Heavy Load

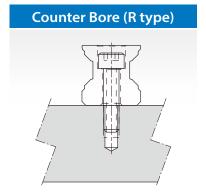


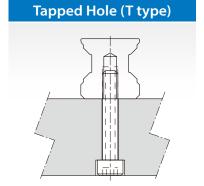
All dimensions are same as SMR-E except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

SMR-LS Type

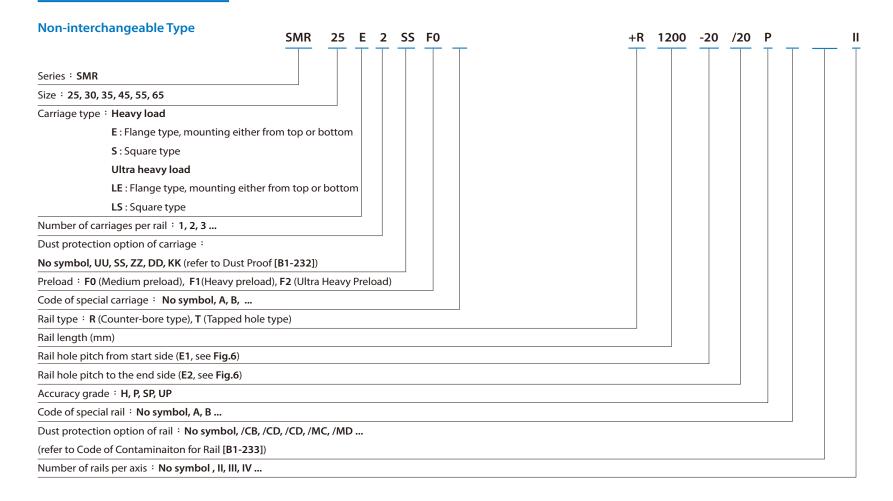
All dimensions are same as SMR-S except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

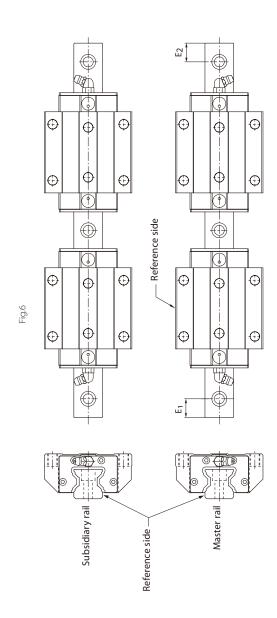
Rail Type



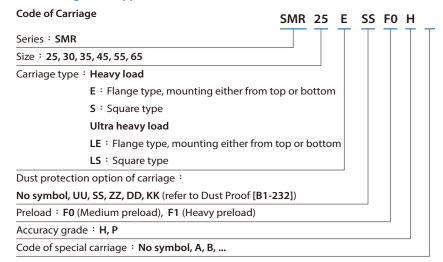


Description of Specification

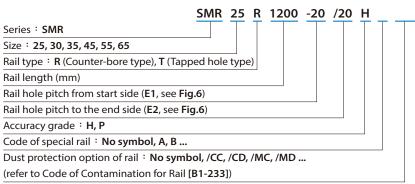




Interchangeable Type



Code of Rail



Accuracy Grade

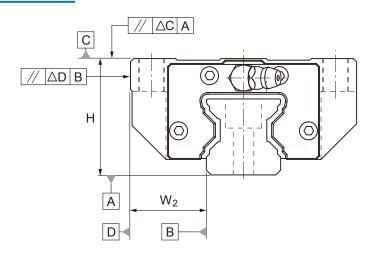


Table 7 Running Parallelism

	ength (mm)	Running Parallelism Values(μm)						
Above	Or less (incl.)	н	Р	SP	UP			
0	315	6	3	2	1.5			
315	400	8	4	2	1.5			
400	500	9	5	2	1.5			
500	630	11	6	2.5	1.5			
630	800	12	7	3	2			
800	1000	14	8	4	2			
1000	1250	16	10	5	2.5			
1250	1600	18	11	6	3			
1600	2000	20	13	7	3.5			
2000	2500	22	15	8	4			
2500	3000	24	16	9	4.5			
3000	3500	25	17	11	5			
3500	4000	26	18	12	6			

Non-Interchangeable Type

			Accurac	y Grade			
Model No.	ltem	High H	Precision P	Super Precision SP	Ulitra Precision UP		
	Tolerance for height H	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.02	0 -0.01		
25	Height difference ΔH	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
30	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.02	0 -0.01		
35	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		ΔC (see th	ne Table 7)			
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD (see the Table 7)				
	Tolerance for height H	±0.05	0 -0.05	0 -0.03	0 -0.02		
	Height difference ΔH	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003		
45 55	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.05	0 -0.05	0 -0.03	0 -0.02		
33	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01	0.007	0.005		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 7)					
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD (see th	ne Table 7)			
	Tolerance for height H	±0.07	0 -0.07	0 -0.05	0 -0.03		
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.007	0.005		
65	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.07	0 -0.07	0 -0.05	0 -0.03		
	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.025	0.015	0.01	0.007		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 7)					
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD (see th	ne Table 7)			

Interchangeable Type

Model		Accurac	y Grade		
No.	ltem	High H	Precision P		
	Tolerance for height H	±0.04	0 -0.04		
25	Height difference ΔH	0.015	0.007		
30	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.04	0 -0.04		
35	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.015	0.007		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see th	ie Table 7)		
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see th	ne Table 7)		
	Tolerance for height H	±0.05	0 -0.05		
	Height difference ΔH	0.015	0.007		
45 55	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.05	0 -0.05		
33	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 7)			
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see th	ne Table 7)		
	Tolerance for height H	±0.07	0 -0.07		
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01		
65	Tolerance for distance W₂	±0.07	0 -0.07		
	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.025	0.015		
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 7)			
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 7)			

Note: Definition of interchangeable: It is confined to the carriage on the single rail, not including the exchange of multiple rails and carriages.

Preload Grade

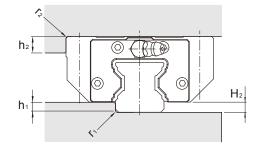
	Preload grade						
Series	Medium preload (F0)	Heavy preload (F1)	Ultra Heavy Preload (F2)				
SMR25							
SMR30							
SMR35	0.04.0.00	0.07. 0.006					
SMR45	0.04~0.06C	0.07~0.09C	0.12~0.14C				
SMR55							
SMR65							

Note: C is basic dynamic load rating in above table. Refer to the specification of products, please.

The Shoulder Height and Corner Radius for Installation

SMR series

Unit: mm



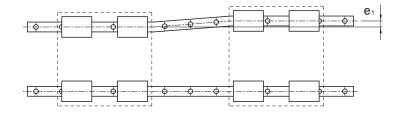
Model No.	r ₁ (max.)	r ₂ (max.)	h ₁	h ₂	H ₂
25	0.5	0.5	4	8	4.8
30	0.5	0.5	5	8	6
35	1	1	5.5	10	6.5
45	1	1	6	12	8.1
55	1	1	8	15	10
65	1	1	10	15	12

PM Linear Median System B1-

Dimensional Tolerance of Mounting Surface

SMR with the high rigidity, the minor dimensional error in mounting surface could be compensated and achieves smooth linear motion. The tolerances of parallelism between two axes are shown as below.

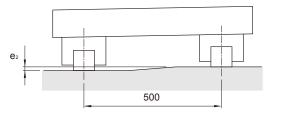
The parallel deviation between two axes (e₁)



Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade						
Model No.	F0	F1	F2				
25	9	7	5				
30	11	8	6				
35	14	10	7				
45	17	13	9				
55	21	14	11				
65	27	18	14				

Level difference between two axes (e₂)



Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade						
Model No.	F0	F1	F2				
25							
30		105					
35	150		55				
45	130		33				
55							
65							

Note: The permissible values in table are applicable when the span is 500mm wide.



n(Number of rail mounting holes) Ε Ε

 $L_0=(n-1)\times P+2\times E$

 L_0 : Total Length of rail (mm)

n: Number of mounting holes

P: Distance between any two holes (mm)

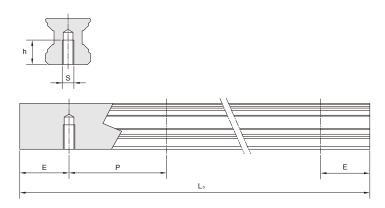
E: Distance from the center of the last hole to the edge (mm)

Rail Maximum Length and Standard

Unit: mm

Model No.	Standard Pitch (P)	Standard (E _{std.})	Minimum (E _{min.})	Max (L₀ max.)
SMR 25	30	20	7	4000
SMR 30	40	20	8	4000
SMR 35	40	20	8	4000
SMR 45	52.5	22.5	11	4000
SMR 55	60	30	13	4000
SMR 65	75	35	14	4000

Tapped Hole Rail Dimensions



Rail Model	S	h(mm)
SMR 25 T	M6	12
SMR 30T	M8	15
SMR 35T	M8	17
SMR 45T	M12	24
SMR 55T	M14	24
SMR 65T	M20	30

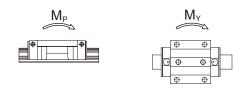
 \oplus

 C_2

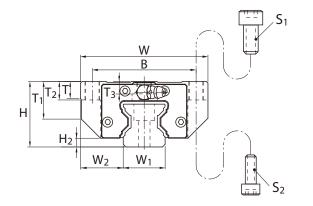
Dimensions of SMR-E / SMR-LE

																			U	nit: mm
	E	External dimension						Carriage dimension												
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	C	C ₂	S	L ₁	Т	T ₁	T ₂	T ₃	N	G	K	e ₁	G ₁	Grease Nipple
SMR 25 E SMR 25 LE	36	70	97.5 115.5	23.5	4.8	57	45	40	M8	65.5 83.5	9.5	20.2	10	5.8	6	12	6.6	6.5	M6	G-M6
SMR 30 E SMR 30 LE	42	90	112.4 135.2	31	6	72	52	44	M10	75.9 98.7	10	21.6	13	6.7	7	12	8	7	M6	G-M6
SMR 35 E SMR 35 LE	48	100	125.3 153.5	33	6.5	82	62	52	M10	82.3 110.5	12	27.5	15	9.5	8	12	8	7	M6	G-M6
SMR 45 E SMR 45 LE	60	120	154.2 189.4	37.5	8	100	80	60	M12	106.5 141.7	14.5	35.5	15	12.5	10	13.5	10	10	M6	G-PT 1/8
SMR 55 E SMR 55 LE	70	140	185.4 235.4	43.5	10	116	95	70	M14	129.5 179.5	17.5	41	18	15.5	11	13.5	12	7.95	M6	G-PT 1/8
SMR 65 E SMR 65 LE	90	170	238.4 300.4	53.5	12	142	110	82	M16	168 230	19.5	56	20	26	16.5	13.5	12	8	M6	G-PT 1/8

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.







Model No.	Bolt	Size
Model No.	S ₁	S ₂
SMR 25	M8	M6
SMR 30	M10	M8
SMR 35	M10	M8
	M12	M10
SMR 55	M14	M12
SMR 65	M16	M14

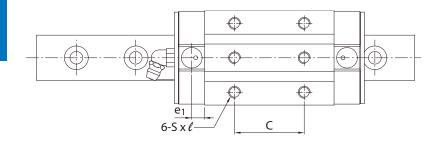
ш	n	i+۰	m	m

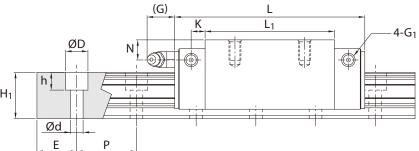
	Rail dimension					Basic loa	d rating		Static r	noment	rating		Weight	
Model No.	Width Height Fitch L D×h		D×h×d	Dynamic C	Static C _o		Л _Р I-m	M _Y kN-m		M_R	Carriage	Rail		
	W ₁	W ₁ H ₁ P		std.	DAIIAG	kN	kN	Single* Double*		Single*	Double*	kN-m	kg	kg/m
SMR 25 E	23	23.5	30	20	11×9×7	27.4	57.4	0.63	3.63	0.63	3.63	0.66	0.75	3.5
SMR 25 LE	23	23.3	30	20	11/3//	33.1	73.3	1.01	5.49	1.01	5.49	0.84	0.95	3.3
SMR 30 E	28	27.5	40	20	14×12×9	39.5	82.7	1.01	5.90	1.01	5.90	1.15	1.4	5
SMR 30 LE	20	27.3	40	20	14×12×9	49.4	110.3	1.78	9.60	1.78	9.60	1.53	1.72	3
SMR 35 E	34	30.5	40	20	14×12×9	55.6	117.0	1.63	9.59	1.63	9.59	1.98	1.95	7
SMR 35 LE	34	30.5	40	20	14/12/2	69.6	156.0	2.86	15.57	2.86	15.57	2.63	2.45	,
SMR 45 E	45	37	52.5	22.5	20×17×14	89.3	184.1	3.27	18.48	3.27	18.48	4.18	3.9	11.2
SMR 45 LE	45	37	32.3	22.5	20/1//14	110.6	242.2	5.6	29.56	5.6	29.56	5.5	4.5	11.2
SMR 55 E	53	43	60	30	23×20×16	127.8	256.5	5.51	30.89	5.51	30.89	6.96	6	15.6
SMR 55 LE	55	43	00	30	23^20^10	163.2	351.0	10.16	53.02	10.16	53.02	9.52	7.9	13.0
SMR 65 E	63	52	75	35	26×22×18	205.1	422.7	11.81	59.25	11.81	59.25	13.71	13	22.4
SMR 65 LE	03	32	/3	33	20^22^10	263.5	583.7	21.49	111.99	21.49	111.99	18.73	17.6	22.4

Specifications Dimensions of SMR

 $\underset{\text{ }}{M_{\text{R}}}$

Dimensions of SMR-S / SMR-LS





	N		
H ₁	h		
	Ød		
	E P		

H H ₂	W B B C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

		m

		Ra	il dime	nsion	1	Basic loa	d rating		Static ı	momen	t rating		Weight	
Model No.	Width W ₁	Height H ₁	Pitch P	E std.	D×h×d	Dynamic C kN	Static C _o kN		M _P N-m Double [*]	k۱	M _Y I-m Double [*]	M _R kN-m	Carriage kg	Rail kg/m
SMR 25 S SMR 25 LS	23	23.5	30	20	11×9×7	27.4 33.1	57.4 73.3	0.63 1.01	3.63 5.49	0.63 1.01	3.63 5.49	0.66 0.84	0.65 0.85	3.5
SMR 30 S SMR 30 LS	28	27.5	40	20	14×12×9	39.5 49.4	82.7 110.3	1.01 1.78	5.90 9.60	1.01 1.78	5.90 9.60	1.15 1.53	1 1.22	5
SMR 35 S SMR 35 LS	34	30.5	40	20	14×12×9	55.6 69.6	117.0 156.0	1.63 2.86	9.59 15.57	1.63 2.86	9.59 15.57	1.98 2.63	1.65 2.15	7
SMR 45 S SMR 45 LS	45	37	52.5	22.5	20×17×14	89.3 110.6	184.1 242.2	3.27 5.6	18.48 29.56	3.27 5.6	18.48 29.56	4.18 5.5	3.2 4.1	11.2
SMR 55 S SMR 55 LS	53	43	60	30	23×20×16	127.8 163.2	256.5 351.0	5.51 10.16	30.89 53.02	5.51 10.16	30.89 53.02	6.96 9.52	5.1 7	15.6
SMR 65 S SMR 65 LS	63	52	75	35	26×22×18	205.1 263.5	422.7 583.7	11.81 21.43	59.25 111.99			13.71 18.73	10.1 13.3	22.4

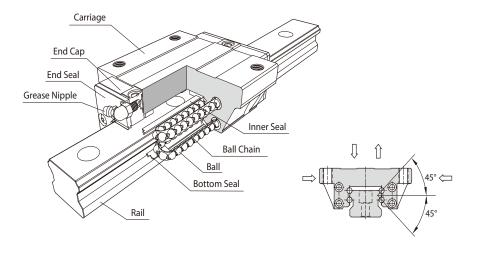
		External dimension					Carriage dimension										
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	С	S	l	L,	Т	N	G	K	e ₁	G ₁	Grease Nipple
SMR 25 S SMR 25 LS	40	48	97.5 115.5	12.5	4.8	35	35 50	M6	10.5	65.5 83.5	9.5	10	12	6.6	6.5	M6	G-M6
SMR 30 S SMR 30 LS	45	60	112.4 135.2	16	6	40	40 60	M8	12	75.9 98.7	10	10	12	8	7	M6	G-M6
SMR 35 S SMR 35 LS	55	70	125.3 153.5	18	6.5	50	50 72	M8	14	82.3 110.5	12	15	12	8	7	M6	G-M6
SMR 45 S SMR 45 LS	70	86	154.2 189.4	20.5	8	60	60 80	M10	19	106.5 141.7	17	20	13.5	10	10	M6	G-PT 1/8
SMR 55 S SMR 55 LS	80	100	185.4 235.4	23.5	10	75	75 95	M12	19	129.5 179.5	18	21	13.5	12	7.95	M6	G-PT 1/8
SMR 65 S SMR 65 LS	90	126	238.4 300.4	31.5	12	76	70 120	M16	20	168 230	19.5	16.5	13.5	12	8	M6	G-PT 1/8

Unit: mm

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.

Ball Chain Type, SME Series

Construction



Characteristics

The ball chain type linear guideway, SME series, equip with the ball chain design can make the movement smooth and stability, especially suit for the requests of high speed, high accuracy.

The Optimization Design of Four Directional Load

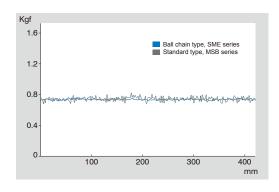
Through the structure stress analysis, SME series have four trains of balls are designed to a circular contact angle of 45° and the section design for high rigidity. Except for bearing heavier loads in radial, reversed radial and lateral directions, a sufficient preload can be achieved to increase rigidity, and this makes it suitable for any kind of installation.

Self Alignment Capability

The self adjustment is performed spontaneously as the design of face-face (DF) circular arc groove. Therefore, the installation error could be compensated even under a preload, and which results in precise and smooth linear motion.

Ball Chain Design, Smooth Movement

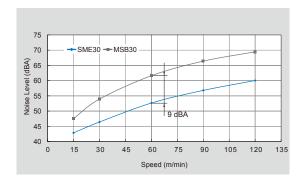
The concise and smooth design of circulating system with strengthened synthetic resin accessories and cooperating with the ball chain, these can avoid interference between balls and make the balls more stability during passing in and out the load district. Besides, the ball chain can keep the ball move in a line and improve the movement most smooth substantially.



Rolling resistance test

Low Noise, Good Lubricant Effect

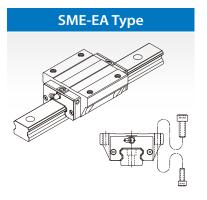
The ball chain design avoids interference between balls, lowers the operating noise, and can keep the lubricant between the balls and ball chain effectively. Moreover, improve the movement smooth and service life of the whole, can meet high accuracy, high reliability and smooth and stability.



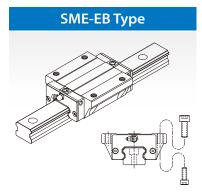
Noise level comparison test

Carriage Type

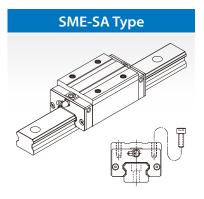
Heavy Load



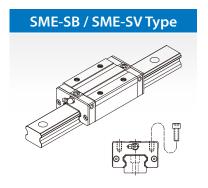
This type offers the installation either from top or bottom side of carriage.



All dimensions are same as SME-EA except the mounting hole dimensions of carriage are different and the height is lower, which do not change the basic loading rating.



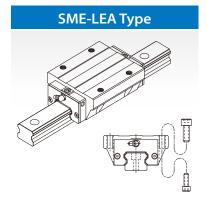
Square type with smaller width and can be installed from top side of carriage.



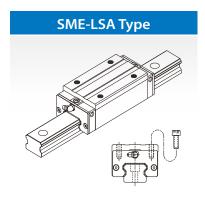
All dimensions are same as SME-SA except the mounting hole dimensions of carriage are different and the height is lower, which do not change the basic loading rating.



Ultra Heavy Load



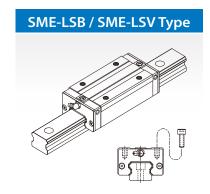
All dimensions are same as SME-EA except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.



All dimensions are same as SME-SA except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

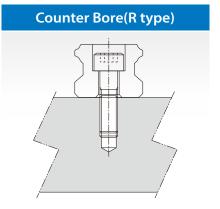
SME-LEB Type

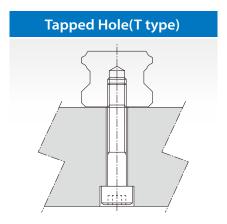
All dimensions are same as SME-EB except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.



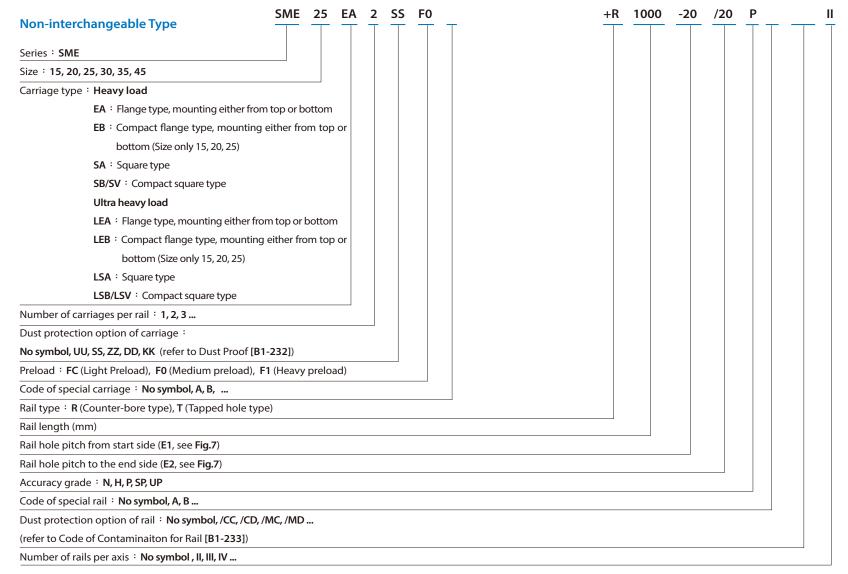
All dimensions are same as SME-SB and SME-SV except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

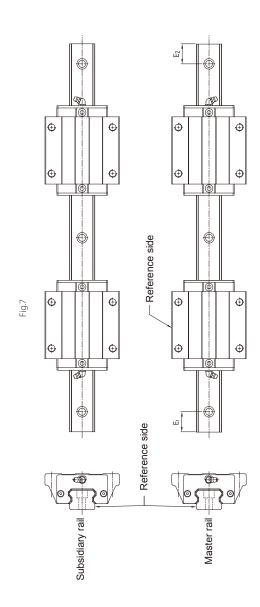
Rail Type





Description of Specification

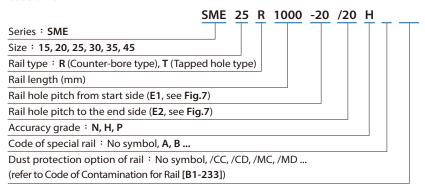




Interchangeable Type

Code of Carriage SME 25 EA SS FC H Series : SME Size: 15, 20, 25, 30, 35, 45 Carriage type: Heavy load **EA**: Flange type, mounting either rom top or bottom **EB**: Compact flange type, mounting either from top or bottom(Size only 15, 20, 25) **SA**: Square type **SB/SV**: Compact square type Ultra heavy load **LEA**: Flange type, mounting either from top or bottom **LEB**: Compact flange type, mounting either from top or bottom(Size only 15, 20, 25) LSA: Square type LSB/LSV: Compact square type Dust protection option of carriage: No symbol, UU, SS, ZZ, DD, KK (refer to Dust Proof [B1-232]) Preload: FC (Light Preload), F0 (Medium preload) Accuracy grade : N, H, P Code of special carriage: No symbol, A, B, ...

Code of Rail



Accuracy Grade

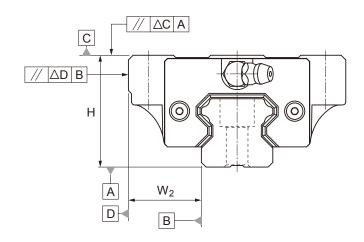


Table 8 Running Parallelism

Rail le	ngth (mm)		Running	Parallelism Va	lues(μm)	
Above	Or less (incl.)	N	Н	Р	SP	UP
0	315	9	6	3	2	1.5
315	400	11	8	4	2	1.5
400	500	13	9	5	2	1.5
500	630	16	11	6	2.5	1.5
630	800	18	12	7	3	2
800	1000	20	14	8	4	2
1000	1250	22	16	10	5	2.5
1250	1600	25	18	11	6	3
1600	2000	28	20	13	7	3.5
2000	2500	30	22	15	8	4
2500	3000	32	24	16	9	4.5
3000	3500	33	25	17	11	5
3500	4000	34	26	18	12	6

Non-Interchangeable Type

			Ad	curacy Gra	de				
Model No.	ltem	Normal N	High H	Precision P	Super Precision SP	Ulitra Precision UP			
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03	0 -0.015	0 -0.008			
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.006	0.004	0.003			
15	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03	0 -0.015	0 -0.008			
20	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01	0.006	0.004	0.003			
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		ΔC	(see the Tabl	e 8)				
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD	(see the Tabl	le 8)				
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.02	0 -0.01			
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003			
25 30	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04	0 -0.02	0 -0.01			
	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003			
35	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 8)							
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD	(see the Tabl	le 8)				
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.05	0 -0.05	0 -0.03	0 -0.02			
	Height difference ΔH	0.03	0.015	0.007	0.005	0.003			
45	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.05	0 -0.05	0 -0.03	0 -0.02			
45	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.02	0.01	0.007	0.005			
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		ΔC	(see the Tabl	e 8)				
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 8)							

Interchangeable Type

Model			Accuracy Grade					
No.	ltem	Normal N	High H	Precision P				
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03				
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.006				
15	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03				
20	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01	0.006				
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		ΔC (see the Table 8)					
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD (see the Table 8)					
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04				
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.015	0.007				
25 30	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04				
	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.015	0.007				
35	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 8)						
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	ΔD (see the Table 8)						
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.05	0 -0.05				
	Height difference ΔH	0.03	0.015	0.007				
45	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.05	0 -0.05				
45	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.02	0.01				
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		ΔC (see the Table 8)					
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD (see the Table 8)					

Note: Definition of interchangeable: It is confined to the carriage on the single rail, not including the exchange of multiple rails and carriages.

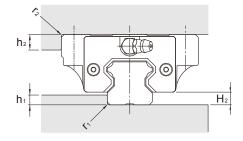
Preload Grade

	Preload grade									
Series	Light preload (FC)	Medium preload (F0)	Heavy preload (F1)							
SME15			-							
SME20										
SME25	0.01~0.03C	0.04~0.06C								
SME30		0.04 0.000	0.07~0.09C							
SME35										
SME45										
SME15L										
SME20L										
SME25L	0.010.026	0.04~0.06C	0.07~0.09C							
SME30L	0.01~0.03C	0.04~0.060	0.07~0.09C							
SME35L										
SME45L										

Note: C is basic dynamic load rating in above table. Refer to the specification of products, please.

The Shoulder Height and Corner Radius for Installation

SME series

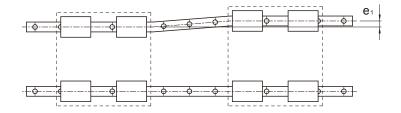


Model No.	r ₁ (max.)	r ₂ (max.)	h ₁	h ₂	H ₂
15	0.5	0.5	2.5	5	3.5
20	0.5	0.5	3.5	5	4.7
25	1	1	5	6	5.8
30	1	1	5	7	7.5
35	1	1	6	8	8
45	1	1	8	8	10

Dimensional Tolerance of Mounting Surface

SME with the self alignment capability, the minor dimensional error in mounting surface could be compensated and achieves smooth linear motion. The tolerances of parallelism between two axes are shown as below.

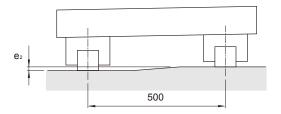
The parallel deviation between two axes (e₁)



Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade									
Model No.	FC	F0	F1							
15	25	18	-							
20	25	20	18							
25	30	22	20							
30	40	30	27							
35	50	35	30							
45	60	40	35							

Level difference between two axes (e₂)



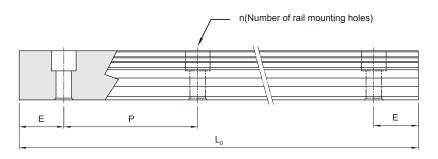
Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade									
Model No.	FC	F0	F1							
15	130	85	-							
20	130	85	50							
25	130	85	70							
30	170	110	90							
35	210	150	120							
45	250	170	140							

Note: The permissible values in table are applicable when the span is 500mm wide.



Rail Maximum Length and Standard



 $L_0=(n-1)\times P+2\times E$

 L_0 : Total Length of rail (mm)

n: Number of mounting holes

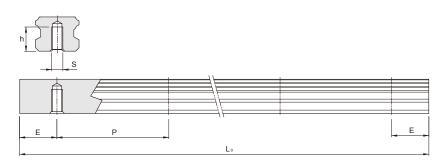
P: Distance between any two holes (mm)

E: Distance from the center of the last hole to the edge (mm)

Unit: mm

Model No.	Standard Pitch (P)	Standard (E _{std.})	Minimum (E _{min.})	Max (L₀ max.)	
SME 15	60	20	5	4000	
SME 20	60	20	6	4000	
SME 25	60	20	7	4000	
SME 30	80	20	8	4000	
SME 35	80	20	8	4000	
SME 45	105	22.5	11	4000	

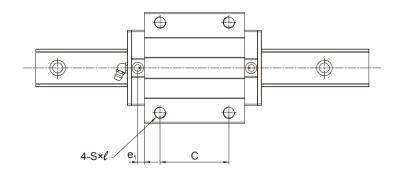
Tapped Hole Rail Dimensions

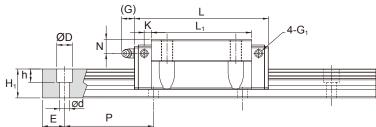


Rail Model	S	h(mm)
SME 15 T	M5	8
SME 20 T	M6	10
SME 25 T	M6	12
SME 30 T	M8	15
SME 35 T	M8	17
SME 45 T	M12	24

Specifications Dimensions of SME

Dimensions of SME-EA / SME-LEA



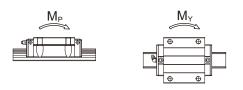


H₁ h }	ØD N L1	4-G ₁
	E P	Unit: mm

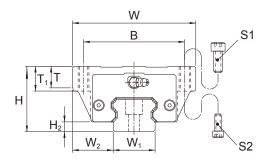
		Extern	nal dimer	nsion						Carria	ige di	mens	ion				
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	С	S×ℓ	L,	т	T ₁	N	G	К	e ₁	G ₁	Grease Nipple
SME 15 EA SME 15 LEA	24	47	64.4 79.4	16	3.5	38	30	M5×8	48 63	5.5	8	5	5.5	2.7	-	M4	G-M4
SME 20 EA SME 20 LEA	30	63	78.5 97.5	21.5	4.7	53	40	M6×10	58.3 77.3	7	10	8	12	3.7	-	M4	G-M6
SME 25 EA SME 25 LEA	36	70	92 109	23.5	5.8	57	45	M8×13	71 88	7	13	10	12	4	-	M4	G-M6
SME 30 EA SME 30 LEA	42	90	107.6 132.6	31	7.5	72	52	M10×15	80 105	12	15	8	12	6.5	5.4	М6	G-M6
SME 35 EA SME 35 LEA	48	100	120.6 150.6	33	8	82	62	M10×15	90 120	12	15	8	12	6.5	6	М6	G-M6
SME 45 EA SME 45 LEA	60	120	140 174.5	37.5	10	100	80	M12×18	106 140.5	12	18	10	13.5	8.5	6.1	М6	G-PT 1/8

Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is $C=1.26 \times C_{100}$.

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.





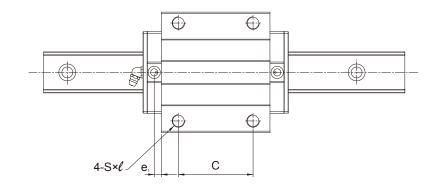


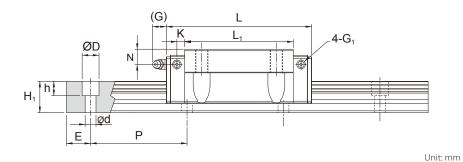
Model No.	Bolt Size						
Model No.	S ₁	S ₂					
SME 15	M5	M4					
SME 20	M6	M5					
SME 25	M8	M6					
SME 30	M10	M8					
SME 35	M10	M8					
SME 45	M12	M10					

		R	ail din	nensic	n	Basic load	l rating		Static m	noment	rating		Weig	ht
Model No.		Height		E	D×h×d	Dynamic C	Static C _o		Λ _P I-m		Λ _Υ I-m		Carriage	
	W ₁	H ₁	Р	std.		kN	kN	Single*	Double*	Single*	Double*	kN-m	kg	kg/m
SME 15 EA SME 15 LEA	15	13	60	20	7.5×5.8×4.5	12.5 15.4	20.2 27.5	0.14 0.25	0.69 1.15	0.14 0.25	0.69 1.15	0.16 0.21	0.22 0.29	1.4
SME 20 EA SME 20 LEA	20	15.5	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	20.4 25.3	32.1 43.6	0.27 0.49	1.34 2.24	0.27 0.49		0.33 0.44	0.42 0.62	2.3
SME 25 EA SME 25 LEA	23	18	60	20	11×9×7	28.3 33.0	44.3 56.1	0.45 0.71	2.14 3.20	0.45 0.71	2.14 3.20	0.52 0.66	0.67 0.89	3.2
SME 30 EA SME 30 LEA	28	23	80	20	14×12×9	39.4 47.0	59.5 76.5	0.68 1.11	3.37 5.32	0.68 1.11	3.37 5.32	0.83 1.07	1.18 1.54	4.5
SME 35 EA SME 35 LEA	34	26	80	20	14×12×9	54.7 67.6	81.0 109.9	1.07 1.92	5.25 8.75	1.07 1.92	5.25 8.75	1.41 1.91	1.74 2.28	6.2
SME 45 EA SME 45 LEA	45	32	105	22.5	20×17×14	72.7 90.0	105.8 143.6	1.61 2.88	7.82 13.08	1.61 2.88	7.82 13.08	2.41 3.27	3.22 4.21	10.5

Specifications | Dimensions of SME

Dimensions of SME-EB / SME-LEB

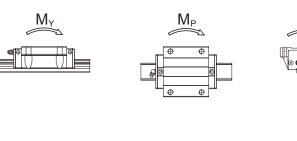


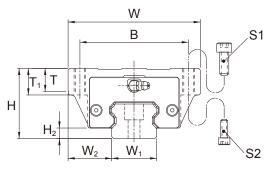


		Extern	al dimer	nsion			Carria						riage dimension					
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	T ₁	N	G	К	e ₁	G ₁	Grease Nipple	
SME 15 EB SME 15 LEB	24	52	64.4 79.4	18.5	3.5	41	26 36	M5×8	48 63	5.5	8	5	5.5	2.7	-	M4	G-M4	
SME 20 EB SME 20 LEB	28	59	78.5 97.5	19.5	4.7	49	32 45	M6×8	58.3 77.3	7.0	8	6.0	12	3.7	-	M4	G-M6	
SME 25 EB SME 25 LEB	33	73	92 109	25	5.8	60	35 50	M8×10	71 88	7.0	10	7.0	12	4	-	M4	G-M6	

Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is $C=1.26 \times C_{100}$.

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.

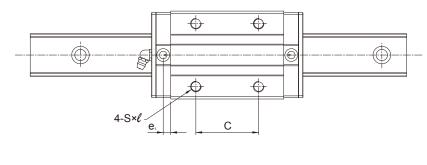


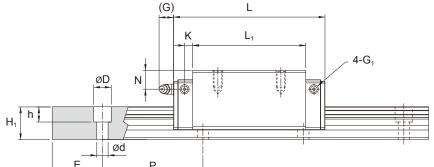


Model No.	Bolt Size						
Model No.	S ₁	S ₂					
SME 15	M5	M4					
SME 20	M6	M5					
SME 25	M8	M6					

		R	ail dim	ensio	on	Basic loa	d rating		Static r	nomen	t rating		Weig	ht
Model No.	Width W.	Height H.	Pitch P	E std.	D×h×d	Dynamic C	Static C _o		M _P kN-m		Λ _γ I-m	M _R	Carriage kg	Rail kg/m
	**1			stu.		kN	kN	Single*	Double*	Single*	Double*	KIN-III	ĸg	Kg/III
SME 15 EB SME 15 LEB	15	13	60	20	7.5×5.8×4.5	12.5 15.4	20.2 27.5	0.14 0.25	0.69 1.15	0.14 0.25	0.69 1.15	0.16 0.21	0.21 0.27	1.4
SME 20 EB SME 20 LEB	20	15.5	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	20.4 25.3	32.1 43.6	0.27 0.49	1.34 2.24	0.27 0.49	1.34 2.24	0.33 0.44	0.39 0.55	2.3
SME 25 EB SME 25 LEB	23	18	60	20	11×9×7	28.3 33.0	44.3 56.1	0.45 0.71	2.14 3.20	0.45 0.71	2.14 3.20	0.52 0.66	0.42 0.65	3.2

Dimensions of SME-SA / SME-LSA



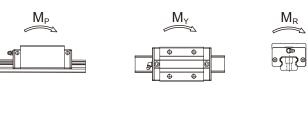


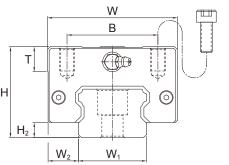
1.1			
U	nit:	1111	Τ

		Externa	l dimen	sion					C	arriaç	ge din	nensio	n			
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	C	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	N	G	K	e ₁	G ₁	Grease Nipple
SME 15 SA SME 15 LSA	28	34	64.4 79.4	9.5	3.5	26	26	M4×7.5	48 63	6	9	5.5	2.7	-	M4	G-M4
SME 20 SA SME 20 LSA	30	44	78.5 97.5	12	4.7	32	36 50	M5×7	58.3 77.3	6	8	12	3.7	-	M4	G-M6
SME 25 SA SME 25 LSA	40	48	92 109	12.5	5.8	35	35 50	M6×12	71 88	8	14	12	4	-	M4	G-M6
SME 30 SA SME 30 LSA	45	60	107.6 132.6	16	7.5	40	40 60	M8×12	80 105	8	11	12	6.5	5.4	M6	G-M6
SME 35 SA SME 35 LSA	55	70	120.6 150.6	18	8	50	50 72	M8×14	90 120	11	15	12	6.5	6	M6	G-M6
SME 45 SA SME 45 LSA	70	86	140 174.5	20.5	10	60	60 80	M10×20	106 140.5	16	20	13.5	8.5	6.1	M6	G-PT 1/8

Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for $50 \, \text{km}$ and C_{100} for $100 \, \text{km}$ is $C = 1.26 \, \text{x} \, C_{100}$.

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.

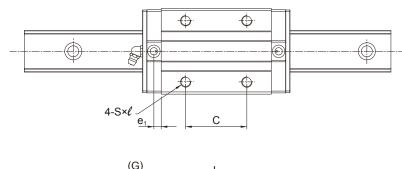


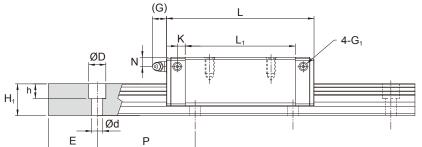


		F	ail din	nensio	n	Basic load	l rating		Static n	noment	trating		Weig	ht
Model No.		Height		E	D×h×d	Dynamic C	Static C _o		Λ _P I-m		Λ _γ I-m	M _R	Carriage	
	W ₁	H ₁	Р	std.		kN	kN	Single*	Double*	Single*	Double*	kN-m	kg	kg/m
SME 15 SA SME 15 LSA	15	13	60	20	7.5×5.8×4.5	12.5 15.4	20.2 27.5	0.14 0.25	0.69 1.15	0.14 0.25	0.69 1.15	0.16 0.21	0.22 0.25	1.4
SME 20 SA SME 20 LSA	20	15.5	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	20.4 25.3	32.1 43.6	0.27 0.49	1.34 2.24	0.27 0.49	1.34 2.24	0.33 0.44	0.30 0.39	2.3
SME 25 SA SME 25 LSA	23	18	60	20	11×9×7	28.3 33.0	44.3 56.1	0.45 0.71	2.14 3.20	0.45 0.71	2.14 3.20	0.52 0.66	0.56 0.73	3.2
SME 30 SA SME 30 LSA	28	23	80	20	14×12×9	39.4 47.0	59.5 76.5	0.68 1.11	3.37 5.32	0.68 1.11	3.37 5.32	0.83 1.07	0.93 1.21	4.5
SME 35 SA SME 35 LSA	34	26	80	20	14×12×9	54.7 67.6	81.0 109.9	1.07 1.92	5.25 8.75	1.07 1.92	5.25 8.75	1.41 1.91	1.57 2.05	6.2
SME 45 SA SME 45 LSA	45	32	105	22.5	20×17×14	72.7 90.0	105.8 143.6	1.61 2.88	7.82 13.08	1.61 2.88	7.82 13.08	2.41 3.27	3.06 4.00	10.5

Specifications Dimensions of SME

Dimensions of SME-SB / SME-LSB



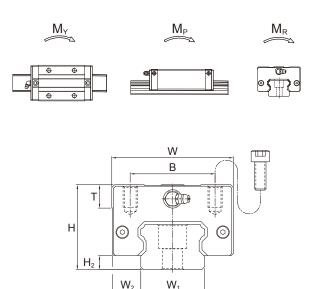


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		Externa	al dimen	sion					C	arriag	ge din	nensio	n			
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	C	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	N	G	K	e ₁	G ₁	Grease Nipple
SME 15 SB SME 15 LSB	24	34	64.4 79.4	9.5	3.5	26	26 34	M4×5	48 63	6	5	5.5	2.7	-	M4	G-M4
SME 20 SB SME 20 LSB	28	42	78.5 97.5	11	4.7	32	32 45	M5×5.5	58.3 77.3	6	6	12	3.7	-	M4	G-M6
SME 25 SB SME 25 LSB	33	48	92 109	12.5	5.8	35	35 50	M6×7	71 88	8	7	12	4	-	M4	G-M6
SME 25 SV SME 25 LSV	36	48	92 109	12.5	5.8	35	35 50	M6×9	71 88	8	10	12	4	-	M4	G-M6
SME 30 SB SME 30 LSB	42	60	107.6 132.6	16	7.5	40	40 60	M8×10	80 105	8	8	12	6.5	5.4	M6	G-M6
SME 35 SB SME 35 LSB	48	70	120.6 150.6	18	8	50	50 72	M8×11	90 120	11	8	12	6.5	6	M6	G-M6
SME 45 SB SME 45 LSB	60	86	140 174.5	20.5	10	60	60 80	M10×16	106 140.5	16	10	13.5	8.5	6.1	M6	G-PT 1/8

Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is $C=1.26 \times C_{100}$.

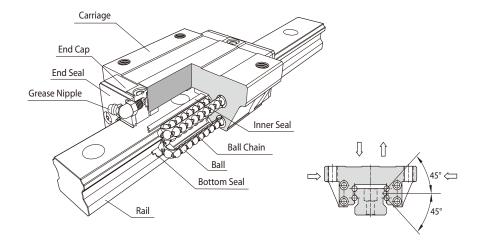
Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.



		-	Rail din	nensio	n	Basic load	d rating		Static m	noment	rating		Weig	ht
Model No.	Width W ₁	Height H ₁	Pitch P	E std.	D×h×d	Dynamic C	C _o	kN	Λ _P I-m Double*		Λ _γ I-m Double*	M _R kN-m	Carriage kg	Rail kg/m
SME 15 SB SME 15 LSB	15	13	60	20	7.5×5.8×4.5	12.5 15.4	20.2 27.5	0.14 0.25	0.69 1.15	0.14 0.25	0.69 1.15	0.16 0.21	0.19 0.22	1.4
SME 20 SB SME 20 LSB	20	15.5	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	20.4 25.3	32.1 43.6	0.27 0.49	1.34 2.24	0.27 0.49	1.34 2.24	0.33 0.44	0.26 0.35	2.3
SME 25 SB SME 25 LSB	23	18	60	20	11×9×7	28.3 33.0	44.3 56.1	0.45 0.71	2.14 3.20	0.45 0.71	2.14 3.20	0.52 0.66	0.31 0.49	3.2
SME 25 SV SME 25 LSV	23	18	60	20	11×9×7	28.3 33.0	44.3 56.1	0.45 0.71	2.14 3.20	0.45 0.71	2.14 3.20	0.52 0.66	0.44 0.62	3.2
SME 30 SB SME 30 LSB	28	23	80	20	14×12×9	39.4 47.0	59.5 76.5	0.68 1.11	3.37 5.32	0.68 1.11	3.37 5.32	0.83 1.07	0.85 1.10	4.5
SME 35 SB SME 35 LSB	34	26	80	20	14×12×9	54.7 67.6	81.0 109.9	1.07 1.92	5.25 8.75	1.07 1.92	5.25 8.75	1.41 1.91	1.22 1.61	6.2
SME 45 SB SME 45 LSB	45	32	105	22.5	20×17×14	72.7 90.0	105.8 143.6	1.61 2.88	7.82 13.08	1.61 2.88	7.82 13.08	2.41 3.27	2.86 3.57	10.5

Ball Chain Heavy Load Type, SMA Series

Construction



Characteristics

The trains of balls are designed to a contact angle of 45° which enables it to bear an equal load in radial, reversed radial and lateral directions. Therefore, it can be applied in any installation direction. Furthermore, SMA series can achieve a well balanced preload for increasing rigidity in four directions while keeping a low frictional resistance. This is especially suit to high precision and high rigidity required motion.

The design of lubrication route makes the lubricant evenly distribute in each circulation loop. Therefore, the optimum lubrication can be achieved in any installation direction, and this promotes the performance in running accuracy, service life, and reliability.

High Rigidity, Four-way Equal Load

Compact design of the carriage with the four trains of balls are allocated to a circular contact angle at 45°, thus each train of balls can take up an equal rated load in all four directions. Moreover, su cient preload can be achieved to increase rigidity, and this makes it suitable for any kind of installation.

Self Alignment Capability

With self alignment capability, it can absorb the installation error. The self adjustment is performed spontaneously as the design of face-to-face (DF) circular arc groove. Therefore, the installation error could be compensated even under a preload, which results in precise and smooth linear motion.

Use One Rail At The Same Time

MSA and SMA can be used simultaneously with the same rail and provides a variety of product selectivity.

Ball Chain Type Design , Smooth Movement

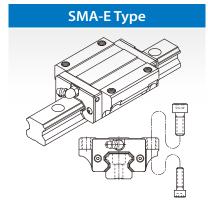
The ball chain type makes the balls evenly arranged and aligned, while avoiding collisions between the balls. And use strengthened synthetic resin and keep the balls move in a line. Moreover, improve the movement smooth and make the balls more stability during passing in and out at the load district.

Good Lubricant Effect

The ball chain design and strengthened can keep the oil film between the balls and the ball chain lubricant effectively. Moreover, improve the lubrication effect and service life of the linear guideway, can meet the high accuracy, high reliability and stability, especially suit for the equipment needs of high speed.

Carriage Type

Ball Chain Heavy Load Type

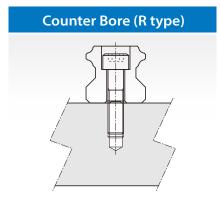


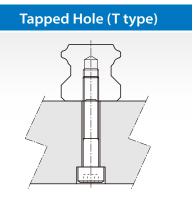
This type offers the installation either from top or bottom side of carriage.

SMA-S Type

Square type with smaller width and can be installed from top side of carriage.

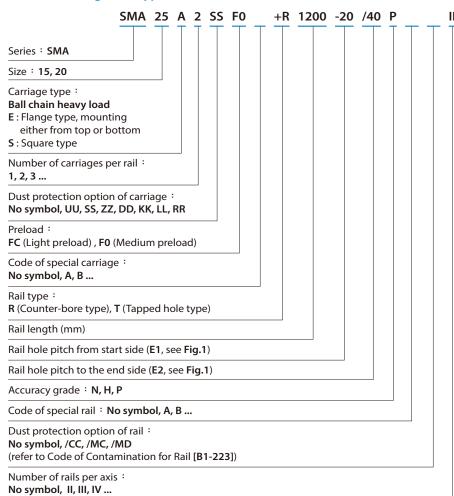
Rail Type

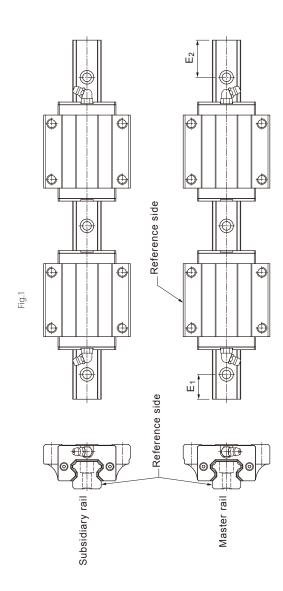




Description of Specification

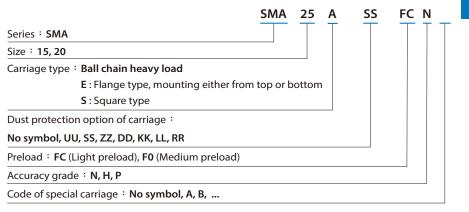
Non-Interchangeable Type



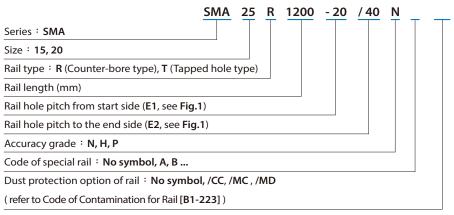


Interchangeable Type

Code of Carriage



Code of Rail



Accuracy Grade

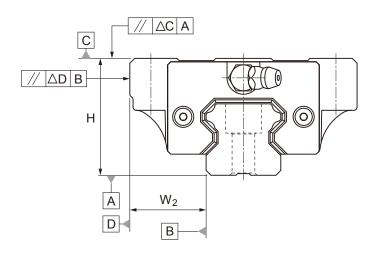


Table 1 Running Parallelism

Rail le	ength (mm)		Running	Parallelism Va	lues(μm)	
Above	Or less (incl.)	N	Н	Р	SP	UP
0	315	9	6	3	2	1.5
315	400	11	8	4	2	1.5
400	500	13	9	5	2	1.5
500	630	16	11	6	2.5	1.5
630	800	18	12	7	3	2
800	1000	20	14	8	4	2
1000	1250	22	16	10	5	2.5
1250	1600	25	18	11	6	3
1600	2000	28	20	13	7	3.5
2000	2500	30	22	15	8	4
2500	3000	32	24	16	9	4.5
3000	3500	33	25	17	11	5
3500	4000	34	26	18	12	6

Non-Interchangeable Type

			Accuracy Grade	
Model No.	ltem	Normal N	High H	Precision P
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.006
15	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03
20	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01	0.006
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	L	∆C (see the Table 1)
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	Z	∆D (see the Table 1)

Interchangeable Type

Model			Accuracy Grade	
No.	ltem	Normal N	High H	Precision P
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.006
15	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03
20	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01	0.006
20	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		ΔC (see the Table 1)	
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		ΔD (see the Table 1)	

Note: Definition of interchangeable: It is confined to the carriage on the single rail, not including the exchange of multiple rails and carriages.

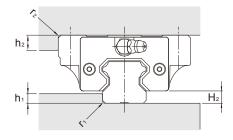
Preload Grade

Series	Preload	d grade
Series	Light preload (FC)	Medium preload (F0)
SMA15	0.0036	0.03. 0.050
SMA20	0~0.02C	0.03~0.05C

Note: C is basic dynamic load rating in above table. Refer to the specification of products, please.

The Shoulder Height and Corner Radius for Installation

SMA series



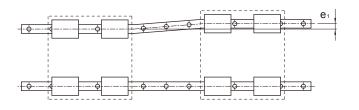
Model No.	r ₁ (max.)	r ₂ (max.)	h ₁	h ₂	H ₂
15	0.5	0.5	3	4	4.2
20	0.5	0.5	3.5	5	5

Unit:mm

Dimensional Tolerance of Mounting Surface

With the self alignment capability, the minor dimensional error in mounting surface could be compensated and achieves smooth linear motion. The tolerances of parallelism between two axes are shown as below.

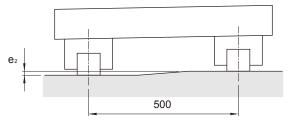
The parallel deviation between two axes (e₁)



Unit: μm

Madel No	Preload Grade							
Model No.	FC	F0						
15	25	18						
20	25	20						

Level difference between two axes (e₂)



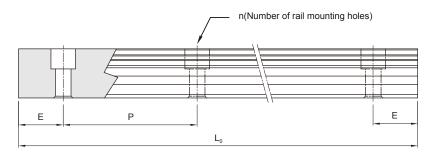
Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade						
Model No.	FC	F0					
15	130	85					
20	130	85					

Note: The permissible values in table are applicable when the span is 500mm wide.



Rail Maximum Length and Standard



 $L_0=(n-1)\times P+2\times E$

 L_0 : Total Length of rail (mm)

n: Number of mounting holes

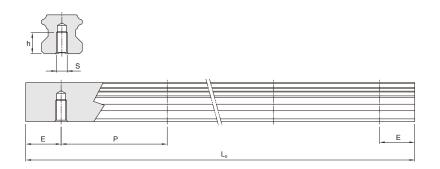
P: Distance between any two holes (mm)

E: Distance from the center of the last hole to the edge (mm)

Unit: mm

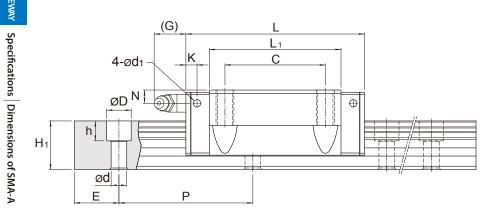
Model No.	Standard Pitch(P)	Standard (E _{std.})	Minimum (E _{min.})	Max (L ₀ max.)		
SMA 15	60	20	5	4000		
SMA 20	60	20	6	4000		

Tapped Hole Rail Dimensions



Rail Model	S	h(mm)
MSA 15T	M5	8
MSA 20T	M6	10

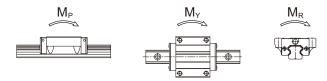
Dimensions of SMA-A

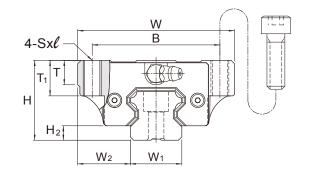


		Extern	al dimen	sion		Carriage dimension										
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	С	S×ℓ	L,	Т	T ₁	N	G	К	d ₁	Grease Nipple
SMA 15 A	24	47	61.4	16	4.2	38	30	M5×11	39.3	7	11	3.85	7	6.15	3.3	G-M4
SMA 20 A	30	63	77.1	21.5	5	53	40	M6×10	51.3	7	10	4.65	12	6.7	5.3	G-M6

 ${\color{red}Note:} The \ basic \ dynamic \ load \ rating \ C \ of \ ball \ type \ is \ based \ on \ the \ 50 \ km \ for \ nomonal \ life. The \ conversion \ between \ C \ for \ load \ rating \ C \ of \ ball \ type \ is \ based \ on \ the \ 50 \ km \ for \ nomonal \ life.$ 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is $C=1.26 \times C_{100}$.

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.



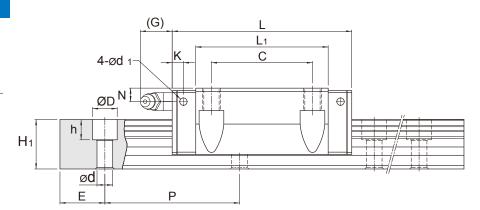


		R	ail dim	ensio	on	Basic lo	ad rating	Static moment rating					Weight	
Model No.	Width W ₁		Pitch	h E std.	D×h×d	Dynamic C kN	C _o	M _P kN-m		M _Y n kN-m		M _R	Carriage ka	Rail
		H ₁	Р					Single*	Double*	Single*	Double*	KIN-M	кд	kg/m
SMA 15 A	15	15	60	20	7.5×5.3×4.5	11.6	17.3	0.11	0.68	0.11	0.68	0.12	0.14	1.5
SMA 20 A	20	18	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	18.8	27	0.22	1.37	0.22	1.37	0.26	0.31	2.4

LINEAR GUIDEWAY

Specifications Dimensions of SMA-E

Dimensions of SMA-E

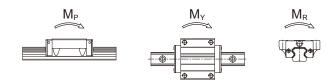


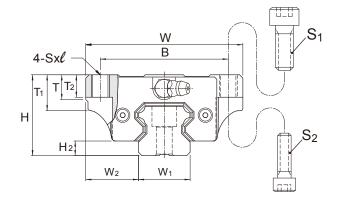
		m

	External dimension					Carriage dimension											
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	T ₁	T ₂	N	G	К	d ₁	Grease Nipple
SMA 15 E	24	47	61.4	16	4.2	38	30	M5×7	39.3	7	11	7	3.85	7	6.15	3.3	G-M4
SMA 20 E	30	63	77.1	21.5	5	53	40	M6×10	51.3	7	10	10	4.65	12	6.7	5.3	G-M6

Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is $C=1.26 \times C_{100}$.

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.

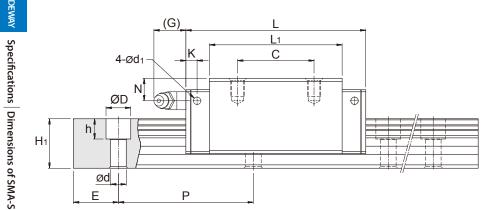




Model No	Bolt	Size
Model No	S ₁	S ₂
SMA 15	M5	M4
SMA 20	M6	M5

		R	ail dim	ensio	n	Basic load ra			Static moment rating					jht
Model No.		Height	Pitch		D×h×d	Dynamic C	Static C _o		M _P √N-m		Λ _γ I-m	M _R	Carriage	Rail
	W ₁	H ₁	Р	std.		I I [Single*	Double*	Single*	Double*	kN-m	kg	kg/m	
SMA 15 E	15	15	60	20	7.5×5.3×4.5	11.6	17.3	0.11	0.68	0.11	0.68	0.12	0.14	1.5
SMA 20 E	20	18	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	18.8	27	0.22	1.37	0.22	1.37	0.26	0.31	2.4

Dimensions of SMA-S

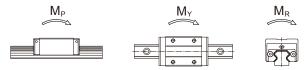


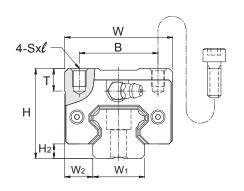
Unit: mm

		Extern	al dimen	sion			Carriage dimension								
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	C	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	N	G	К	d ₁	Grease Nipple
SMA 15 S	28	34	61.4	9.5	4.2	26	26	M4×5	39.3	7.2	7.85	7	6.15	3.3	G-M4
SMA 20 S	30	44	77.1	12	5	32	36	M5×6	51.3	8	4.65	12	6.7	5.3	G-M6

Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is $C=1.26 \times C_{100}$.

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.

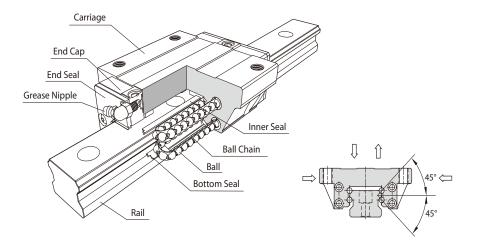




		R	ail dim	ensic	n	Basic loa	d rating		Static	nomen	t rating		Weig	ght
Model No.		Height			D×h×d	Dynamic C	Static C _o		И _Р N-m		Λ _γ I-m	IN.	Carriage	
	W ₁	Ηı	Р	std.			Single*	Double*	Single*	Double*	kN-m	kg	kg/m	
SMA 15 S	15	15	60	20	7.5×5.3×4.5	11.6	17.3	0.11	0.68	0.11	0.68	0.12	0.14	1.5
SMA 20 S	20	18	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	18.8	27	0.22	1.37	0.22	1.37	0.26	0.22	2.4

Ball Chain Compact Type, SMB Series

Construction



Characteristics

The trains of balls are designed to a contact angle of 45° which enables it to bear an equal load in radial, reversed radial and lateral directions. Therefore, it can be applied in any installation direction. Furthermore, SMB series can achieve a well balanced preload for increasing rigidity in four directions while keeping a low frictional resistance. This is especially suit to high precision and high rigidity required motion.

The design of lubrication route makes the lubricant evenly distribute in each circulation loop. Therefore, the optimum lubrication can be achieved in any installation direction, and this promotes the performance in running accuracy, service life, and reliability.

Compact, Four-way Equal Load

Compact design of the carriage with the four trains of balls are allocated to a circular contact angle at 45°, thus each train of balls can take up an equal rated load in all four directions. Moreover, su cient preload can be achieved to increase rigidity, and this makes it suitable for any kind of installation.

Self Alignment Capability

With self alignment capability, it can absorb the installation error. The self adjustment is performed spontaneously as the design of face-to-face (DF) circular arc groove. Therefore, the installation error could be compensated even under a preload, which results in precise and smooth linear motion.

Use One Rail At The Same Time

MSA and SMA can be used simultaneously with the same rail and provides a variety of product selectivity.

Ball Chain Type Design, Smooth Movement

The ball chain type makes the balls evenly arranged and aligned, while avoiding collisions between the balls. And use strengthened synthetic resin and keep the balls move in a line. Moreover, improve the movement smooth and make the balls more stability during passing in and out at the load district.

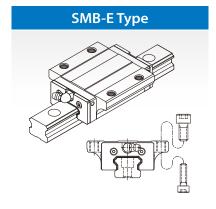
Good Lubricant Effect

The ball chain design and strengthened can keep the oil film between the balls and the ball chain lubricant effectively. Moreover, improve the lubrication effect and service life of the linear guideway, can meet the high accuracy, high reliability and stability, especially suit for the equipment needs of high speed.



Carriage Type

Ball Chain Compact Type

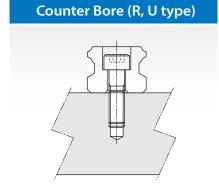


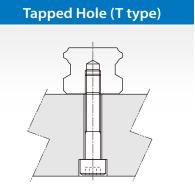
All dimensions are same as SMB-TE except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

SMB-S Type

All dimensions are same as SMB-TS except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

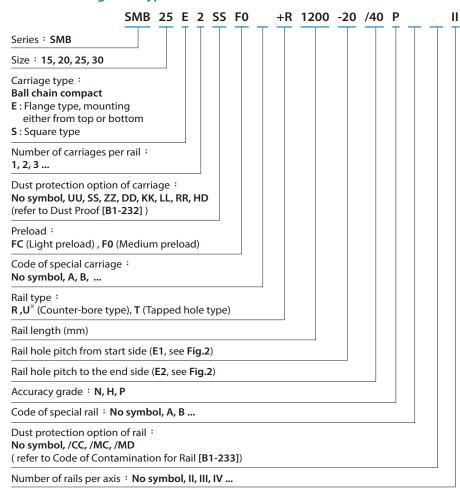
Rail Type



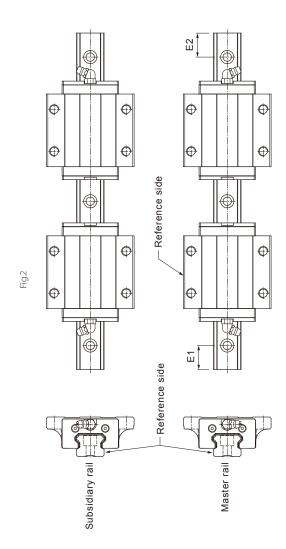


Description of Specification

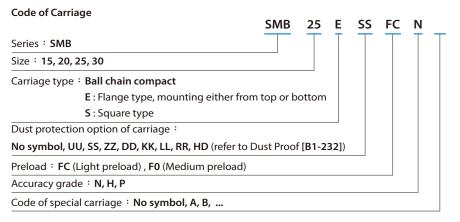
Non-Interchangeable Type

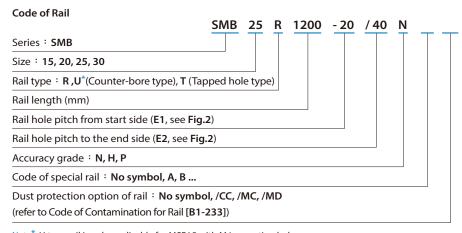


Note*: U type rail is only applicable for MSB15 with M4 mounting hole.



Interchangeable Type





Note*: U type rail is only applicable for MSB15 with M4 mounting hole.

Accuracy Grade

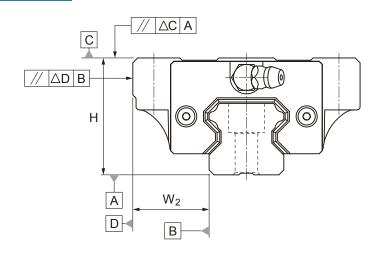


Table 2 Running Parallelism

Rail le	ength (mm)		Running	Parallelism V	alues(μm)	
Above	Or less (incl.)	N	Н	Р	SP	UP
0	315	9	6	3	2	1.5
315	400	11	8	4	2	1.5
400	500	13	9	5	2	1.5
500	630	16	11	6	2.5	1.5
630	800	18	12	7	3	2
800	1000	20	14	8	4	2
1000	1250	22	16	10	5	2.5
1250	1600	25	18	11	6	3
1600	2000	28	20	13	7	3.5
2000	2500	30	22	15	8	4
2500	3000	32	24	16	9	4.5
3000	3500	33	25	17	11	5
3500	4000	34	26	18	12	6

Non-Interchangeable Type

			Accuracy Grade						
Model No.	ltem	Normal N	High H	Precision P					
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03					
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.006					
15	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03					
20	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01	0.006					
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	L	ΔC (see the Table 2)						
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	Ĺ	AD (see the Table 2)					
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04					
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.015	0.007					
25	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04					
30	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.015	0.007					
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A		AC (see the Table 2)					
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B		^{AD} (see the Table 2)					

Model			Accuracy Grade					
No.	ltem	Normal N	High H	Precision P				
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03				
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.01	0.006				
15	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.03	0 -0.03				
20	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.02	0.01	0.006				
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	ΔC (see the Table 2)						
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	L	^{LD} (see the Table 2)				
	Tolerance for height H	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04				
	Height difference ΔH	0.02	0.015	0.007				
25	Tolerance for distance W ₂	±0.1	±0.04	0 -0.04				
30	Difference in distance $W_2(\Delta W_2)$	0.03	0.015	0.007				
	Running parallelism of surface C with surface A	L	^L C (see the Table 2)				
	Running parallelism of surface D with surface B	L	¹ D (see the Table 2)				

Note: Definition of interchangeable: It is confined to the carriage on the single rail, not including the exchange of multiple rails and carriages.

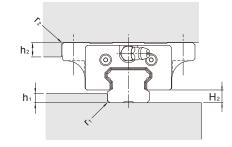
Preload Grade

Series	Preload grade						
Series	Light preload (FC)	Medium preload (F0)					
SMB15							
SMB20	0.000	0.03.0.056					
SMB25	0~0.02C	0.03~0.05C					
SMB30							

Note: C is basic dynamic load rating in above table. Refer to the specification of products, please.

The Shoulder Height and Corner Radius for Installation

SMB series



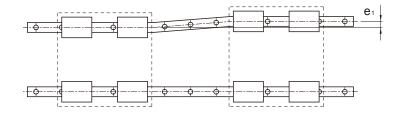
Model No.	r ₁ (max.)	r ₂ (max.)	h ₁	h ₂	H ₂
15	0.5	0.5	3	4	4.5
20	0.5	0.5	4	5	6
25	1	1	5	5	7
30	1	1	7	5	9.5

XPMI

Dimensional Tolerance of Mounting Surface

With the self alignment capability, the minor dimensional error in mounting surface could be compensated and achieves smooth linear motion. The tolerances of parallelism between two axes are shown as below.

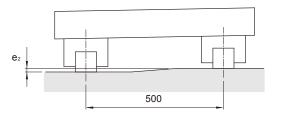
The parallel deviation between two axes (e₁)



Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade							
Model No.	FC	F0	F1					
15	25	18	-					
20	25	20	18					
25	30	22	20					
30	40	30	27					

Level difference between two axes (e₂)

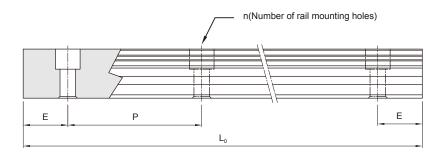


Unit: μm

Model No.	Preload Grade								
Model No.	FC	F0	F1						
15	130	85	-						
20	130	85	50						
25	130	85	70						
30	170	110	90						

Note: The permissible values in table are applicable when the span is 500mm wide.

Rail Maximum Length and Standard



 $L_0=(n-1)\times P+2\times E$

 L_{θ} : Total Length of rail (mm)

n: Number of mounting holes

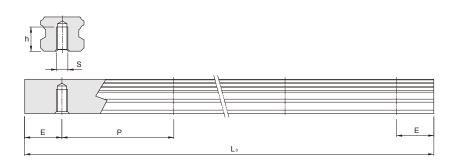
P: Distance between any two holes (mm)

E: Distance from the center of the last hole to the edge (mm)

Unit: mm

Model No.	Standard Pitch (P)	Standard (E _{std.})	Minimum (E _{min.})	Max (L₀ max.)
MSB 15	60	20	5	4000
MSB 20	60	60 20		4000
MSB 25	60	20	7	4000
MSB 30	80	20	7	4000

Tapped Hole Rail Dimensions

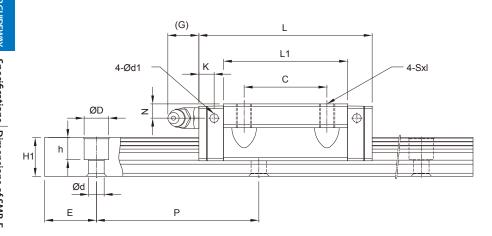


Rail Model	S	h(mm)
MSB 15 T	M5	7
MSB 20 T	M6	9
MSB 25 T	M6	10
MSB 30 T	M8	14

LINEAR GUIDEWAY

Specifications | Dimensions of SMB-E

Dimensions of SMB-E



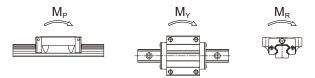
		m

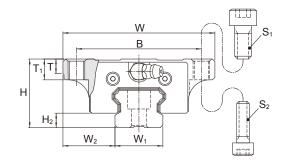
		External	dimensi	on			Carriage dimension									
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	С	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	T ₁	N	G	K	d ₁	Grease Nipple
SMB 15 E	24	52	57.6	18.5	4.5	41	26	M5×7	40.5	5	7	4.5	5.5	5.1	3.3	G-M4
SMB 20 E	28	59	69	19.5	6	49	32	M6×9	48	5	9	4.8	12	6.9	3.3	G-M6
SMB 25 E	33	73	83.6	25	7	60	35	M8×10	60.5	7	10	6	12	6.6	5	G-M6
SMB 30 E	42	90	96	31	9.5	72	40	M10×10	70	7	10	6.2	12	7	5.3	G-M6

Note: Rail mounting holes for M3 (6x4.5x3.5) and M4 (7.5x5.3x4.5) are available for MSB15 rail. The codes of rail type are MSB15R for M3 mounting holes, and MSB15U for M4 mounting holes.

 ${\color{red}Note:} The \ basic \ dynamic \ load \ rating \ C \ of \ ball \ type \ is \ based \ on \ the \ 50 \ km \ for \ normonal \ life. The \ conversion \ between \ C \ for \ normonal \ life.$ $50 \, \text{km}$ and C_{100} for $100 \, \text{km}$ is $C=1.26 \, \text{x} \, C_{100}$.

Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.





Model No.	Bolt	Size
Model No.	S ₁	S ₂
SMB 15	M5	M4
SMB 20	M6	M5
SMB 25	M8	M6
SMB 30	M10	M8

		R	Rail dimension			Basic loa	d rating		Static r	nomen	t rating		Weight	
Model No.	Width W ₁	Height H ₁	Pitch P	E std.	D×h×d	Dynamic C kN	Static C _o kN	k۱	N _P N-m Double [*]	k۱	M _Y N-m Double [*]	M _R kN-m	Carriage kg	Rail kg/m
SMB 15 E	15	12.5	60	20	6x4.5x3.5 (7.5x5.3x4.5)	9.9	15.6	0.08	0.6	0.08	0.6	0.12	0.16	1.2
SMB 20 E	20	15	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	13.8	22	0.15	0.96	0.15	0.96	0.22	0.25	2
SMB 25 E	23	18	60	20	11×9×7	22.2	34.4	0.3	1.82	0.3	1.82	0.4	0.46	3
SMB 30 E	28	23	80	20	11×9×7	32.5	49.5	0.52	3.05	0.52	3.05	0.69	0.79	4.4

LINEAR GUIDEWAY

Specifications | Dimensions of SMB-S

L L1 4-Ød1 4-SxI С ØD Ød Ε

Dimensions of SMB-S

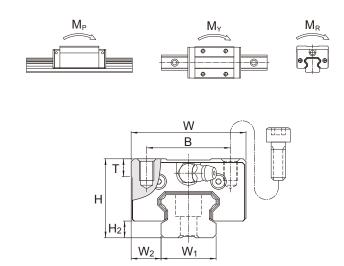
Unit: mm

	External dimension						Carriage dimension									
Model No.	Height H	Width W	Length L	W ₂	H ₂	В	C	S×ℓ	L ₁	Т	N	G	K	d ₁	Grease Nipple	
SMB 15 S	24	34	57.6	9.5	4.5	26	26	M4×6	40.5	6	4.5	5.5	5.1	3.3	G-M4	
SMB 20 S	28	42	69	11	6	32	32	M5×7	48	6	4.8	12	6.9	3.3	G-M6	
SMB 25 S	33	48	83.6	12.5	7	35	35	M6×9	60.5	8	6	12	6.6	5	G-M6	
SMB 30 S	42	60	96	16	9.5	40	40	M8×12	70	8	6.2	12	7	5.3	G-M6	

Note: Rail mounting holes for M3 (6x4.5x3.5) and M4 (7.5x5.3x4.5) are available for MSB15 rail. The codes of rail type are MSB15R for M3 mounting holes, and MSB15U for M4 mounting holes.

Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is C=1.26 x C_{100} .

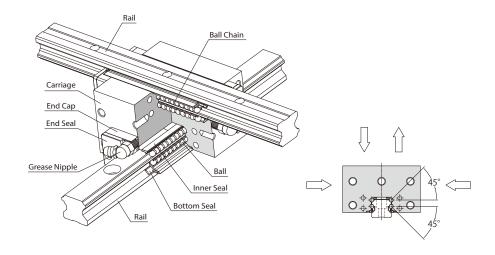
Note*: Single: Single carriage/ Double: Double carriages closely contacting with each other.



		- 1	Rail dimension			Basic loa	d rating	Static moment rating					Weight	
Model No.	Width W ₁	Height H ₁	Pitch P	E std.	D×h×d	Dynamic C kN	Static C _o kN	k۱	M _P V-m Double*	k۱	Λ _γ l-m Double*	M _R kN-m	Carriage kg	Rail kg/m
SMB 15 S	15	12.5	60	20	6x4.5x3.5 (7.5x5.3x4.5)	9.9	15.6	0.08	0.6	0.08	0.6	0.12	0.12	1.2
SMB 20 S	20	15	60	20	9.5×8.5×6	13.8	22	0.15	0.96	0.15	0.96	0.22	0.19	2
SMB 25 S	23	18	60	20	11×9×7	22.2	34.4	0.3	1.82	0.3	1.82	0.4	0.32	3
SMB 30 S	28	23	80	20	11×9×7	32.5	49.5	0.52	3.05	0.52	3.05	0.69	0.61	4.4

Ball Chain Type Cross Linear Guideway SMH Series

Construction



Characteristics

Balls roll four rows of raceways precision-ground on a rail and a carriage, and end cap incorporated in the carriage allow the balls to circulate. Since the ball chain holds the balls, they do not fall off even if the rail is pulled out. This model is an integral type of linear guideway that squares an internal structure similar to other model, which has a proven track record and is highly reliable, with another and uses two rails in combination.

The two rails are also machined with high precision in relative straightness. As a result, extremely high accuracy in orthogonality is achieved. Since an orthogonal linear guideway system can be achieved with model SMH alone, a conventionally required saddle is no longer necessary, the structure for X-Y motion can be simplified and the whole system can be downsized.

Four-Way Equal Load

The four trains of balls are allocated to a circular contact angle at 45°, thus each train of balls can take up an equal rated load in all four directions. Moreover, a sufficient preload can be achieved to increase rigidity, and this makes it suitable for any kind of installation.

Ball Chain Design, Smooth Movement

The concise and smooth design of circulating system with strengthened synthetic resin accessories and cooperating with the ball chain, these can avoid interference between balls and make the balls more stability during passing in and out the load district. Besides, the ball chain can keep the ball move in a line and improve the movement most smooth substantially.

Good Lubricant Effect

The ball chain design avoids interference between balls, and can keep the lubricant between the balls and ball chain effectively. Moreover, improve the movement smooth and service life of the whole, can meet high accuracy, high reliability and smooth and stability.

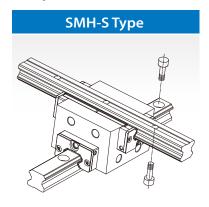
High Rigidity

Since balls are arranged in four rows in a well-balanced manner, this model is stiff against a moment, and smooth straight motion is ensured even a preload is applied to increase the rigidity. The rigidity of the carriages is 50% higher than that of a combination of two carriages secured together back-to-back with bolts. Thus, SMH is an optimal linear guideway for building an X-Y table that requires high rigidity.

Carriage Type

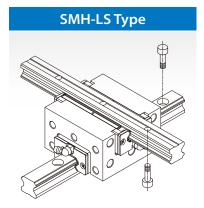
Rail Type

Heavy Load

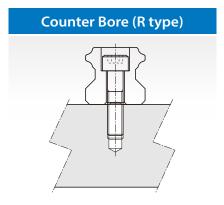


This model is a standard type.

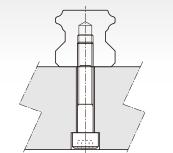
Ultra Heavy Load



All dimensions are same as SMH-S except the length is longer, which makes it more rigid.

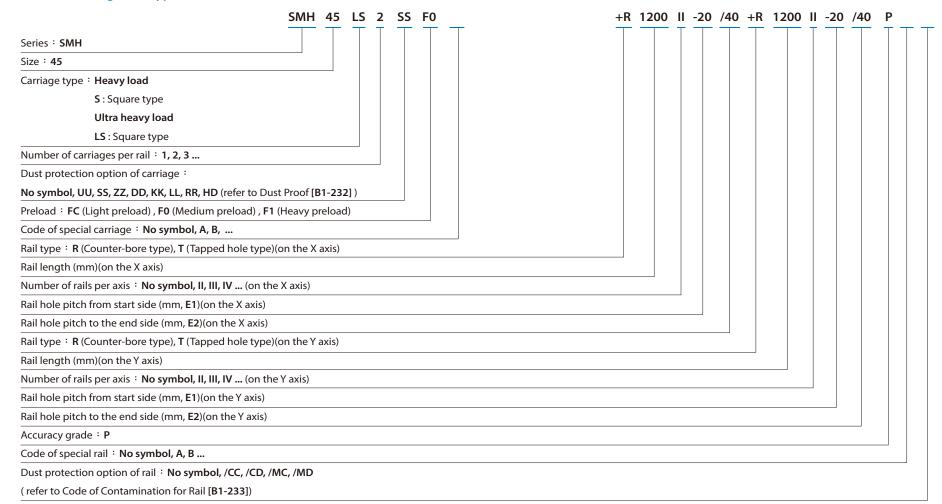


Tapped Hole (T type)



Description of Specification

Non-Interchangeable Type



※*PMI* B1-2

Accuracy Grade

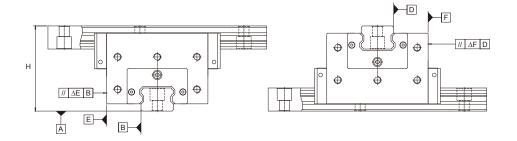


Table 9 Running Parallelism

Rail len	gth (mm)	Running Parallelism Values(um)
Above	Or less(incl.)	Р
0	315	3
315	400	4
400	500	5
500	630	6
630	800	7
800	1000	8
1000	1250	10
1250	1600	11
1600	2000	13
2000	2500	15
2500	3000	16

Non-Interchangeable Type

Unit: mm

Model No.	ltem	Accuracy Grade Precision P				
	Difference in height H	0.012				
45	Perpendicularity of surface D against surface B	0.012				
45	Running parallelism of surface E against surface B	ΔE (see the Table 9)				
	Running parallelism of surface F against surface D	ΔF (see the Table 9)				

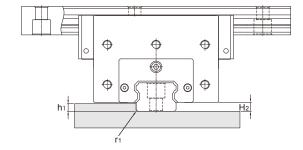
Preload Grade

Series	Preload grade								
Series	Light preload (FC)	Medium preload(F0)	Heavy preload(F1)						
SMH45L	0.01~0.03C	0.04~0.06C	0.07~0.09C						

Note: C is basic dynamic load rating in above table. Refer to the specification of products, please.

The Shoulder Height and Corner Radius for Installation

SMH series

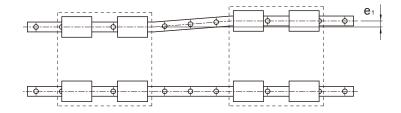


Model No.	r ₁ (max.)	h ₁ (max.)	H ₂
45	1	8	10

Dimensional Tolerance of Mounting Surface

With the self alignment capability, the minor dimensional error in mounting surface could be compensated and achieves smooth linear motion. The tolerances of parallelism between two axes are shown as below.

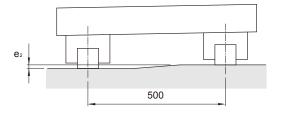
The parallel deviation between two axes (e₁)



Unit: μm

MadalNa	Preload Grade						
Model No.	FC	F0	F1				
45	60	40	35				

Level difference between two axes (e₂)

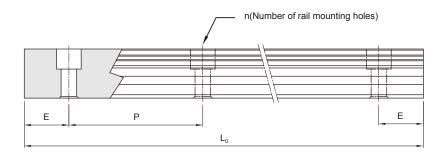


Unit: μm

MadalNa	Preload Grade						
Model No.	FC	F0	F1				
45	250	170	140				

Note: The permissible values in table are applicable when the span is 500mm wide.

Rail Maximum Length and Standard



 $L_0=(n-1)\times P+2\times E$

 L_{θ} : Total Length of rail (mm)

n: Number of mounting holes

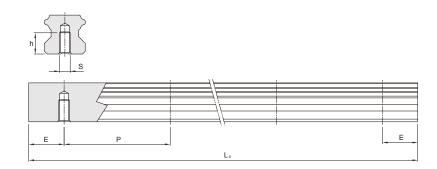
P: Distance between any two holes (mm)

E: Distance from the center of the last hole to the edge (mm)

Unit: mm

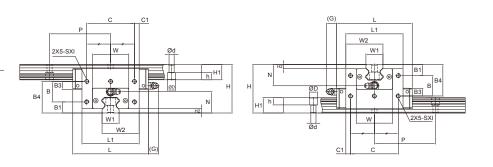
Model No.	Standard Pitch (P)	Standard (E _{std.})	Minimum (E _{min.})	Max (L₀ max.)
SMH45	105	22.5	11	3000

Tapped Hole Rail Dimensions



Rail Model	S	h(mm)
SMH45T	M12	24

Specifications | Dimensions of SMH

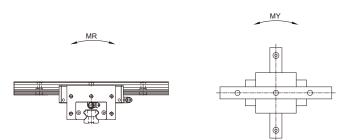


Dimensions of SMH-LS



	Exteri	nal dime	nsion	Carriage dimension											
Model No.	Height H	Width L1	Length L	В1	Вз	B4	В	c	C1	S×ℓ	w	H₂	N	G	Grease Nipple
SMH45LS	118	140.5	174.5	30	16.6	75	45	110	15.25	M10×15	83.6	10	50	13.5	G-PT1/8

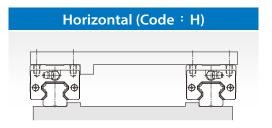
Note: The basic dynamic load rating C of ball type is based on the 50 km for nomonal life. The conversion between C for 50 km and C_{100} for 100 km is $C=1.26 \times C_{100}$.

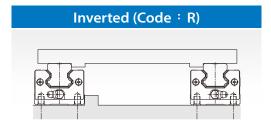


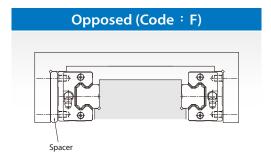
		Rail dimension							Basic load rating		Static moment rating		Weight	
Model No.	Width W ₁	Width W ₂	Height H ₁	Pitch P	E std.	D×h×d	Max Length	Dynamic C kN	Static C _o kN	M _P kN-m	M _Y kN-m	Carriage kg	Rail kg/m	
SMH45LS	45	92.75	32	105	22.5	20×17×14	3000	90	143.6	3.27	2.88	16.5	10.5	

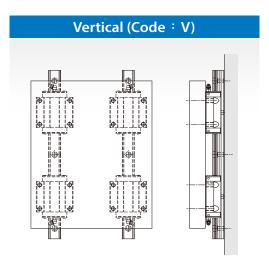
Installation Direction of Linear Guideway

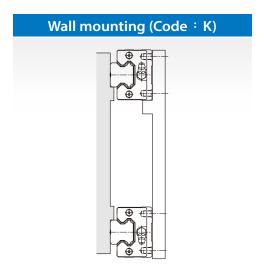
The installation direction of linear guideway depends on machine structure and load direction. When oil lubrication is applied, the lubricant routing will be varied with different applications. Therefore, please specify the direction of installation when ordering.

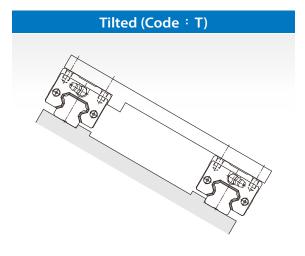










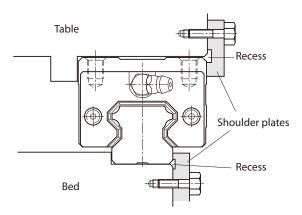


Fixing Methods of Linear Guideway

The rail and carriage could be displaced when machine receives vibration or impact. Under such situation, the running accuracy and service life will be degraded, so the following fixing methods are recommended for avoiding such situation happens.

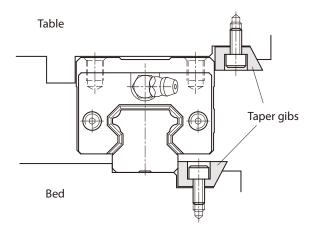
Shoulder plate (Recommended)

For this method, the rail and carriage should stick out slightly from the bed and table. To avoid interference from corner of carriage and rail, the shoulder plate should have a recess.



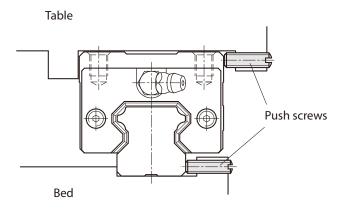
Taper gib

A slight tightening of the taper gib could generate a large pressing force to the linear guideway, and this may cause the rail to deform. Thus, this method should be carried with caution.



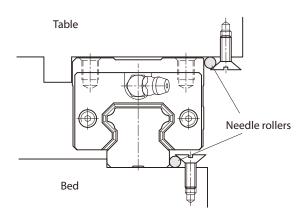
Push screw

Due to the limitation of installation space, the size of bolt should be thin.



Needle roller

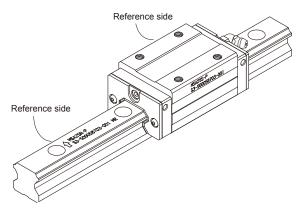
The needle roller is pressed by the taper section of the head of screw, so the position of screw should be paid attention.

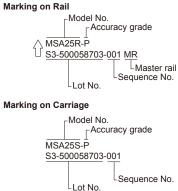


Marking on Master Linear Guideway and Combined Case

Recognizing of Reference Side

The reference side of rail is assigned by the arrow sign which is marked together with the model code and lot number on top surface of rail while that of carriage is the side which is opposed to the side marked with lot number and model code marked, as shown below.

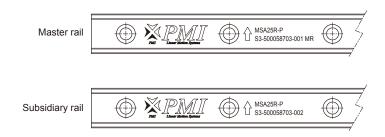




Recognizing of reference side

Recognizing of Master Rail

Linear rails to be applied on the same plane are all marked with the same serial number, and "MR" is marked at the end of serial number for indicating the master rail, shown as the figure below. The reference side of carriage is the surface where is ground to a specified accuracy. For normal grade (N), it has no mark "MR" on rail which means any one of rails with same serial number could be the master rail.



Recognizing of master rail

Combined Use of Rail and Carriage

For combined use, the rail and carriage must have the same serial number. When reinstalling the carriage back to the rail, make sure they have the same serial number and the reference side of carriage should be in accordance with that of rail.

For Butt-joint Rail

When applied length of rail longer than specified max. length, the rails can be connected to one another. For this situation, the joint marks indicate the matching position. Accuracy may deviate at joints when carriages pass the joint simultaneously. Therefore, the joints should be interlaced for avoiding such accuracy problem.

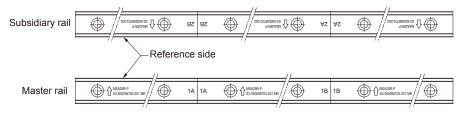


Fig.8 Identification of butt-joint rail

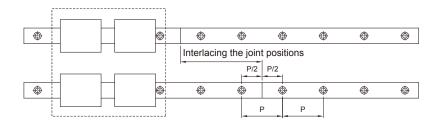
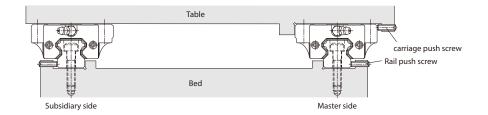


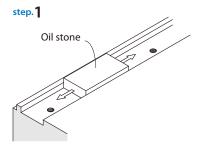
Fig.9 Staggering the joint position

Installation of Linear Guideway

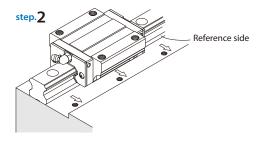
Installation of Linear Guideway When Machine Subjected to Vibration and Impact



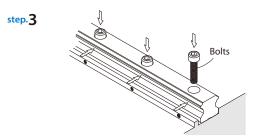
Installation of rail



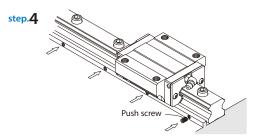
Prior to installation, the burrs, dirt, and rust preventive oil should be removed thoroughly.



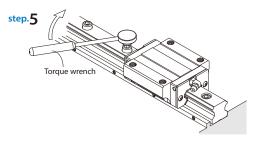
Gently place the linear guideway on the bed, and pushing it against the reference side of bed.



Check for correct bolt play and temporarily tighten all bolts.



Tighten the push screw in sequence to ensure the rail close matching the reference side of bed.



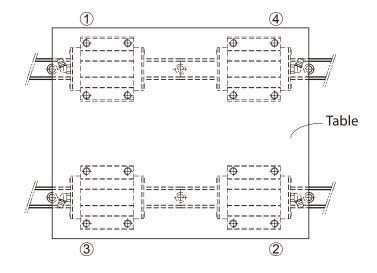
Tighten all bolts to the specified torque. The tightening sequence should start from the right side to the left side. By doing this, the original accuracy could be achieved.

step.6

Follow the same procedure for the installation of remaining rails.



Installation of carriage



step. 1

Gently place table onto carriages and temporarily tighten the bolts.

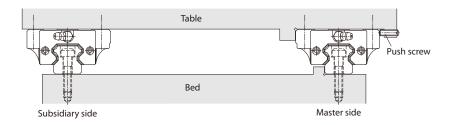
step.2

Tighten the push screw to hold the master rail carriage against the table reference side, and position the table.

step.3

Fully tighten all bolts on both master and subsidiary sides. The tightening process should be followed by the order of to .

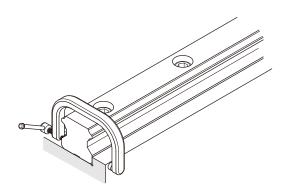
Installation of Linear Guideway without Push Screws



Installation of master rail

Using a vise

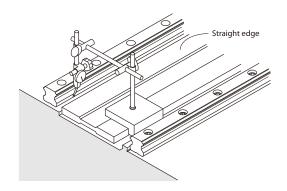
First tighten the mounting bolts temporarily, than use a C vise to press the master rail to reference side. Tighten the mounting bolts in sequence to specified torque.



Installation of subsidiary rail

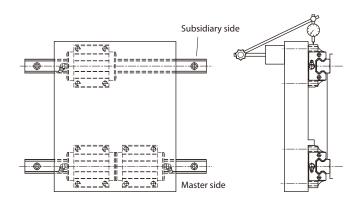
Using a straight edge

Place a straight edge between the two rails and position it parallel to the reference side rail which is temporarily tightened by bolts. Check the parallelism with dial gauge, and align the rail if necessary. Then tighten the bolts in sequence.



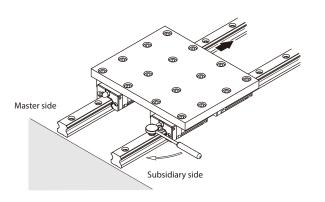
Using a table

Tighten two master side carriages and one subsidiary side carriage onto the table. Then temporarily tighten another subsidiary carriage and rail to the table and bed. Position a dial gauge on the table and have the probe of dial gauge contact the side of the subsidiary carriage. Move the table from the rail end and check the parallelism between the carriage and the subsidiary rail. Then tighten the bolts in sequence.



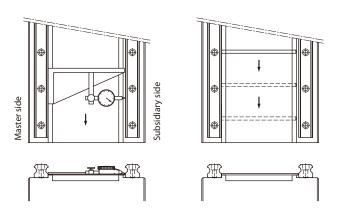
Compare to master rail side

Tighten two master side carriages and one subsidiary side carriage onto the table. Then temporarily tighten another subsidiary carriage and rail to the table and bed. Move the table from one rail, check and align the parallelism of subsidiary rail based on moving resistance. Tighten the bolts in sequence.

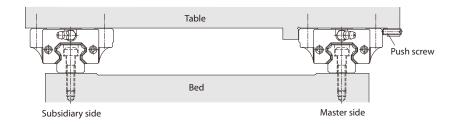


Using a jig

Using the special jig to align the parallelism between the reference side of master rail and that of subsidiary rail from one rail end to another. Tighten the mounting bolts in sequence.



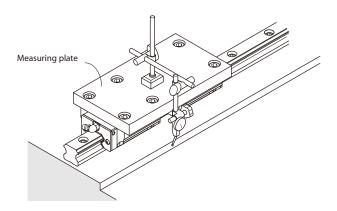
The Installation of Carriage of Linear Guideway without the **Reference Side for Master Rail**



Mounting the master rail

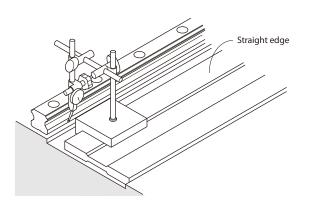
Using a temporary reference side

Two carriages are tightened together onto the measuring plate, and set up a temporary reference surface near the rail mounting surface on the bed. Check and align the parallelism of rails and then tighten bolts sequentially.



Using a straight edge

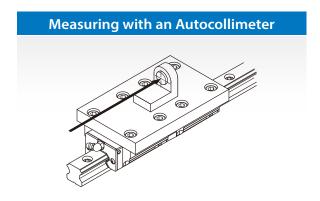
At first temporarily tighten rail onto the bed, then use a dial gauge to align the straightness of rail. Tighten the bolts in sequence.

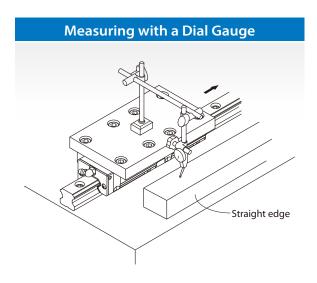


The installation of subsidiary carriage and rail is same as the prior examples

Accuracy Measurement after Installation

The running accuracy can be obtained by tightening the two carriages onto the measuring plate. A dial gauge or autocollimeter is sued for measuring the accuracy. If a dial gauge is used, the straight edge should be placed as close to carriage as possible for accurate measurement.





The Recommended Tightening Torque for Rails

The improper tightening torque could affect the mounting accuracy, so tightening the bolts by torque wrench to specified toque is highly recommended. Different types of mounting surface should have different torque value for applications.

Unit: N-m

Bolt Model		Torque Value			
Boit Model	Iron	Cast iron	Aluminum		
M2	0.6	0.4	0.3		
M3	2	1.3	1		
M4	4	2.7	2		
M5	8.8	5.9	4.4		
M6	13.7	9.2	6.8		
M8	30	20	15		
M10	68	45	33		
M12	120	78	58		
M14	157	105	78		
M16	196	131	98		
M20	382	255	191		

Note: 1 N-m = 0.738 lbf-ft

Options

Dust Proof

Code of contamination protection

Code of contamination protection for Carriage

• MSA, MSB Series:

Code	Contamination Protection
no symbol	Scraper(both ends)
UU	Bidirectional end seal(both ends)
SS	Bidirectional end seal+Bottom seal
ZZ	SS+Scraper
DD	Double bidirectional end seal+Bottom seal
KK	DD+Scraper
LL	Low frictional end seal
RR	LL+Bottom seal
HD	high dust prove end seal +high dust prove inner and bottom seal (reference[B1-238])

• MSG, MSR, SMR, SME Series

Code	Contamination Protection
no symbol	Scraper(both ends)
UU	Bidirectional end seal(both ends)
SS	Bidirectional end seal+Bottom seal+Inner seal
ZZ	SS+Scraper
DD	Double bidirectional end seal+Bottom seal+Inner seal
KK	DD+Scraper

• SMA, SMB Series

Code	Contamination Protection
no symbol	Scraper(both ends)
UU	Bidirectional end seal(both ends)
SS	Bidirectional end seal+Bottom seal
ZZ	SS+Scraper
DD	Double bidirectional end seal+Bottom seal
KK	DD+Scraper
LL	Low frictional end seal
RR	LL+Bottom seal

• MSC, MSD Series:

Code	Contamination Protection
LL	Low frictional end seal
RR	LL+Bottom seal

Code of contamination protection for Rail

• MSA \ MSB \ MSG \ MSR \ SMR \ SME \ SMA \ SMB Series

Code	Contamination Protection
/CC	Cover strip (Buckle Type)
/CB	Cover strip (Rail have steel strip groove)
/CD	Cover strip (Rail without steel strip groove)
/MC	Copper bolt cap
/MD	Stainless bolt cap

Note: There are two metallic bolt caps of copper and stainless that could be supplied by customer's choice.

Note: Buckle Type: Apply to MSR, SMR Series

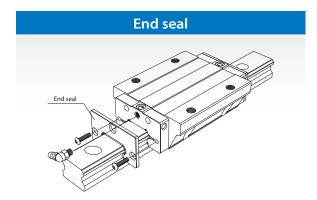
Seal materials choice

Beside the standard seal NBR that FKM (Fluorocarbon Rubber) seal or HNBR (Hyfrogenated Nitrile Butadiene Rubber) seal could be supplied as requirement by customer's choice.

Because FKM and HNBR series are not standard products, we do not prepare stocks. Customization is necessary.

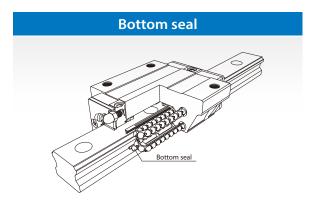
Contamination protection

Each series of linear guideway offers various kinds of dust protection accessory to keep the foreign matters from entering into the carriage.

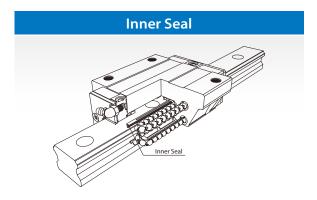


Tow types sealing are available:

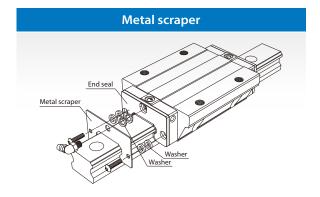
- 1. Bidirectional seal for high dust protection required.
- 2. Monodirectional seal for low frictional resistance required.



Prevent the inclusion of foreign matters form the bolt hole.



Preventing the inclusion of foreign matters from bottom of carriage.

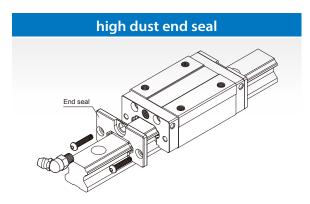


Removing spatters, iron chips , and large foreign matters as well as protecting the end seals.

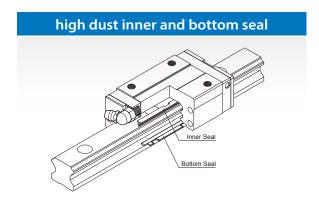
HD-Enhanced Dust-proof

Construction

According to the environmental and operational conditions, *PMI* provide enhanced contamination protection could be supplied as requirement by customer's choice, the excellent of enhanced contamination protection to prevent dust enter the carriage.



offer special design bidirectional end seal



Prevent the foreign matters enter the carriage from the bolt hole.

Features

- Inner seal attached, having better seal effect than normal dust-proof attachment.
- Bidirectional end seal design strengthens the contact of rails with dust-proof end seal and high dust-proof inner & bottom seal.
- The size and length of enhanced dust-proof is the same as normal ones. And also have double effect of dust-proof.

Application

• Applicable to carpentry industry.

Test Conditions

Specification: MSA25SHD

Running Length	500mm (per cycle)
Test Distance	150Km
Feed Rate	1.7m/min
Particle Amount	Spray continuously

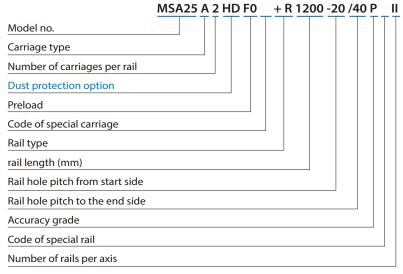
Result



After running 150 KM in a wood flour test environment, the carriage is still moving smoothly and the steel balls are also glossy. The end seal and inner seal protect against wood flour from entering the carriage. Overall running smoothness is not effected.

Description of Specification

• Non-Interchangeable Type



Note: Rail Model-MSA15, MSA20, MSA25, MSA30, MSA35, MSB15, MSB20(A type, E type, S type)

• Interchangeable Type Carriage

MSA25 A HD FC N

Model no.

Carriage type

Dust protection option

Preload

Accuracy grade

Code of special carriage

Note: Rail Model- MSA15, MSA20, MSA25, MSA30, MSA35, MSB15, MSB20(A type, E type, S type)

Each Series of linear guideway with different dust-proof accessories, comparing with standard dust-proof accessories, the overall length of carriage is different, as below table shown:

MSA Series

Unit: mm

Model No.	No symbol	UU	SS	LL	RR	ZZ	DD	KK	HD
15	0	-	-	-	-	5	5	10	3
20	1.4	-	-	-	-	7	5.6	12.6	0.4
25	1.4	-	-	-	-	7	5.6	12.6	0.4
30	1.4	-	-	-	-	7	5.6	12.6	0.4
35	0.6	-	-	-	-	7.8	7.2	15	-
45	0.6	-	-	-	-	7.8	7.2	15	-
55	-	-	-	-	-	7.8	7.8	15.6	-
65	-	-	-	-	-	7.8	7.8	15.6	-

MSB Series

Unit: mm

Model No.	No symbol	UU	SS	LL	RR	ZZ	DD	KK	HD
15	-	-	-	-	-	5	5	10	1
20	1	-	-	-	-	7	6	13	-
25	1	-	-	-	-	7	6	13	-
30	1	-	-	-	-	7	6	13	-
35	0.6	-	-	-	-	7.8	7.2	15	-

※*PMI* B1-2

Options

MSG Series

ivisa series							
Model No.	no symbol	υU	SS	ZZ	DD	KK	
21	1	-	-	7	6	13	
27	1	-	-	7	6	13	
35	1.8	-	-	7.8	6	13.8	

MSR, SMR Series

MSR, SMR Series Unit: mm								
Mode	el No.	no symbol	υυ	SS	ZZ	DD	KK	
MSR 20	-	2	-	-	6	6	12	
MSR 25	SMR 25	2	-	-	6	6	12	
MSR 30	SMR 30	2	-	-	7	6	13	
MSR 35	SMR 35	2	-	-	7	6	13	
MSR 45	SMR 45	1.6	-	-	7	6.4	13.4	
MSR 55	SMR 55	0.8	-	-	7.8	7.2	15	
MSR 65	SMR 65	0.8	-	-	7.8	7.8	15.6	

SME Series

Model No.	no symbol	υυ	SS	ZZ	DD	Unit: mm KK
15	0.4	-	-	6	5.6	11.6
20	1	-	-	7	6	13
25	1	-	-	7	6	13
30	1.4	-	-	7	5.6	12.6
35	1	-	-	7.8	6.8	14.6
45	0.6	-	-	7.8	7.2	15

Resistance value of seal

MSA series

The maximum resistance value of MSA series with seals type UU when it is applied with grease is shown below.

Model No.	Resistance				
	UU	HD			
15	2	18			
20	3.5	19			
25	4	30			
30	6	23			
35	10	25			
45	12	-			
55	18	-			
65	30	-			

MSB series

The maximum resistance value of MSB series with seals type UU when it is applied with grease is shown below.

Unit: N

Model No.	Resistance				
Model No.	UU	HD			
15	2	18			
20	3.5	19			
25	4	-			
30	6	-			
35	10	-			

MSC, MSD series

The maximum resistance value of MSC series with seals type LL when it is applied with grease is shown below.

Unit: N

MSC

Model No.	Resistance
7	0.08
9	0.1
12	0.4
15	0.8

MSD

	nit:	

Model No.	Resistance
7	0.4
9	0.8
12	1.1
15	1.3

Options

MSR, SMR series

The maximum resistance value of MSR and SMR series with seals type UU when it is applied with grease is shown below.

Unit: N

Mode	el No.	Resistance
MSR 20	-	3.5
MSR 25	SMR 25	4.5
MSR 30	SMR 30	8
MSR 35	SMR 35	12
MSR 45	SMR 45	18
MSR 55	SMR 55	20
MSR 65	SMR 65	35

MSG series

The maximum resistance value of MSG series with seals type UU when it is applied with grease is shown below.

Unit: N

Model No.	Resistance
17	2
21	3.5
27	4
35	6

SMA series

The maximum resistance value of SMA series with seals type UU when it is applied with grease is shown below.

Unit: N

Model No.	Resistance
Model No.	UU
15	2
20	3.5

SME series

The maximum resistance value of SME series with seals type UU when it is applied with grease is shown below.

Unit: N

Resistance
2
3.5
4
6
10
12

SMB series

The maximum resistance value of SMB series with seals type UU when it is applied with grease is shown below.

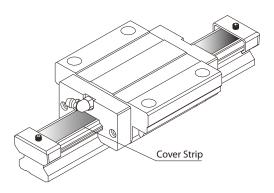
Unit: N

Model No.	Resistance	
Model No.	UU	
15	2	
20	3.5	
25	4	
30	6	

Cover Strip

A special designed of cover strip is used to cover the bolt hole to prevent the foreign matters from entering the carriage. Indicate that the cover strip is required when ordering the guideway. Please refer to [B1-233] "Code of Contamination Protection for Rail" for the ordering code.

Standard Type (Apply to MSA \ MSB \ SME \ MSR \ SMR \ SMA \ SMB Series)



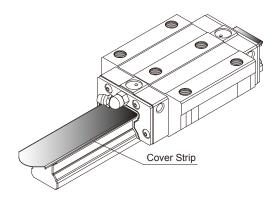
When mounting the cover strip, the rail needs to be machined. The cover strip does not increase the height of rail. (the code of rail dust proof accessories "CC")

Note:

When mounting the cover strip, if the rail doesn't need to be machined, the cover strip will increase the height 0.3 mm after the rail assembly, therefore, the resistance will increase. (the code of rail dust proof accessories "CD")

Buckle Type (Apply to MSR, SMR Series)

For the customer application, PMI design the buckle type of cover strip. The cover strip is fixed on the rail, and that will increase the assembly height of rail.



Series	Increment(mm)	Assembly Height of Rail(mm)
SMR25/MSR25	0.3	23.8
SMR30/MSR30	0.3	27.8
SMR35/MSR35	0.3	30.8
SMR45/MSR45	0.3	37.3
SMR55/MSR55	0.3	43.3
SMR65/MSR65	0.3	52.3

Note: Due to the increase of the cover strip thickness, the preload will increase after mounting.

Caps for rail mounting hole

A special designed of cap is used to cover the bolt hole to prevent the foreign matters from entering the carriage. According to difference of application, *PMI* provide two kind of caps for selection, made by plastic and metal. The metallic cap is for option, please specify when ordering. The plastic cap is mounted by using a plastic hammer with a flat pad placed on the top,until the top of cap is flush to the top surface of rail. The dimension of caps for different sizes of rail is shown.

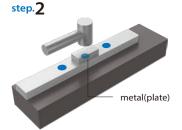
Installation of plastic and metal cap

According to the environmental and operational conditions, choose plastic or metal, plastic and metal model cap size, please refer to **Table 1**, **Table 2**.

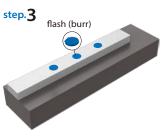
The steps of installing bolt cap with rail by below indicated figures

bolt cap

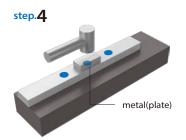
Put the cap into the bolt hole of rail.



Put the plate on the cap, then pound it into the bolt of rail with rubber hammer vertically.



Clear the "shaving" away from the side of bolt hole.



Continue pounding the cap until the cap is on the same plane with the top surface of rail.



Use oil stone to polish the surface of caps and mop them with clean bunny cloth. And finally check the installation is good for smoothing by your finger.

Install attention

Owing to the side of hole is very sharp during installation. Therefore, pay special attention for safety in case of finger and hands be slashed.

Table 10

Code of Superior Supe							
Plastic Cap	Bolt Size	Rail Model					
M3C	M3		MSB15R				
M4C	M4	MSA15R	MSB15U		SME15R		MSG17R MSG21R MSG27R
M5C	M5	MSA20R	MSB20R	MSR20R	SME20R		
M6C	M6	MSA25R	MSB25R MSB30R	MSR25R	SME25R	SMR25R	MSG35R
M8C	M8	MSA30R MSA35R	MSB30U MSB35R	MSR30R MSR35R	SME30R SME35R	SMR30R SMR35R	
M12C	M12	MSA45R		MSR45R	SME45R	SMR45R	
M14C	M14	MSA55R		MSR55R		SMR55R	
M16C	M16	MSA65R		MSR65R		SMR65R	

Table 11

Code of Metallic Cap	Bolt Size	Rail Model					
M4MC	M4	MSA15R	MSB15U		SME15R		MSG17R MSG21R MSG27R
M5MC	M5	MSA20R	MSB20R	MSR20R	SME20R		
М6МС	M6	MSA25R	MSB25R MSB30R	MSR25R	SME25R	SMR25R	MSG35R
М8МС	M8	MSA30R MSA35R	MSB30U MSB35R	MSR30R MSR35R	SME30R SME35R	SMR30R SMR35R	
M12MC	M12	MSA45R		MSR45R	SME45R	SMR45R	
M14MC	M14	MSA55R		MSR55R		SMR55R	
M16MC	M16	MSA65R		MSR65R		SMR65R	

Lubrication

A well lubrication is important for maintaining the function of linear guideway. If the lubrication is not sufficient, the frictional resistance at rolling area will increase and the service life will be shortened as a result of wear of rolling parts.

Two primary lubricants are both grease and oil used for linear motion system, and the lubrication methods are categorized into manual and forced oiling. The selection of lubricant and its method should be based on the consideration of operating speed and environment requirement.

Grease lubrication

The grease feeding interval will be varied with different operating conditions and environments. Under normal operating condition, the grease should be replenished every 100km of travel. Moving the carriage back and forth with minimum stroke length of length of 3 carriages after the carriages been greased. To assure the grease is evenly distributed inside of carriage, the mentioned process should be repeated twice at least.

Grease amount to be bed

Model No.	Initial Feeding Amount(cm ³)	Amount for Replenishing(cm ³)
MSA 15	1.1	0.4
MSA 20	2.1	0.7
MSA 25	3.5	1.2
MSA 30	5.8	1.9
MSA 35	8.2	2.7
MSA 45	16.1	5.4
MSA 55	27.1	9.0
MSA 65	51.6	17.2
MSA 20L	3.1	1.0
MSA 25L	5.1	1.7
MSA 30L	8.2	2.7
MSA 35L	11.8	3.9
MSA 45L	23.0	7.7
MSA 55L	38.8	12.9
MSA 65L	77.8	25.9

Model No.	Initial Feeding Amount(cm ³)	Amount for Replenishing(cm³)		
MSB 15	1.0	0.3		
MSB 20	1.5	0.5		
MSB 25	2.8	0.9		
MSB 30	4.5	1.5		
MSB 35	8.2	2.7		
MSB 15T	0.4	0.1		
MSB 20T	0.7	0.2		
MSB 25T	1.5	0.5		
MSB 30T	2.2	0.7		
MSB 35L	11.8	3.9		
MSG 17	1.0	0.3		
MSG 21	1.2	0.4		
MSG 27	2.1	0.7		
MSG 35	5.6	1.9		
MSC 7	0.06	0.02		
MSC 9	0.16	0.05		
MSC 12	0.25	0.08		
MSC 15	0.49	0.16		
MSC 7L	0.11	0.04		
MSC 9L	0.24	0.08		
MSC 12L	0.42	0.14		
MSC 15L	0.80	0.27		
MSD 7	0.19	0.06		
MSD 9	0.42	0.14		
MSD 12	0.73	0.24		
MSD 15	1.51	0.50		
MSD 7L	0.28	0.09		
MSD 9L	0.60	0.20		
MSD 12L	1.07	0.36		
MSD 15L	2.18	0.73		

Model No.	Initial Feeding Amount(cm ³)	Amount for Replenishing(cm ³)	
MSR 20	3.0	1.0	
MSR 25	4.5	1.5	
MSR 30	7.0	2.3	
MSR 35	9.6	3.2	
MSR 45	17.1	5.7	
MSR 55	26.0	8.7	
MSR 65	51.3	17.1	
MSR 25L	5.5	1.8	
MSR 30L	8.7	2.9	
MSR 35L	12.3	4.1	
MSR 45L	22.0	7.3	
MSR 55L	34.3	11.4	
MSR 65L	64.8	21.6	
SMR 25	5.9	2.0	
SMR 30	8.8	2.9	
SMR 35	12.6	4.2	
SMR 45	21.0	7.0	
SMR 55	32.1	10.7	
SMR 65	60.0	20.0	
SMR 25L	7.2	2.4	
SMR 30L	11.0	3.7	
SMR 35L	16.0	5.3	
SMR 45L	26.5	8.8	
SMR 55L	42.6	14.2	
SMR 65L	76.1	25.4	
SME 15	1.6	0.5	
SME 20	2.6	0.9	
SME 25	4.1	1.4	
SME 30	6.0	2.0	
SME 35	9.7	3.2	
SME 45	13.2	4.4	
SME 20L	3.6	1.2	
SME 25L	5.2	1.7	
SME 30L	8.1	2.7	
SME 35L	13.0	4.3	
SME 45L	18.5	6.2	

規格	油量總體積 (cm³ ⁾	潤滑脂補充量 (cm³ ⁾
SMA 15	1.4	0.5
SMA 20	2.6	0.9
SMA 25	4.4	1.5

規格	油量總體積 (cm³ ⁾	潤滑脂補充量 (cm³ ⁾
SMB 15	1.3	0.5
SMB 20	1.8	0.6
SMB 25	3.4	1.2
SMB 30	5.5	1.8

Oil lubrication

The recommended viscosity of oil is 30~150 cst, and the recommended feeding rate per hour is shown as table below. The installation other than horizontal may caused the oil unable to reach raceway area, so please specify the installed direction your linear guideway applied. Reference is shown in page B1-214, Installation Direction of Linear Guideway.

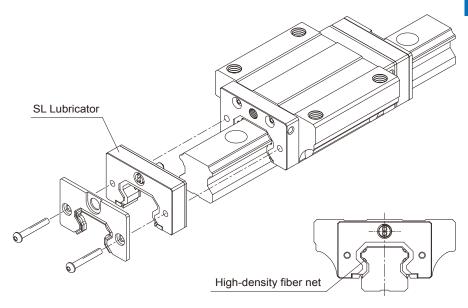
Oil lubrication feeding rate

Model No.	Initial Feeding Amount(cm³)	Feeding Rate (cm³/hr)			
15	0.6	0.2			
20	0.6	0.2			
25	0.9	0.3			
30	0.9	0.3			
35	0.9	0.3			
45	1.2	0.4			
55	1.5	0.5			
65	1.8	0.6			
MSG 17	0.6	0.2			
MSG 21	0.6	0.2			
MSG 27	0.9	0.3			
MSG 35	0.9	0.3			

Note: When the operating stroke length less than the sum of length of two carriages, the lubrication fitting should be applied on both ends of carriage for adequacy. Moreover, if the stroke length less than a half of the length of a carriage, the carriage should be moved back and forth up to the length of two carriages while lubricating.

SL Lubricator

Construction and Characteristics



Characteristics

PMI SL lubricator unit is designed with an oil reservoir which equipped with a high-density fiber net. Through the fiber net the lubricant can be steadily fed onto the surface of raceway to satisfy the required lubricating function.

- Lengthening the interval between maintenance works
 Contrary to the oil losing problem caused from ordinary lubrication, the SL lubricator effectively and evenly distribute needed amount of oil on to ball raceway during the movement. Therefore, the interval between maintenance works can be greatly extended.
- To avert the pollution

Through the use of SL lubricator, only the needed amount of oil will be fed for the purpose of lubrication, thereby the oil is almost nothing to lose in application. As a result, the environment will not be contaminated by waste oil.

Cost reduction

Saving the expense from oil loss and lubricating device.

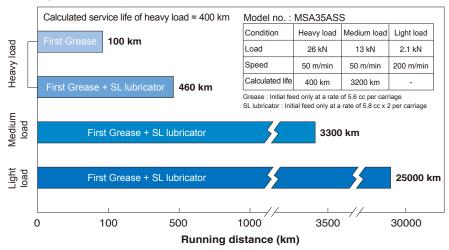
• Enables the most suitable oil for the purpose of use to be selected

The SL lubricator makes it possible to select the most proper lubricant for your application of linear guideway.

Performance

Lengthening the interval between maintenance works
 By using the SL lubricator, the interval between maintenance work can be lengthened at all load rating.

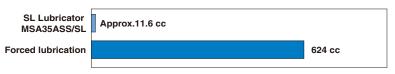
• Running Test without Replenishment of Lubricant



Effective use of lubricant

Since only the needed amount of lubricant will be applied to needed location, thereby effective use of lubricant can be achieved and the waste of lubricant can also be avoided.

• Annual Lubricant Consumption per Carriage



Supplied amount of lubricant

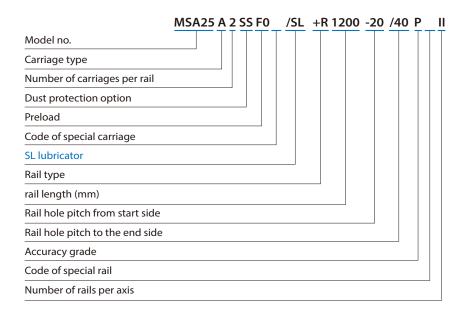
Amount of oil contained in SL Lubricator 5.8 cc x 2 / carriage = 11.6 cc Compared

Forced lubrication 0.3 cc/hr x 8 hrs/day x 260 days/year = 624 cc

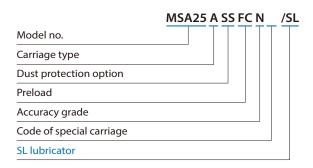
PM Decemberson System B1-29

Description of Specification

• Non-Interchangeable Type

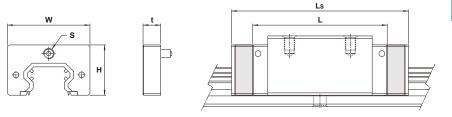


• Interchangeable Type Carriage



Dimensions of the SL Lubricator

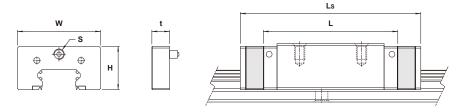
MSA series



		SL L	ubricator	dimension (r	nm)	Carriage dimension (mm)		
Model No.		Height H	Width W	Thickness t	Tapped hole S	Standard length L	SL Lubricator overall length Ls	
MSA 15SL	A/E/S	19	31.2	10	M4	56.3	76.3	
MSA 20SL	A/E/S	- 21.2	42.8	10	M6	67.3	92.9	
IVISA ZUSL	LA/LE/LS	21.2	42.0	10	IVIO	83.2	108.8	
MSA 25SL	A/E/S	28.5	46.8	10	M6	76	101.6	
MSA 255L	LA/LE/LS	26.5	40.0			95	120.6	
MSA 30SL	A/E/S	32	57	10	M6	91.4	117	
INIOA SUSL	LA/LE/LS					113.6	139.2	
MSA 35SL	A/E/S	36.5	68	10	M6	104	131.2	
MISA 333L	LA/LE/LS	30.3	00	10	IVIO	129.4	156.6	
MSA 45SL	A/E/S	49	83.6	15	1/8PT	130.5	167.7	
IVISA 453L	LA/LE/LS	49	65.0	15	1/011	162.3	199.5	
MSA 55SL	A/E/S	- 53	97	15	1/8PT	153.7	191.5	
MOA 333L	LA/LE/LS	25	9/	13	1/011	191.7	229.5	
MCA GEST	A/E/S	67	120	15	1/8PT	191.2	229	
MSA 65SL	LA/LE/LS	6/	120			245.2	283	

Note: Supply the Dust proof series(UU \ SS \ ZZ \ LL \ RR)

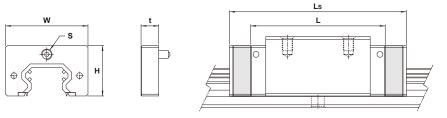
• MSB series



		SL L	ubricator	dimension (ı	mm)	Carriage d	limension (mm)
Model No.		Height H	Width W	Thickness t	Tapped hole S	Standard length L	SL Lubricator overall length Ls
MSB 15SL	TE/TS	18.5	33	10	M4	35.2	60.2
MISD ISSE	E/S	10.5	33	10	1714	52.2	77.2
MSB 20SL	TE/TS	21.2	40.8	10	M6	42	68
MISD ZUSL	E/S	21.2				61	87
MSB 25SL	TE/TS	24.5	47	10	M6	54.2	80.2
MISD 255L	E/S	24.5				76	102
MSB 30SL	TE/TS	30.8	57	10	146	62	88
MISD SUSL	E/S	30.6	57	10	M6	90.7	116.7
	TE/TS					70.8	98
MSB 35SL	E/S	37	68.5	10	M6	104.8	132
	LE/LS					130.3	157.5

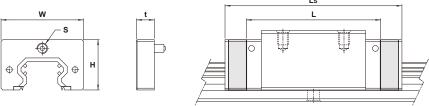
Note: Supply the Dust proof series(UU \ SS \ ZZ \ LL \ RR)

• MSR series



		SL	Lubricator d	imension (m	Carriage	Carriage dimension (mm)		
Model No.		Height H	Width W	Thickness t	Tapped hole S	Standard length L	SL Lubricator overall length Ls	
MSR 20SL	E/S LE/LS	24.9	43	10	M4	83.8 103.8	103.8 123.8	
MSR 25SL	E/S LE/LS	30.2	47	10	M6	91.5 109.5	117.5 135.5	
MSR 30SL	E/S LE/LS	34.5	58.6	10	M6	106.4 129.2	132.4 155.2	
MSR 35SL	E/S LE/LS	40.5	69	10.3	M6	119.3 147.5	145.9 174.1	
MSR 45SL	E/S LE/LS	50.9	84	15.3	1/8PT	147.8 183	184.8 220	
MSR 55SL	E/S LE/LS	58.5	98	15.3	1/8PT	178.2 228.2	216 266	
MSR 65SL	LE/LS	76.5	122	15	1/8PT	292.6	330.4	

Note: Supply the Dust proof series(UU \ SS \ ZZ)

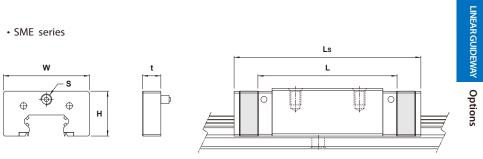


		SL L	ubricator	dimension (r	Carriage dimension (mm)		
Model No.		Height Width Thickness Tapped t S		Tapped S	Standard length L	SL Lubricator overall length LS	
SMR 25SL	E/S	30.2	47	10	M6	91.5	117.5
SIVIN 233L	LE/LS	30.2	47	10	IVIO	109.5	135.5
SMR 30SL	E/S	34.5	58.6	10	M6	106.4	132.4
SIVIN SUSE	LE/LS	34.3				129.2	155.2
SMR 35SL	E/S	40.5 69	10.3	M6	119.3	145.9	
SIVIK SSSL	LE/LS	40.5	69	10.5	IVIO	147.5	174.1
SMR 45SL	E/S	50.9	84	15.3		147.8	184.8
SIVIK 455L	LE/LS	50.9	84	15.3	1/8PT	183	220
SMR 55SL	E/S	EO E	98	15.3	1/8PT	178.2	216
SIVIK SSSL	LE/LS	58.5	98	15.5		228.2	266
SMR 65SL	LE/LS	76.5	122	15	1/8PT	294.2	332

Note: Supply the Dust proof series(UU \ SS \ ZZ)

• SMR series

• SME series

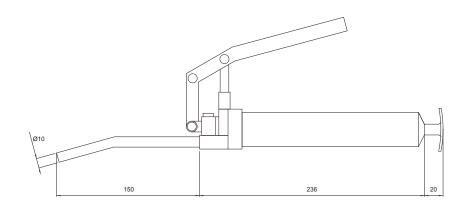


		SL I	ubricator	dimension (r	Carriage dimension (mm)		
Model No.		Height H			Tapped hole S	Standard length L	SL Lubricator overall length Ls
SME 15SL	E/S LE/LS	20.1	33.2	10	M4	59 74	84.4 99.4
SME 20SL	E/S LE/LS	22.8	41.4	10	M6	72.5 91.5	98.5 117.5
SME 25SL	E/S LE/LS	26.1	47.2	10	M6	86 103	112 129
SME 30SL	E/S LE/LS	33.5	58.5	10	M6	101.6 126.6	127.6 152.6
SME 35SL	E/S LE/LS	38.5	68	10	M6	113.8 143.8	140.6 170.6
SME 45SL	E/S LE/LS	49	83.6	15	1/8PT	132.8 167.3	170 204.5

Note: Supply the Dust proof series(UU \ SS \ ZZ)

Lubrication equipment - Grease gun

Grease gun used different nozzles installed on different oiling the supplementary grease.



Size and working condition:

15MPa discharge pressure

discharge rate 0.35g / stroke

weight (excluding the grease) 680g

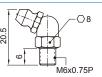
overall length about 400mm width about 120mm

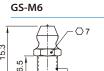
outside diameter of nozzle Ф10mm

Grease nipple and piping joint

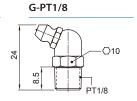
Grease nipple



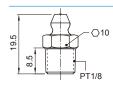




M6x0.75P



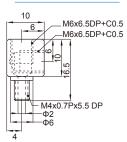
GS-PT1/8







TS-A(Connect Fitting)



Oil piping joint

• OL Type

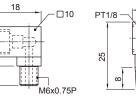


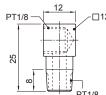


OL-B



OL-C

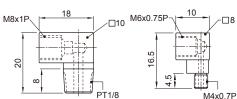




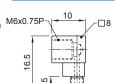
OL-D

6.5

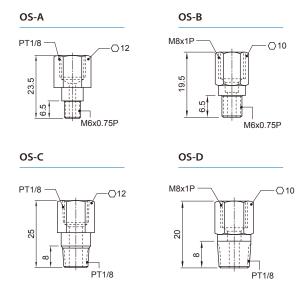
M6x0.75P



OL-E



• OS Type



	Model No.					Dust Proof Type							
Wiodel No.				9	SS		D	ZZ		КК			
					MSG17	G-	M3	G-1	Л ЗМ	G- <i>N</i>	изм	G-I	M3L
MSA15	MSB15	SME15		MSR20		G-M4	OL-E	G-M4L	OL-EL	G-M4L	OL-EL	G-M4L	OL-EL
MSA20	MSB20	SME20				G-M6	GS-M6	G-M6M	GS-M6M	G-M6M	GS-M6M	G-M6L	GS-M6L
MSA25	MSB25	SME25	SMR25	MSR25	MSG21								
MSA30	MSB30	SME30	SMR30	MSR30	MSG27	OL-A	OL-B	OL-AL	OL-BLR	OL-AL	OL-BLR	OL-AL	OL-BLR
MSA35	MSB35	SME35	SMR35	MSR35	MSG35	OS-A	OS-B	OS-AL	OS-BL	OS-AL	OS-BL	OS-AL	OS-BL
MSA45		SME45	SMR45	MSR45		G-PT1/8	GS-PT1/8	G-PT1/8L	GS-PT1/8L	G-PT1/8L	GS-PT1/8L	G-PT1/8L	GS-PT1/8L
MSA55			SMR55	MSR55		OL-C	OL-D	OL-CL	OL-DL	OL-CL	OL-DL	OL-CL	OL-DL
MSA65			SMR65	MSR65		OS-C	OS-D	OS-CL	OS-DL	OS-CL	OS-DL	OS-CL	OS-DL

Note: 1.MSA15-ZZ and MSA15-DD use the nipple"G-M4"

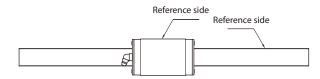
2.When MSB15 use the nipple "OL-E", change the nipple to "OL-EL"

The Relationship between the Direction of Lubrication and the Reference Side

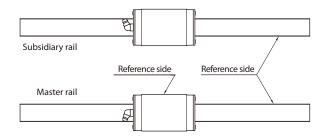
The standard lubrication fitting is grease nipple (G-M6 $^{\circ}$ G-PT1/8 $^{\circ}$ G-M4). The code of different types of application for lubrication fittings are shown below. For cases other than specified, please contact us for confirmation.

The relationship between the direction of lubrication and the reference side

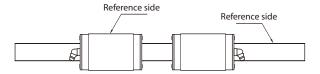
Code: C1R1



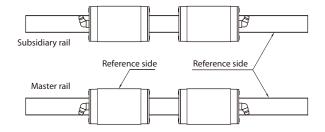
Code: C1R2



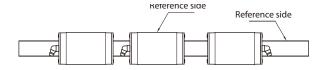
Code: C2R1



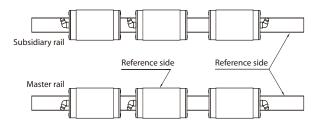
Code: C2R2



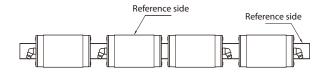
Code: C3R1



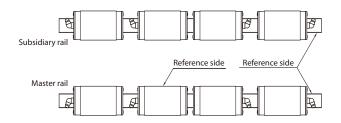
Code: C3R2



Code: C4R1



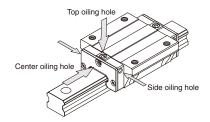
Code: C4R2



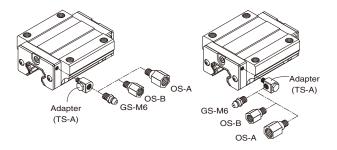
Lubrication position

The standard mounting locating of carriage is at the center of both ends. As for lateral and top application, please specify when ordering. As shown as below, the lateral application is achieved by using a adapter to connect the grease/oil fitting to the hole on the carriage.

Lubrication location

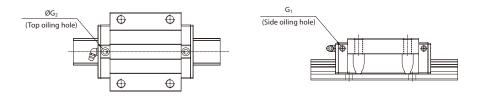


Lateral usage



0.01.	Model No.		Side			
Mode			G ₁	Nipple		
MSA 15	MSB 15	G-M4	M4×0.7P	G-M4		
MSA 20	MSB 20	G-M6	M4×0.7P	G-M4		
MSA 25	MSB 25	G-M6	M4×0.7P	G-M4		
MSA 30	MSB 30	G-M6	M4×0.7P	G-M4		
MSA 35	MSB 35	G-M6	M4×0.7P	G-M4		
MSA 45		G-PT1/8	M4×0.7P	G-M4		
MSA 55		G-PT1/8	M4×0.7P	G-M4		
MSA 65		G-PT1/8	M4×0.7P	G-M4		

Note: MSA and MSB series have no top oiling hole for option.



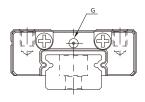
Model No.	Center	Center Side			
Model No.	Nipple	G1	Nipple	G ₂	O-ring
MSG 17	G-M3	M3×0.5P	G-M3	-	-
MSG 21	G-M6	M4×0.7P	G-M4	-	-
MSG 27	G-M6	M4×0.7P	G-M4	6.1	P3
MSG 35	G-M6	M4×0.7P	G-M4	7.3	P4

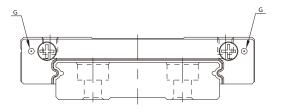
Note: Side oiling can't adopt TS-A

Mod	al Nia	Center	Si	de	Тор		
Model No.		Nipple	G ₁	G ₁ Nipple		O-ring	
-	MSR 20	G-M4	M4×0.7P	G-M4	9.2	P6	
SMR 25	MSR 25	G-M6	M6×0.75P	G-M6	10.2	P7	
SMR 30	MSR 30	G-M6	M6×0.75P	G-M6	10.2	P7	
SMR 35	MSR 35	G-M6	M6×0.75P	G-M6	10.2	P7	
SMR 45	MSR 45	G-PT1/8	M6×0.75P	G-M6	10.2	P7	
SMR 55	MSR 55	G-PT1/8	M6×0.75P	G-M6	10.2	P7	
SMR 65	MSR 65	G-PT1/8	M6×0.75P	G-M6	10.2	P7	

Model No.	Center	Side		Тор	
Model No.	Nipple	G1	Nipple	G2	O-ring
SME 15	G-M4	M4×0.7P	G-M4	-	-
SME 20	G-M6	M4×0.7P	G-M4	-	-
SME 25	G-M6	M4×0.7P	G-M4	-	-
SME 30	G-M6	M6×0.75P	G-M6	10.2	P7
SME 35	G-M6	M6×0.75P	G-M6	10.2	P7
SME 45	G-PT1/8	M6×0.75P	G-M6	10.2	P7

Model No.	Center	Side		Тор	
Model No.	Nipple	G ₁	Nipple	G ₂	O-ring
SMA 15	G-M4	M4×0.7P	G-M4	7.45	P4
SMA 20	G-M6	M6×0.75P	G-M6	7.45	P4
SMB 15	G-M4	M4×0.7P	G-M4	-	-
SMB 20	G-M6	M4×0.7P	G-M4	6.3	P3
SMB 25	G-M6	M6×0.75P	G-M6	7.45	P4
SMB 30	G-M6	M6×0.75P	G-M6	7.45	P4





Model No.	Center oiling hole G	Note
MSC 7	Ø0.8	Syringe injection
MSC 9	Ø1.0	Syringe injection
MSC 12	Ø1.5	Syringe injection
MSC 15	G-M3	Grease gun

Model No.	Side oiling hole G	Note
MSD 7	Ø1.5	Syringe injection
MSD 9	Ø1.5	Syringe injection
MSD 12	Ø1.5	Syringe injection
MSD 15	Ø1.5	Syringe injection

Surface Treatment

The surface of the rails and carriages of linear motion system can be treated for anti-corrosive or aesthetic purposes.

The Surface Treatment consists of the following 4 types.

Electroless Nickel Plating(PS-N)

Thickness	Unilateral 3 ~ 5 μm.
Color	Shiny.
Hardness	HV500
Characteristic	1. Uniformity of the deposits, even on complex shapes. 2. Deposits have good adhesion and excellent corrosion resistance. 3. Provide an inherent lubricity and low coefficient of friction. 4. Deposits have high hardness with resistance to abrasion and great solderability. 5. These are applicable for guideway required of rust prevention or glossy appearance.



Hard Chrome Plating(PS-HC)

Thickness	Unilateral 5 μm.
Color	Silvery white.
Hardness	HV900~1000
Characteristic	1.Provide a lustrous and good adhesion. 2.Stability and keep color in a humid atmosphere. 3.These are applicable for pistons and suspension elements applications, provide characteristic high hardness and low coefficient of friction. 4.These are applicable for high hardness, acidproof alkali and abrasion resistance applications.



RGUIDEWAY

Black Chrome Plating(PS-C)

Thickness	Unilateral 10~15 μm.
Color	Matte Black.
Hardness	HV230~350
Characteristic	1. High efficiency light absorption characteristics and reduces light reflectivity. 2. Dispersible corrosion current function and excellent corrosion resistance. 3. Uniformity of the deposits. 4. These material are applicable for iron, steel, stainless steel, copper and aluminum. 5. These are applicable for semiconductor, LCD, optoelectronics, cleanrooms, automated production packaging / packaging and testing, optics, instrumentation industry.



Black Chrome Plating +Special Fluororesin(PS-CF)

Thickness	Unilateral 3~10 μm.
Color	Matte Black
Hardness	Above HV750
Characteristic	1. High noise reduction and abrasion resistance. 2. Excellent corrosion resistance (Resistance cyanate) and usually application on high-end semiconductor, LCD, optoelectronics, packaging, packaging and testing, clean room, medical, aerospace and marine screw turbine materials. 3. Biocompatible, ISO10993, apply to Class II or Class I medical equipment. 4. Coating provide the base layer with dense, matte black, stain resistance and anti-corrosion ability, which provides excellent adhesion and a uniform coating layer.



Note: Our standard length for surface treatment is 4 meters except black chrome plating +special fluororesin (PS-CF)which are two meters.

Note: Meet the RoHS & Reach green product standard.

Data on Comparison of Rust Prevention

ltem	Description		
Spray liquid	5% NaCl solution		
Experimental temperature	35°C ±2°C		
Spray pressure	1 kg/cm ²		
Spray volume	1.0 ~ 2.0 ml / 80 cm ² / hr		
Relative humidity	95~ 98%		

Note: Testing based on ISO 9227:1990 standards.

Species Times	Original Material	Electroless Nickel Plating (PS-N)	Hard Chrome Plating (PS-HC)	Black Chrome Plating (PS-C)	Black Chrome Plating + Special Fluororesin (PS-CF)
10 min	\triangle	0	0	\circ	0
20 min	•	0	0	0	0
90 min	•	0	0	Δ	0
100 min	•	0	0	Δ	0
3 hr	•	Δ	0	\triangle	0
4 hr	•	Δ	Δ	Δ	0
5 hr	•	Δ	Δ	•	0
26 hr	•	*	Δ	•	0
35 hr	•	*	*	•	0
48 hr	•	•	•	•	Δ
96 hr	•	*	•	•	*
○ : No	\bigcirc : No rust \triangle : Spotty rust $lacktriangle$: Light rusted $lacktriangle$: Completely rusted				

Black Chrome Black **Electroless** Hard Chrome Plating + **Species** Nickel Original Chrome Plating Special **Times** Material Plating **Plating** (PS-HC) Fluororesin (PS-N) (PS-C) (PS-CF) **Before Test** 26 hr 96 hr

Handling

• Tilting the linear guideway may cause the carriage falling out from the rail by their own weight.

Precautions of Linear Guideway

- Beating or Dropping the linear guideway may cause its function to be damage, even if the product looks intact.
- Do not disassemble the carriage, this may cause contamination to enter into the carriage or decrease the installation accuracy.
- · Carrying excessive weight for linear guideway, by two or more people or handling equipment, to avoid causing personal injury or damage of the workpiece possibly.
- · Note that to prevent foreign material and foreign body, causing the slider failure, damage and loss of function.

Lubrication

- · Please remove the anti-rust oil in advance and lubricate it before using.
- Do not mix lubricants with others.
- If you are using oil as lubricant, the oil may not be distributed evenly to the ball groove that depending on the application of the mounting orientation. Please contact *PMI* in such case.
- Moving the carriage back and forth with minimum stroke length of 1 carriages after the carriages been greased. To assure the grease is evenly distributed inside of carriage, the mentioned process should be repeated twice at least.

Using

- The temperature of the place where linear guideways are used should not exceed 80°C. A higher temperature may damage the plastic end cap.
- If the carriage must be removed from the rail or remounted onto the rail, be sure to use the dummy rail.
- · Using under special conditions, such as constant vibration, high dust or the temperature exceed our suggested...etc., please contact PMI.

Storage

· When storing the linear guideway, enclose it in a package and store it in a horizontal orientation while avoiding high temperature, low temperature and high humidity.